COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Prepared by: The Finance Department

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Principal Officials	i
Organization Chart	ii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	iii
Transmittal Letter	iv-ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1-3
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MD&A 1-15
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5-6
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	7-8
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	11

Page(s) **FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)** GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Basic Financial Statements (Continued) Fund Financial Statements (Continued) **Proprietary Funds** Statement of Net Position 12-13 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position 14 Statement of Cash Flows 15-16 **Fiduciary Funds** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position..... 17 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position..... 18 Notes to the Financial Statements 19-70 **Required Supplementary Information** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund..... 71 Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule..... 72 Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund 73 Police Pension Fund 74 Firefighters' Pension Fund 75 Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund 76 Police Pension Fund 77 Firefighters' Pension Fund 78 Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund 79

Firefighters' Pension Fund

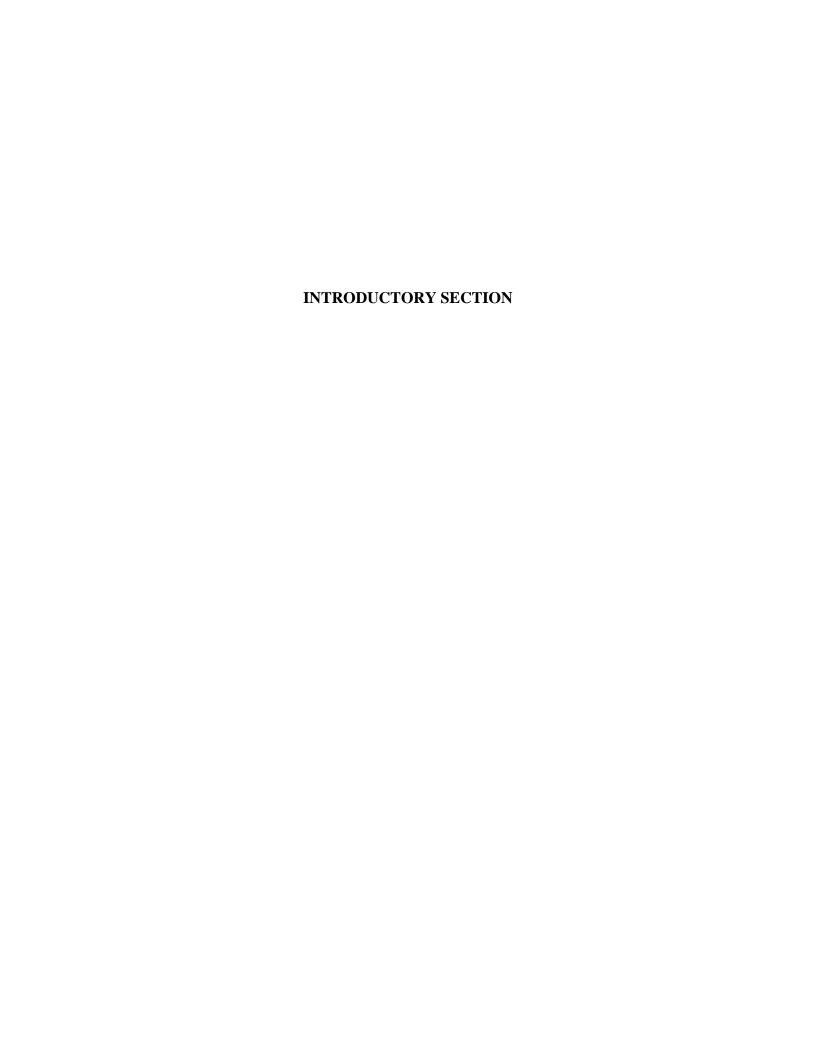
80

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information (Continued)	
Schedule of Funding Progress	
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	81
Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	82
Other I ostemployment Benefit I fair	02
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND	
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
MANOR COMPRIMENTAL FUNDS	
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Detailed Schedules of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund	83-86
Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund	87-94
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service	95
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Combining Balance Sheet	96-98
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	99-101
Fulld Balances	99-101
Special Revenue Funds	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	102
Community Development Block Grant Fund	103
Road and Bridge Fund	104 105-106
Naper Settlement Fund E-911 Surcharge Fund	103-100
Food and Beverage Tax Fund	107
Special Service Area #24 Fund	109
Test Track Fund	110
Drug Forfeiture Fund	111
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Federal Grants Fund	112
Special Service Area #25 Fund	113

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)	
Debt Service Funds Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Service Area #21 Fund Special Service Area #23 Fund Downtown Parking Fund	114 115 116
Capital Projects Funds Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund	117 118
FIDUCIARY FUNDS Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	119 120
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Financial Trends Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	121-122 123-126 127-128 129-130
Revenue Capacity Governmental Funds Tax Revenue by Source Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property -	131
Last Ten Levy Years	132 133 134 135
Sales Taxes by Category - Last Ten Calendar Years Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years	136 137

CITY OF NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) (Continued)	
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	138
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	139
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	140
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin	141
Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years	142-143
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	144
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	145
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent Employees - Last Ten Fiscal Years	146
Operating Indicators - Last Ten Fiscal Years	147
Capital Asset Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	148



Elected and Appointed Officers and Officials

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017

Mayor

Steve Chirico

Council

Becky Anderson Patty Gustin
Rebecca Boyd-Obarski Paul J. Hinterlong
Judith A. Brodhead John Krummen
Kevin Coyne Kevin Gallaher

City Manager

Douglas A. Krieger

Deputy City Manager

Marcie J. Schatz

City ClerkFinance DirectorPamela GallahueRachel Mayer

Chief of Police Fire Chief

Robert W. Marshall Mark J. Puknaitis

Director of Public Works Director of T.E.D. Business Group

Richard E. Dublinski William J. Novack

<u>Director of Public Utilities – Director of Public Utilities – </u>

Electric Water

Mark J. Curran James E. Holzapfel

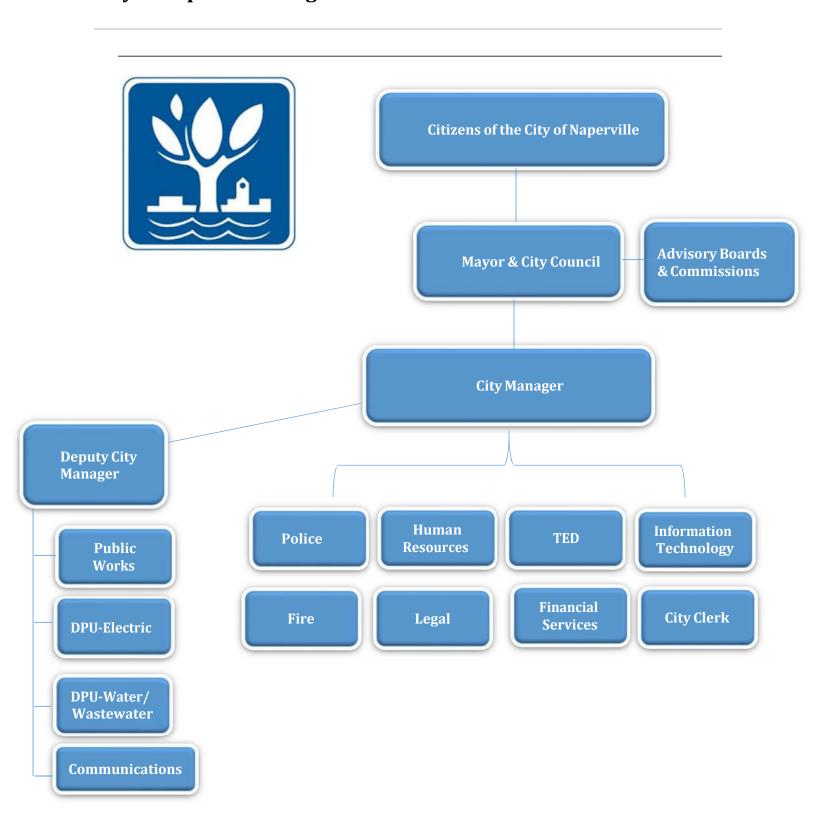
Director of Human Resources City Attorney

James Sheehan Michael DiSanto

Director of IT

Jeff Anderson

City of Naperville - Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Naperville Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



June 21, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Naperville:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Naperville for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. State law and local ordinances require that we publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Naperville. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Naperville has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Naperville's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Naperville's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Naperville's basic financial statements have been audited by Sikich LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, with the goal of providing reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the City of Naperville for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Naperville's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Letter of Transmittal

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Naperville was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal grants. These reports are available in the City of Naperville's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Naperville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Naperville, incorporated in 1857, is located in the northeastern part of the state, which is considered to be the top growth area in the state and one of the top growth areas in the country. The City of Naperville currently occupies a land area of 39.90 square miles and serves a population of 145,789. The City of Naperville is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which has occurred periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1969. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a mayor and eight at-large members. The City Council sets policy for the City, passes resolutions and the annual budget, ordinances. adopts and approves expenditures. Council members have been elected to four-year staggered terms with four council members elected every two years. However, in 2010 Naperville voters approved a referendum to establish a district election system for the selection of City Council members starting in 2015. Three years later, in April of 2013 the voters approved a referendum reversing the 2010 referendum and retaining the existing "at-large" system. With the expectation of a district system to be implemented in 2015, the four candidates elected to City Council on April 9, 2013 were elected to two-year terms. All eight City Council seats were up for election in 2015. The four Council candidates who received the most votes serve four-year terms and the other four served two-year terms. In 2017, the seats of the individuals who served two-year terms were up for election as a four-year term, and all Council terms are again staggered four-year terms with the completion of the 2017 election. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term, and was not impacted in any way by the districting process. Mayor and the Council members are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis.

Letter of Transmittal

The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the directors of the City's departments.

The City includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e. the City of Naperville as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; refuse and recycling services; planning and development review; construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, as well as water, wastewater, and electric utilities.

The utility funds, providing electricity, water, and wastewater services, are reported as enterprise funds of the City. In addition, the Burlington Fund, which is the City's commuter parking fund, is treated as an enterprise fund, due to the business-like nature of its operations. Discretely presented component units are reported as a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that these funds are legally separate from the primary government, and to differentiate their financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows from those of the primary government. The Naperville Public Library is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Naperville's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Naperville are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager, who then uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Council for review, public hearings and adoption before the City's fiscal year end. In September 2015, the City Council approved the transition to a calendar year budget in 2016. This means the budget year now begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of the same year. Previously, the City operated on a fiscal year basis, which began on May 1 and ended on April 30 of the following year. Each year, the budget is prepared by fund, and department (e.g., police, fire, public works, etc.). Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Naperville operates.

For the past 22 years, the City has maintained its AAA bond rating and managed its finances to support a consistently low property tax rate while providing high quality services to the community. As the City becomes more solidified as a maintenance versus growth community, new revenue streams brought in by development have waned. In addition, the City experienced depleted cash reserves and increased reliance on borrowing

Letter of Transmittal

for infrastructure maintenance projects. City Council and City staff have spent significant time exploring and planning how they envision the municipality operating both now and into the future. This exploration culminated in the adoption of a new mission statement and ends policies to support and guide the everyday operations of all City departments. Financial management was a significant component of the new ends policies which led staff to modify the philosophies that surround the budget process and financial state of the City. As part of planning for the future, the City Council established three financial principles as a guideline for long- term financial stability of the community.

In 2016, City Council developed and passed a financial strategy that put the City on a road to long-term financial stability. This strategy is rooted in financial principles that are designed to help accomplish the City's long- term financial goals. The principles were developed beginning in May 2015, and throughout the process members of the community, including residents, businesses, City Council and staff, provided valuable input regarding the City's current state, present opportunities and the impact of potential decisions on the City as a whole. The following three financial principles were formally adopted.

Principle 1

• The City will pass a structurally balanced operating budget annually

Principle 2

• The City commits to continuous improvement in the delivery of necessary and cost- effective services

Principle 3

• The City will actively seek to increase its reserves to twenty- five percent (25%) and reduce its debt by twenty- five percent (25%) in the next eight (8) years.

Principle 1 provides guidance on how City expenditures and revenues will be reviewed in the future. Principle 2 provides guidance on balancing the quality of service provided to the community against the revenues required to provide those services. Principle #3 provides guidance on the appropriate level of debt, the aggressiveness of the City's debt reduction plan and how debt policies shape future property tax levies and the City's AAA bond rating. These principles are meant to guide the City's financial planning and budgeting through the next several years, and all financial decisions will be consistently tested against these principles. These principles have already borne results. For example, when the City issued General Obligation bonds in 2017, the AAA credit rating was reaffirmed by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's, citing strong fiscal management as one of the driving factors.

Aside from internal factors impacting the City's financial state, the City continues to monitor the financial climate at the state and federal level. Balancing internal factors with the general state of the economy are factored into all City financial proposals. City staff continues to monitor the financial trends of the nation, state and region allowing for

Letter of Transmittal

proactive action to any significant changes in the City's financial climate. At the federal level, the City monitors those factors that directly impact Naperville, including changes in healthcare, marketplace fairness initiatives, and other legislation that could have potential impacts on City revenues and expenditures. The State of Illinois continues to be a significant external risk for the City's financial stability. The state has approved several proposals that directly impact the City's revenues. Aside from these proposals, the state's overall financial status impacts Naperville in a number of ways; including the potential for higher borrowing costs, less state support, and fiscal uncertainty regarding economic development. Staff continues to monitor activity at the federal and state level and plans conservatively based on potential financial impacts that could reach the City.

Overall the City has seen positive economic trends including both residential and commercial growth, increased real estate activity, above average employment, and consistent retail sales. These trends for the City's economic condition are encouraging and show Naperville has moved into a stable financial status. However, the City will stay its course of conservative planning so that it may be prepared to react to any financial volatility at the federal, state, or local level.

City staff analyzes its services on a regular basis by looking at comparable communities, evaluating outsourcing, and examining process improvements. In addition, staff evaluates themselves through community engagement and satisfaction survey data. There is a consistent commitment to proactive internal reviews that align with the philosophy of providing improved services at a lower cost. Finally, staff evaluates the appropriateness of the public sector providing a service versus the private sector. This continual analysis provides the ultimate benefit to our residents and community partners.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Naperville for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Letter of Transmittal

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated January 1, 2018. This was the twenty-sixth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

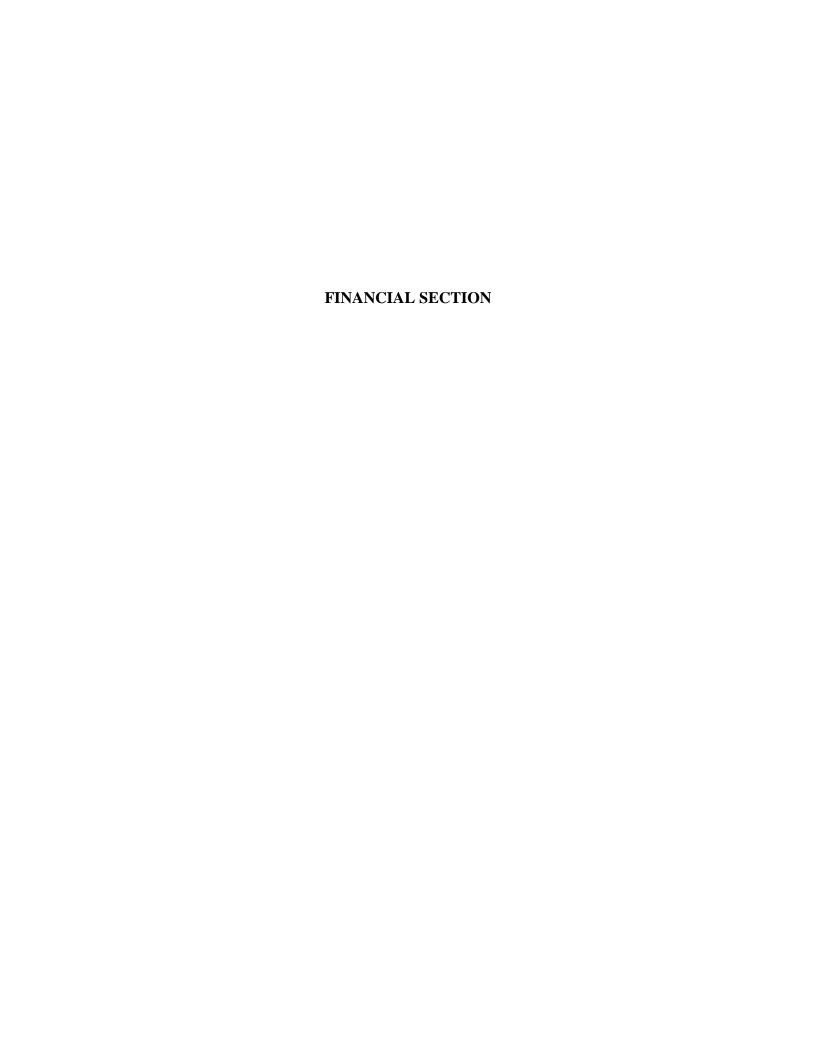
The preparation of these reports would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Naperville's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Douglas A. Krieger

City Manager

Rachel Mayer Finance Director





1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

SIKICH.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Naperville 400 South Eagle Street Naperville, Illinois 60540

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Naperville, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Fund of the City which represents 43%, 44% and 25%, respectively, of the assets, fund balances/net position and revenue/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Firefighters' Pension Fund of the City is based on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The Firefighters' Pension Fund was not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Naperville, Illinois, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We and the other auditors do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit and the audit of other auditors was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 21, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Naperville, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Naperville, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois June 21, 2018



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Naperville's (the City) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address subsequent year's challenges), (d) identify material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current fiscal year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements (beginning on page 4).

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$797.1 million (net position) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.
- The City's total net position increased by \$9.9 million. The governmental net position decreased by \$700 thousand (or less than 1.00%) and the business-type net position increased by \$10.6 million (or 2.40%).
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61.1 million. The General Fund accounted for \$28.4 million or 46.51% of the total.
- The City issued \$6.98 million in bonded debt during the current year and retired \$15.23 million in bonded debt during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The City of Naperville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 4-6) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the Unrestricted Net Position) is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and /or subsidy to various business-type activities and/or the component unit.

The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including public safety, transportation, general government administration, physical environment, culture and recreation. Taxes on property, shared state sales, local utility and shared state income finance the majority of these services. The business-type activities reflect private sector-type operations (Electric, Water and Wastewater, and Burlington Commuter Parking), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate unit, Naperville Public Library for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 21 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 19 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and most governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been disclosed to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Electric Utility, Water and Wastewater Utility and Burlington Parking operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to account for its self-insurance activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, they have been allocated to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric Utility, Water and Wastewater Utility and Burlington Commuter Parking operations. The Electric Utility Fund and the Water and Wastewater Utility both are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-16 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-70 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the budgetary comparison to actual for the General Fund, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 71-82 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$797 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. By far the largest portion of the City's net position (\$828 million) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructures, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$18 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (deficit \$49 million) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table presents a condensed summary of Net Position as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	Net Position (in Millions)							
	Governmental			Busines	s-type			
		Activit	ties	Activ	ities	Total		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and Other Assets	\$	113	106	55	43	168	149	
Capital Assets		511	524	477	486	988	1,010	
Total Assets		624	630	532	529	1,156	1,159	
Deferred Outflows		18	29	5	6	23	35	
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows		642	659	537	535	1,179	1,194	
Long-Term Liabilities		196	231	47	63	243	294	
Other Liabilities		32	32	29	30	61	62	
Total Liabilities		228	263	76	93	304	356	
Deferred Inflows		68	50	10	1	78	51	
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		296	313	86	94	382	407	
Net Postion								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		412	425	416	422	828	847	
Restricted		18	8	-	_	18	8	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(84)	(87)	35	19	(49)	(68)	
Total Net Position		346	346	451	441	797	787	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Normal Impacts

There are five basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

Net Results of Activities – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change net investment in capital assets.

Principal Payment on Debt –which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City reported positive balances in two of the three categories of net position for the governmental activities. For business-type activities, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position. The deficit net position for the governmental activities of \$84 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is the result of the net pension liabilities and related activity for the City's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund.

During the current fiscal year, total unrestricted net position increased by \$19 million. The governmental unrestricted net position increased by \$3 million and the business-type unrestricted net position increased by \$16 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents a condensed summary of Changes in Net Position as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2015:

	Change in Net Position (in Millions)						
	Govern	mental	Business	s-Type			
	Activ	rities	Activ	ities	Tot	al	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services \$	26	24	213	208	239	232	
Operating Grants/Contributions	2	7	_	_	2	7	
Capital Grants/Contributions	4	4	6	5	10	9	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	34	33	_	_	34	33	
Other Taxes	94	84	_	_	94	84	
Other General Revenues	1	4	3	3	4	7	
Total Revenues	161	156	222	216	383	372	
Expenses							
General Government	15	15	_	_	15	15	
Plysical Environment	11	10	_	_	11	10	
Public Safety	75	78	_	_	75	78	
Transportation	49	38	_	_	49	38	
Culture and Recreation	8	7	_	_	8	7	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3	4	_	_	3	4	
Electric	_	_	150	151	150	151	
Water and Wastewater	_	_	61	57	61	57	
Burlington Commuter Parking	_	_	1	2	1	2	
Total Expenses	161	152	212	210	373	362	
<u> </u>							
Change in Net Position							
Before Transfers	-	4	10	6	10	10	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Change in Net Position	-	4	10	6	10	10	
Net Position	346	342	441	435	787	777	
Net Position - Ending	346	346	451	441	797	787	
— —	JTU	J-10	-T.J.1	-171	171	707	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Normal Impacts

Revenues

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, income, utility tax revenues as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in the City Approved Rates – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (electric, water/wastewater, impact fees, building fees, ambulance fees, etc.)

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue – (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenue (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparison.

Market Impact on Investment Income – the City's investment portfolio is managed utilizing investments of various maturities. Changes in market conditions will cause investment income to fluctuate due to the related appreciation or depreciation of these assets.

Expenses

Changes in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the City to increase/decrease authorized staffing.

Salary Increase (annual adjustments and merit) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity-specific increases. (e.g., fuel prices)

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$700 thousand.

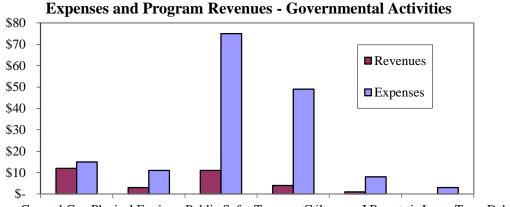
Revenue

Total revenues from governmental activities increased by \$5 million from the prior year, which is due predominantly to the rebounding of certain state shared revenues, including sales tax and income tax. Also, the City reported a \$2 million increase in charges for services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

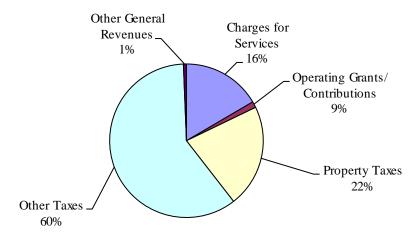
Expenses

Total expenses increased by \$9 million or 5.92% to \$161 million, with the increase predominantly coming from the transportation function due to road maintenance projects that are not capitalized. The transportation function expenses increased \$11 million, which was offset by a decrease in public safety expenses of \$3 million.



General Governmentalic SafetyTransport@tilture and incressationLong-Term Debt

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

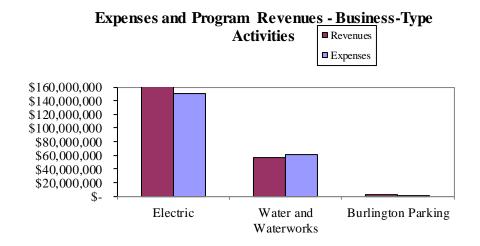
Business-type activities. The net position for business-type activities increased by \$10.6 million.

Revenue

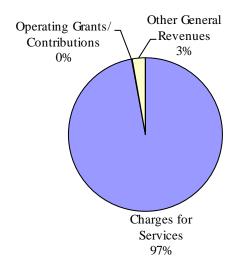
Overall revenues from business type activities increased \$6 million or 2.78% from the prior year with the majority of the increase coming from charges for services.

Expenses

Total expenses increased \$2 million (or less than 1.00%). Electric and Burlington Commuter Parking both reported a \$1 million decrease in expenses, while the water and wastewater function reported a \$4 million increase in expenses



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds, which includes the General Fund and 20 other funds, is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61.1 million, an increase of \$6.3 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$27.9 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, the remainder of fund balance is for a variety of restricted, committed and assigned purposes and is not available for new spending.

The following schedule presents the governmental funds summary of revenues for the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

			_		Amount of	_
			Percent of		Increase	Increase
	12	2/31/2017	Total	12/31/2016	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
			(Amounts E	Expressed in T	housands)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	64,990	40.54%	62,981	2,009	3.19%
Intergovernmental		64,462	40.21%	64,630	(168)	-0.26%
Charges for Services		21,290	13.28%	18,741	2,549	13.60%
Net Investment Income		338	0.21%	(125)	463	370.40%
Fees		3,423	2.14%	3,247	176	5.42%
Licenses and Permits		3,006	1.88%	2,686	320	11.91%
Fines and Forfeits		1,473	0.92%	1,658	(185)	-11.16%
Contributions and Miscellaneous		1,312	0.82%	1,011	301	29.77%
Total Revenues		160,294	100.00%	154,829	5,465	3.53%

The largest dollar value in revenues came from taxes. Taxes include such items as utility tax, property tax (including pensions), hotel/motel tax, real estate transfer tax and food and beverage tax. Naperville's economic recovery has been visible since FY 2012 in all areas of tax receipts. Investment income reported a very positive result for the year, increasing \$463 thousand, also an indicator of the rebound in the markets.

The main components of intergovernmental revenues are retail sales tax and income tax, as well as governmental grants. The City strives to obtain grant funding for eligible capital projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	_	12/31/17	Percent of total	12/31/16	_	Amount of increase (decrease)	Percent of increase (decrease)
Expenditures:			(Amoun	its expressed in	tho	usands)	
Current:							
Public safety	\$	73,845	45.77% \$	72,028	\$	1,817	2.52%
Transportation/ Physical Environment		34,690	21.50%	36,384		(1,694)	-4.66%
Culture and recreation		7,302	4.53%	6,652		650	9.77%
General government		12,482	7.74%	12,091		391	3.23%
Debt service:							
Principal		10,654	6.60%	6,920		3,734	53.96%
Interest, fees and issuance costs		3,306	2.05%	3,811		(505)	-13.25%
Capital outlay	_	19,060	11.82%	21,896	_	(2,836)	-12.95%
Total for all functions	\$	161,339	100.01%	159,782	\$	1,557	0.97%

Expenditures increased less than 1.00% from the prior fiscal year, due to overall cost controlling measures throughout the year.

The City Council is committed to maintaining the City's infrastructure. Major capital projects during the reporting period included: continued Water Street District development, storm sewer lining, roadway, and bridge and parking lot maintenance.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Electric Utility – The Electric Utility recorded a net income before capital fees of \$9.2 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, compared to a \$4.9 million net income for the prior year.

On April 1, 2014, City Council passed Ordinance 14-030 to increase electric rates by 6% to all customers on May 1, 2014 and 7% on May 1, 2015. The City conducted a rate study in early FY16 for the three-year period beginning January 1, 2016. City Council approved annual rate increases of 8.3%, 2.4%, 2.4% beginning in 2016, and each subsequent January 1st for two years.

Kilowatt hour sales decreased by 75 million (or 5.37%) from 2016 to 2017. Purchased power expense for the twelve months ended December 31, 2017 is 80.56% of operating expense and fluctuates based on heating degree days, cooling degree days, rate for purchased electricity, and demand charges.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Water/Wastewater Utility – The Water/Wastewater Utility recorded a net loss before capital fees of \$5.8 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, which is the same net loss for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The City completed a Water and Wastewater rate study during 2011 and as a result, the water and wastewater rate increases were implemented in January 2012 and January 2013. City Council voted to hold rates steady for January 2014 and January 2015 except for the wholesale water charges passed on to customers. It is important to note that Water Utility planned for net losses in FY2014, FY2015, FY2016; and FY2017 due to front loading the rate increase.

Retail water rates, passed through from the DuPage Water Commission to the City's customers, decreased 1.9% on May 1, 2015 for both residential and commercial customers compared to the prior period. On May 1, 2015, the water charge to customers decreased to \$3.63 per 100 CCF from \$3.70 per CCF. Other water charges for services and wastewater charges for services remained flat compared to the prior period. Overall, the City experienced an increase in gallons sold compared to 2016. Total gallons sold within the City increased in each of the previous four years.

Purchased water expense for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is 53.31% of operating expense and fluctuates based on rainfall and the wholesale water rate set by the Du Page Water Commission. The purchased water rate (per 1000 gallons) decreased May 2016 to \$4.80 (from \$4.85) and increased May 2017 to \$4.88.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017, amounts to \$988 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, infrastructure, and IMEA participation right and other intangible assets. The City's investment in capital assets remained virtually unchanged from the prior year due to current year additions being offset by depreciation expense for the year.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation (in Millions)						
_	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type			
_	Acti	vities	Activi	ities	Tot	al	
_	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land and land improvements	\$ 187	187	18	14	205	201	
Buliding and building improvements	93	96	5	4	98	100	
Machinery and equipment	12	11	3	3	15	14	
Infrastructure	201	215	415	437	616	652	
IMEA participation right	-	-	13	10	13	10	
Construction in progress	18	15	23	24	41	39	
				400	000	1015	
Total _	511	524	477	492	988	1,016	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Debt Administration

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City had a total of \$146.3 million of outstanding debt. These issues were all general obligation bonds. The City maintained its AAA rating on general obligation bond issues from both Standard and Poor's Rating Group and Moody's Investors Service.

Data as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Ratio of				
	Bonded Debt Bon				
	to Assessed Del				Debt Per
		Amount	Valuation		Capita
General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$	146,255,000	2.19%	\$	1,003

Long-Term Debt Outstanding (in Thousands) Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total 2017 2017 2017 2016 2016 2016 General Obligation Bonds 100,268 103,943 45,986 50,557 146,254 154,500

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The City implemented Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions) effective May 1, 2008. The total actuarial accrued liability is \$10.6 million. In FY 2017 the City contributed \$540,649 towards the liability. For additional information please refer to Note 10 in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The following three financial principles guide the City's budgetary process and financial management: 1) The City will pass a structurally balanced operating budget annually; 2) The City commits to continuous improvement in the delivery of necessary and cost-effective services; and 3) The City will actively seek to increase its services to twenty-five percent and reduce its debt by twenty-five percent in the next eight years.
- For the month of December 2017, the unemployment rate for the City was 5.0%. This is in-line with the state unemployment rate of 4.9% and slightly above the national unemployment rate of 4.1%.
- The number of total building permits dropped to just under 4,000 in calendar 2009 due to the recession. However, building activity appears to be recovering. There were 8,637 permits issued in 2017, which is up by 757 permits compared to 2016's total of 7,880 permits.
- Retail sales tax revenues continue to perform at a consistent rate and totaled \$36.9 million for the fiscal year.
- The City is continuing to see increased activity in the real estate market; the City saw a 3% increase in residential, commercial and land sales from 2016 to 2017, with approximately 3,254 total real estate sales.
- Public safety pensions continue to place a significant burden on the City's finances. In 2016, public safety pension contributions totaled \$11.7 million, and \$12.8 million in 2017. This is a 9.4% increase from 2016, and these figures are expected to increase on an annual basis.
- With the challenges at the state level, the City is closely monitoring state shared revenues including, Income Tax
 revenues and Motor Fuel Tax revenues to determine the impact changes in these revenue streams will have on
 municipalities.
- On May 1, 2017 the City increased the garbage fee to residents per the solid waste contract with Waste Management.
- In January 2016, the City implemented a Home Rule Sales Tax of .5% to offset debt and increase reserves. In the calendar year 2017, the City received \$9.1 million.
- The City Council is committed to maintain a low property tax rate; the 2016 tax levy rate for the City is \$0.7004, which is the lowest rate compared to neighboring communities and the lowest it's been in the last 10 years.
- Starting June 2011, the City began purchasing all of its wholesale power through 2035 from the Illinois Municipal Electric Agency. A membership in the IMEA allows the City to take advantage of the economies of scale provided by this large buying group and to stabilize electric rates to its residents and businesses for years to come.
- As part of the rate structure implemented in 2016, the Electric Utility included a rolling six-month purchased power adjustment (PPA) to better match the cost of purchased power with the rates charged to customers on a monthly basis. The result of the PPA was an additional \$878,000 in revenue.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget and financial plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Naperville's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 400 South Eagle Street, Naperville, Illinois 60540.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	ъ	rimary Governme	un f	Component
	Governmental	Business-Type	:IIt	Naperville
	Activities	Activities	Total	Public Library
				-
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 60,446,630	\$ 24,074,649	\$ 84,521,279	\$ 1,041,168
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectable)	37,881,476	28,733,267	66,614,743	14,585,572
Due from other governments	13,245,800	192,807	13,438,607	110,140
Internal balances	804,281	(804,281)		-
Inventories	1,346	3,715,021	3,716,367	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation)				
Capital assets not depreciated	200,818,627	39,804,613	240,623,240	-
Capital assets depreciated, net	311,280,068	423,790,174	735,070,242	11,688,528
IMEA participation right	-	12,698,683	12,698,683	
Total assets	624,478,228	532,204,933	1,156,683,161	27,425,408
DEFENDED OVER OWG OF DEGOVIDERS				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5 450 453	2.056.412	0.615.011	1 600 540
Deferred items - IMRF	5,659,472	3,956,442	9,615,914	1,688,549
Deferred items - Police Pension	3,326,442	-	3,326,442	-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	5,829,316	-	5,829,316	-
Unamortized refunding loss	2,886,313	1,223,933	4,110,246	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,701,543	5,180,375	22,881,918	1,688,549
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	642,179,771	537,385,308	1,179,565,079	29,113,957
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other				
current liabilities	12,345,753	22,014,084	34,359,837	756,657
Accrued interest payable	260,797	143,772	404,569	750,057
Due to other governments	388,826	817,261	1,206,087	_
Due to fiduciary funds	1,139,514	-	1,139,514	_
Unearned revenue	3,145,124	10,626	3,155,750	_
Long-term liabilities	3,143,124	10,020	3,133,730	
Due within one year	14,861,776	6,108,427	20,970,203	407,674
Due in more than one year	196,242,314	46,530,511	242,772,825	1,190,819
Total liabilities	228,384,104	75,624,681	304,008,785	2,355,150
		, ,	, ,	_,,,,,,,,,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred items - IMRF	14,825,596	10,364,324	25,189,920	4,423,337
Deferred items - Police Pension	12,429,899	-	12,429,899	-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	8,811,622	-	8,811,622	
Deferred property taxes revenues	32,060,967	=	32,060,967	14,583,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	68,128,084	10,364,324	78,492,408	19,006,337
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	296,512,188	85,989,005	382,501,193	21,361,487
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	411,982,476	416,692,268	828,674,744	11,688,528
Restricted for	.11,502,170	.10,0>2,200	020,071,711	11,000,020
Debt service	3,605,400	_	3,605,400	_
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	1,382,937	_	1,382,937	_
Public safety	2,097,161	_	2,097,161	-
Capital projects	8,521,562	-	8,521,562	=
Culture and recreation	1,693,651	<u>-</u>	1,693,651	10,554
Unrestricted	(83,615,604)	34,704,035	(48,911,569)	(3,946,612)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 345,667,583	\$ 451,396,303	\$ 797,063,886	\$ 7,752,470

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital	
		(Charges for		rants and	Grants and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	 Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 15,249,911	\$	12,252,250	\$	-	\$	-	
Physical environment	10,376,296		2,401,432		968,176		-	
Public safety	74,934,312		10,448,215		898,954		-	
Culture and recreation	8,366,361		537,984		-		-	
Transportation	48,964,200		128,664		361,034		3,679,434	
Interest on long-term debt	 3,122,449		-		-			
Total governmental activities	 161,013,529		25,768,545		2,228,164		3,679,434	
Business-Type Activities								
Electric	150,148,371		157,317,048		-		4,070,120	
Water and wastewater	60,591,482		53,627,047		306,676		1,978,404	
Burlington commuter parking	 1,423,228		2,527,694		-			
Total business-type activities	 212,163,081		213,471,789		306,676		6,048,524	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 373,176,610	\$	239,240,334	\$	2,534,840	\$	9,727,958	
COMPONENT UNIT								
Naperville Public Library	\$ 16,112,801	\$	435,931	\$	140,316	\$	-	

	Net (Exp	et Position			
		rimary Governme		Component	
	Governmental	Business-Type		Naperville	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Public Library	
				<u> </u>	
	\$ (2,997,661)	\$ -	\$ (2,997,661)	\$ -	
	(7,006,688)	-	(7,006,688)	-	
	(63,587,143)	_	(63,587,143)	-	
	(7,828,377)	_	(7,828,377)	_	
	(44,795,068)	_	(44,795,068)	_	
	(3,122,449)	_	(3,122,449)	_	
	(0,122,112)		(8,122,112)		
	(129,337,386)	-	(129,337,386)		
	-	11,238,797	11,238,797	-	
	-	(4,679,355)	(4,679,355)	-	
		1,104,466	1,104,466		
		7,663,908	7,663,908		
	(129,337,386)	7,663,908	(121,673,478)		
		· · ·		_	
		<u>-</u>	-	(15,536,554)	
General Revenues					
Property taxes	34,129,103	-	34,129,103	14,081,203	
Utility taxes	15,398,673	_	15,398,673	-	
Other taxes	15,461,701	_	15,461,701	135,171	
Franchise fees	3,423,069	_	3,423,069	-	
Intergovernmental - unrestricted	, ,		, ,		
Sales taxes	46,081,944	-	46,081,944	-	
Income taxes	13,029,080	_	13,029,080	_	
Net investment income	355,195	579,788	934,983	(32,322)	
Miscellaneous	756,345	2,350,631	3,106,976	115,182	
Total	128,635,110	2,930,419	131,565,529	14,299,234	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(702,276)	10,594,327	9,892,051	(1,237,320)	
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	346,369,859	440,801,976	787,171,835	8,847,255	
	5-0,507,037	770,001,770	707,171,033		
Prior period adjustment		-	-	142,535	
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1, RESTATED	346,369,859	440,801,976	787,171,835	8,989,790	
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 345,667,583	\$ 451,396,303	\$ 797,063,886	\$ 7,752,470	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General		Debt		
	 Fund	Se	ervice Fund	Nonmajor	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 23,356,403	\$	1,061,740	\$ 33,213,929	\$ 57,632,072
Receivables					
Property taxes	18,823,569		8,710,670	4,526,728	32,060,967
Accrued interest	51,354		(80,684)	77,938	48,608
Accounts receivable	4,208,353		-	952,604	5,160,957
Customers					
Unbilled, estimated	698,404		-	-	698,404
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(127,412)		-	-	(127,412)
Loans and installments	6,729		-	30,393	37,122
Due from other funds	869,983		-	-	869,983
Advances to other funds	521,153		-	-	521,153
Due from other governments	9,782,241		2,169,819	1,293,740	13,245,800
Inventory	 1,346		-	-	1,346
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 58,192,123	\$	11,861,545	\$ 40,095,332	\$ 110,149,000

BALANCE SHEET (Continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 General Fund	Debt Service F	ınd	Nonmajor	Total
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,114,681	\$	-	\$ 1,816,236	\$ 5,930,917
Accrued wages and benefits	3,131,285		-	154,635	3,285,920
Due to other governmental agencies	265,137		-	123,689	388,826
Due to fiduciary funds	1,011,094		-	128,420	1,139,514
Due to other funds	_		_	65,702	65,702
Advances from other funds	_		_	521,153	521,153
Deposits	2,321,277		_	-	2,321,277
Contract retainage payable	_		_	200,300	200,300
Unearned grant revenues and others	 112,000		-	3,033,124	3,145,124
Total liabilities	 10,955,474		-	6,043,259	16,998,733
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 18,823,569	8,710	,670	4,526,728	32,060,967
Total deferred inflows of resources	 18,823,569	8,710	,670	4,526,728	32,060,967
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 29,779,043	8,710	,670	10,569,987	49,059,700
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Inventory	1,346		_	_	1,346
Loans	6,729		_	_	6,729
Advances	521,153		_	_	521,153
Restricted for	,				,
Debt service	_		_	3,866,197	3,866,197
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	_		_	1,382,937	1,382,937
Public safety	_		_	2,097,161	2,097,161
Capital projects	_		_	10,866,557	10,866,557
Culture and recreation	_		_	1,693,651	1,693,651
Committed to				-,0,0,0	-,-,-,
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	_		_	858,121	858,121
Assigned to				000,-=-	
Debt service	_	3,150	875	_	3,150,875
Capital projects	_	5,150	-	9,303,837	9,303,837
Unassigned	 27,883,852		-	(543,116)	27,340,736
Total fund balances	 28,413,080	3,150	,875	29,525,345	61,089,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 58,192,123	\$ 11,861	,545	\$ 40,095,332	\$ 110,149,000

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 61,089,300
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (See Note 4)		512,098,695
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not		
reported in the funds.		
Deferred items - IMRF	\$ (9,166,124)	
Deferred items - Police Pension	(9,103,457)	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	(2,982,306)	
		(21,251,887)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is		
not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an		
expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term		
are reported in the statement of net position.		
Accrued interest payable		(260,797)
Deferred loss on refunding		2,886,313
Net pension liability		
IMRF	(3,398,821)	
Police Pension	(41,533,464)	
Firefighters' Pension	(48,141,991)	
Compensated absences	(8,325,914)	
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	(2,405,340)	
General obligation debt	(105,347,527)	
Total long-term liabilities (See Note 6)		(209,153,057)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in		
the statement of net position.	-	259,016
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 345,667,583

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Debt		
	Fund	Service Fund	Nonmajor	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 20,890,668	\$ 8,620,843	\$ 4,617,592	\$ 34,129,103
Utility tax	15,398,673	\$ 6,020,643	\$ 4,017,392	15,398,673
Other taxes	7,468,764	-	7,992,937	15,461,701
		-		3,005,856
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits	2,943,444	-	62,412 53,545	
Net investment income	1,419,028	(122.755)		1,472,573
	134,196	(132,755)	336,917	338,358
Contributions	-	4 2 47 400	556,488	556,488
Intergovernmental	50,461,179	4,247,489	9,753,466	64,462,134
Charges for services	18,650,839	-	2,639,277	21,290,116
Fees	3,423,069	-	-	3,423,069
Miscellaneous revenues	424,525	-	331,820	756,345
Total revenues	121,214,385	12,735,577	26,344,454	160,294,416
EWDENDIELDEG				
EXPENDITURES				
Current	12 475 290		6.616	12 492 005
General government	12,475,389	-	6,616	12,482,005
Physical environment	7,849,786	-	397,352	8,247,138
Public safety	71,651,890	-	2,193,422	73,845,312
Culture and recreation	65,097	-	7,236,684	7,301,781
Transportation	23,842,074	-	2,601,109	26,443,183
Capital outlay	-	-	19,059,612	19,059,612
Debt service				
Principal	-	10,155,746	498,338	10,654,084
Interest and fees		3,199,330	106,645	3,305,975
Total expenditures	115,884,236	13,355,076	32,099,778	161,339,090
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	5,330,149	(619,499)	(5,755,324)	(1,044,674)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	783,664	3,810,100	4,593,764
Transfers (out)	(3,775,000)	-	(818,764)	(4,593,764)
Sale of property	-	-	221,162	221,162
New bonds issued, at par	-	-	6,980,000	6,980,000
Premium on new bonds issued		-	179,109	179,109
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,775,000)	783,664	10,371,607	7,380,271
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,555,149	164,165	4,616,283	6,335,597
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	26,857,931	2,986,710	24,909,062	54,753,703
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 28,413,080	\$ 3,150,875	\$ 29,525,345	\$ 61,089,300

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	Ç	\$ 6,335,597
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	`	, 0,555,657
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 9,731,131	
Disposals	-	
Depreciation (See Note 4)	(21,291,585)	(11.550.454)
		(11,560,454)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported		
in the funds.		
Change in deferred items - IMRF	(13,993,817)	
Change in deferred items - Police Pension	(6,389,359)	
Change in deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	(10,409,154)	
		(30,792,330)
The immediate terms debt (control leave) and decomposite and describe		
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bond, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental		
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar		
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and		
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal repayments - G.O. bonds, SSA bonds, and notes payable	10,654,084	
New bond proceeds, principal	(6,980,000)	
Change in unamortized premium	243,022	
Change in loss on refunding	(249,181)	
		3,667,925
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		
Decrease in net pension liability		
IMRF	13,429,805	
Police Pension	8,531,728	
Firefighters' Pension	9,168,195	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	10,576	
Decrease in compensated absences (See Note 6)	603,978	
Increase in other post employment benefit obligation (See Note 6)	(323,605)	
		31,420,677
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
information technology, fleet services, vehicle replacement and		
self-insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities		
of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		226,309
	_	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	=	\$ (702,276)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

					Governmental Activities - Internal
	Busi	ness-Type Activit	ies - Enterprise F	unds	Service
	Electric	Water and	Other		Self-
	Utility	Wastewater	Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 16,898,469	\$ 3,460,160	\$ 3,716,020	\$ 24,074,649	\$ 2,814,558
Receivables					
Accrued interest	41,003	8,481	8,803	58,287	5,552
Customers					
Billed	8,251,566	3,212,664	28,273	11,492,503	(2,722)
Unbilled, estimated	12,108,040	3,580,000	-	15,688,040	-
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(323,830)	(84,275)	(5,706)	(413,811)	-
Installments receivable	1,536,128	-	-	1,536,128	-
Due from other governments	-	192,807	-	192,807	-
Other receivables	263,481	108,639	-	372,120	-
Inventory	2,685,969	1,029,052	-	3,715,021	
Total current assets	41,460,826	11,507,528	3,747,390	56,715,744	2,817,388
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Advances to other fund		8,301,140	-	8,301,140	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					
Capital assets not depreciated	10,696,478	18,182,304	10,925,831	39,804,613	_
Capital assets hot depreciated Capital assets depreciated, net	215,638,410	206,261,147	1,890,617	423,790,174	
Net capital assets	226,334,888	224,443,451	12,816,448	463,594,787	-
					_
Intangible assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	40.00.00			40.000.00	
IMEA participation right	12,698,683	-	-	12,698,683	
Total assets	280,494,397	244,252,119	16,563,838	541,310,354	2,817,388
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Items - IMRF	2,290,249	1,666,193	-	3,956,442	-
Unamortized refunding loss	826,358	397,575	-	1,223,933	
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,116,607	2,063,768	-	5,180,375	<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	283,611,004	246,315,887	16,563,838	546,490,729	2,817,388

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Ruci	nacc	-Type Activit	tios -	. Entarpr i ca I	· · · ·	de	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal Service
		Electric		Water and	iics -	Other	um	us		Self-
		Utility		Vastewater	1	Enterprise			т	nsurance
		Fund		Itility Fund	,	Fund		Total		Fund
		runu		tinty Fund		Fund		Total		runu
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	10,506,978	\$	4,183,776	\$	107,641	\$	14,798,395	\$	600,850
Accrued wages and benefits payable		600,410		426,627		20,798		1,047,835		6,489
Accrued interest payable		65,867		77,905		-		143,772		_
Compensated absences - current portion		629,591		416,688		_		1,046,279		_
Deposits		6,002,551		143,863		440		6,146,854		_
Contract retainage payable		-		21,000		-		21,000		_
Claims and judgments		_		-		_		-		338,064
Due to other government		817,261		_		_		817,261		-
Due to other funds		-		804,281		_		804,281		_
Unearned revenue		_		-		10.626		10,626		_
General obligation bonds payable - current portion		3,121,250		1,940,898		-		5,062,148		_
General congation conds payable current portion	-	3,121,230		1,710,070				2,002,110		
Total current liabilities		21,743,908		8,015,038		139,505		29,898,451		945,403
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES										
Advances from other fund		8,301,140		-		_		8,301,140		_
General obligation bonds payable		21,642,606		21,421,698		_		43,064,304		_
Net pension liability - IMRF		1,375,419		1,000,640		-		2,376,059		-
Compensated absences		643,572		216,718		_		860,290		_
Claims and judgments		-		-		_		_		1,612,969
Other postemployment benefits obligation		121,405		108,453		_		229,858		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		32,084,142		22,747,509		-		54,831,651		1,612,969
Total liabilities		53,828,050		30,762,547		139,505		84,730,102		2,558,372
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred items - IMRF		5,999,553		4,364,771		-		10,364,324		-
	-									
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,999,553		4,364,771		-		10,364,324		<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred										
inflows of resources		59,827,603		35,127,318		139,505		95,094,426		2,558,372
innows of resources		37,027,003		33,127,310		137,303		75,074,420		2,330,372
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		202,397,390		201,478,430		12,816,448		416,692,268		_
Unrestricted	•	21,386,011		9,710,139		3,607,885		34,704,035		259,016
-	-	, ,		,, .,		, ,		, ,		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$:	223,783,401	\$	211,188,569	\$	16,424,333	\$	451,396,303	\$	259,016

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

					Governmental Activities - Internal
	Busine	ess-Type Activiti		unds	Service
	Electric Utility Fund	Water and Wastewater Utility Fund	Other Enterprise Fund	Total	Self- Insurance Fund
	<u> </u>	ethity Fund	Funu	Total	runu
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 157,317,048	\$ 53,627,047	\$ 2,526,596	\$ 213,470,691	\$ 19,132,715
Miscellaneous	1,816,816	533,815	-	2,350,631	-
Total operating revenues	159,133,864	54,160,862	2,526,596	215,821,322	19,132,715
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased power	109,005,955	-	-	109,005,955	-
Purchased water	-	26,444,100	-	26,444,100	-
Operations	5,813,862	12,334,413	1,214,742	19,363,017	-
Distribution	6,567,000	3,815,778	-	10,382,778	-
Other operating expenses	13,418,665	7,007,596	-	20,426,261	18,923,243
Total operating expenses	134,805,482	49,601,887	1,214,742	185,622,111	18,923,243
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE					
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	24,328,382	4,558,975	1,311,854	30,199,211	209,472
Depreciation and amortization	(14,253,884)	(10,019,415)	(208,486)	(24,481,785)	-
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	10,074,498	(5,460,440)	1,103,368	5,717,426	209,472
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Net investment income	166,432	359,345	54,011	579,788	16,837
Operating grant/intergovernmental	-	306,676	-	306,676	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	-	1,098	1,098	-
Interest expense	(1,089,005)	(970,180)	-	(2,059,185)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(922,573)	(304,159)	55,109	(1,171,623)	16,837
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CAPITAL FEES	9,151,925	(5,764,599)	1,158,477	4,545,803	226,309
CAPITAL FEES	4,070,120	1,978,404	-	6,048,524	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	13,222,045	(3,786,195)	1,158,477	10,594,327	226,309
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	210,561,356	214,974,764	15,265,856	440,801,976	32,707
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 223,783,401	\$ 211,188,569	\$ 16,424,333	\$ 451,396,303	\$ 259,016

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Rusir	ness-Type Activit	ies - Enternrise I	onds.	Governmental Activities - Internal Service
	Electric	Water and	Other	unus	Self-
	Utility	Wastewater	Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
	runu	Ctility Fullu	runu	Total	runu
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 160,738,743	\$ 55,261,265	\$ 2,504,029	\$ 218,504,037	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	Ψ 100,750,715	Ψ 33,201,203	Ψ 2,301,02>	Ψ 210,501,057	19,936,406
Payments to suppliers	(121,249,637)	(39,418,474)	(774,342)	(161,442,453)	(18,833,242)
Payments to employees	(15,172,183)	(11,113,545)	(546,713)	(26,832,441)	(188,469)
r dyments to employees	(13,172,103)	(11,113,543)	(540,715)	(20,032,441)	(100,40))
Net cash from operating activities	24,316,923	4,729,246	1,182,974	30,229,143	914,695
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating grant	_	435,637	_	435,637	_
Advances to other fund	(2,570,490)		_	(2,570,490)	_
Advances from other fund	(2,370,470)	2,570,490		2,570,490	_
Due to General Fund	(5,710,794)	2,370,470	_	(5,710,794)	_
Due to General Pullu	(3,710,794)			(3,710,794)	
Net cash from noncapital					
financing activities	(8,281,284)	3,006,127	-	(5,275,157)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of capital assets	(7,729,630)	(3,516,004)	(4,056,368)	(15,302,002)	_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(7,725,000)	(5,515,551)	1,098	1,098	_
Payments of bond principal	(2,702,519)	(1,868,398)	-	(4,570,917)	_
Payment of bond interest	(1,195,530)	(983,970)	_	(2,179,500)	_
1 ayment of bond interest	(1,175,550)	(703,770)		(2,177,300)	
Net cash from capital and related					
financing activities	(11,627,679)	(6,368,372)	(4,055,270)	(22,051,321)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net interest received	152,459	355,174	59,041	566,674	16,170
Net cash from investing activities	152,459	355,174	59,041	566,674	16,170
		,-,-	,,,,,,	,-,-	,- / 0
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,560,419	1,722,175	(2,813,255)	3,469,339	930,865
			. ۔۔ ۔۔ ہ		4.0
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	12,338,050	1,737,985	6,529,275	20,605,310	1,883,693
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 16,898,469	\$ 3,460,160	\$ 3,716,020	\$ 24,074,649	\$ 2,814,558

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Busin Electric Utility	1	-Type Activitio Water and Vastewater	Enterprise Fur Other Enterprise	nds		F	vernmental Activities - Internal Service Self- Insurance
	 Fund	τ	tility Fund	Fund		Total		Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 10,074,498	\$	(5,460,440)	\$ 1,103,368 \$		5,717,426	\$	209,472
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities								
Other non-operating revenues	4,070,120		1,978,404	-		6,048,524		-
Depreciation and amortization expense	14,253,884		10,019,415	208,486	2	24,481,785		-
(Increase) decrease in current assets	(2,465,676)		(879,797)	(22,567)	((3,368,040)		803,691
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities	(1,615,903)		(928,336)	(106,313)	((2,650,552)		(98,468)
Total adjustments	 14,242,425		10,189,686	79,606	2	24,511,717		705,223
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 24,316,923	\$	4,729,246	\$ 1,182,974 \$	3	30,229,143	\$	914,695

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments	\$	6,409,539
Deschalte		
Receivables		1 100 007
Interest receivable		1,109,897
Total receivables		1,109,897
Investments at fair value		
U.S. Treasury obligations	4	12,965,017
U.S. Government agencies	2	21,665,398
Municipal bonds		549,616
Corporate bonds	2	10,679,805
Annuities		28,610,063
Common stock	2	10,735,393
Mutual funds	1.5	55,321,470
Asset-backed securities		8,720,752
Negotiable certificates of deposit		527,817
Total investments	33	39,775,331
Due from municipality		1,139,514
Prepaid items		12,965
Total assets	34	18,447,246
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		66,410
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 34	18,380,836

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 14,016,007
Employee	 3,625,714
Total contributions	 17,641,721
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	31,964,289
Interest and dividends	 9,128,015
Total investment income	41,092,304
Less investment expense	622,234
r	
Net investment income	 40,470,070
Total additions	 58,111,791
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	14,312,249
Refunds of contributions	41,281
Administrative expense	 192,931
Total deductions	 14,546,461
NET INCREASE	43,565,330
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	
January 1	304,815,506
December 31	\$ 348,380,836

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Naperville, Illinois (the City) was incorporated in 1857. The City is a home-rule community operating under a council-manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and eight council members. The City provides services to the community which includes: police, fire, electric utility, water and wastewater utility, community development, street maintenance, refuse and recycling, transportation planning, and general services. The following significant accounting policies apply to the City and its component unit, the Naperville Public Library.

a. Reporting Entity

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Naperville, Illinois (the primary government) and its component units. The financial data of the component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended Component Unit

A blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the City, but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. The City of Naperville has no blended component units.

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Naperville Public Library (the Library) - The Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees appointed by the City's Mayor. The Library is financially accountable to the City as the City's approval is needed for the levy of property taxes for Library operations and to issue bonded debt on behalf of the Library. Separately audited financial statements of the Library are not available.

b. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities report the overall financial activity of the City and its component units, excluding fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities of the City. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated on these statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Additionally, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) fines, fees, and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary-are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include all expenses directly related to providing enterprise fund services. Incidental expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. The general fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is funded by a property tax restricted to the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds in accordance with the bond ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the City's electric transmission and distribution operations.

Water and Wastewater Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the City's water and sewerage operations. The City operates the sewerage treatment plant, sewerage pumping stations, and collection systems and the water distribution system.

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - This fund account for self-insurance services that are provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Funds - These funds account for the accumulation of retirement and disability benefits for police and firefighters' pension plans.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property tax revenue, grants, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance, which is the year after the taxes are levied. For example, the 2016 levy is recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Revenue from grants and other contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, except for property taxes and income tax, to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues for property taxes are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year for the year intended to finance. Revenues for the income tax are considered to be available if they are collected within 90 days at the end of the current fiscal year unless they are further delayed by the State. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However,

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Compensated absences are recorded only when retirement or separation has occurred. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales tax, utilities taxes, motor fuel taxes, hotel/motel tax, food and beverage tax, E-911 surcharge, franchise taxes, ambulance fee, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports unavailable/unearned and deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/unearned and deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable/unearned and deferred revenues also arise when the resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

e. Investments

State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; state and local obligations; commercial paper rated AAA 1, 2, or 3; repurchase agreements; non-negotiable certificates of deposits; money market accounts; and pooled investment funds. The pension trust funds investment policies also allow them to hold deposits in any bank insured by the FDIC and to invest in common and preferred stocks, corporate bonds, convertible debt securities, mutual funds, insured separate accounts, and direct obligations of the U.S. Government including GNMA securities.

e. Investments (Continued)

The City's and pension trust fund investment policies also require collateral for all deposits unless FDIC coverage is available. The collateral must have a market value of not less than 100% of all deposits. Bank of America holds the collaterals in the names of the City of Naperville, the Naperville Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold

f. Unbilled Receivables

Estimated sales for electric, water, and wastewater usage prior to December 31, 2017, which are unbilled at year end, are recognized as current year revenue and are included in unbilled receivables.

g. Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of interfund transactions:

Loans - amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. If repayment is expected within one year, interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables (i.e., due from other funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e., due to other funds) in borrower funds. If repayment is expected in more than one year, the amounts are reported as advances.

g. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Services Provided and Used - sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net position.

Reimbursements - repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers - flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

h. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory, such as spare parts for electric, waterlines, and vehicles, is accounted for using the consumption method and is valued using a weighted average cost. Inventory reported in the governmental funds is not available for appropriation and therefore results in nonspendable fund balance.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, traffic controls, drainage systems, and similar items), and IMEA participation right and other intangible assets, reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for buildings, building improvements, and equipment, and \$25,000 for infrastructure with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The capitalization threshold for the Library assets is \$1,000 except for the IT related items which threshold is under \$1,000. Purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

i. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, whereas improvements extending the useful lives of the related capital assets are capitalized.

Capital assets of the City and its component unit (Naperville Public Library) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
Building and building improvements	20-40
Equipment	3-12
Infrastructure	25-50
IMEA participation right	25

j. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. Using the termination method, the City accrues the earned benefits to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination cash payments. The general fund typically has been used to liquidate the governmental activities compensated absences.

Employees hired prior to June 9, 2001, are eligible to be covered under a traditional vacation and sick leave benefit plan. Vacation leave is tied to years of service, with a minimum of two weeks and a maximum of five weeks. Sick leave benefit days vary from 12 days per year for members of the Fraternal Order of Police Union to 15 days for all other union and non-union employees, except for sworn firefighters working 24-hour shifts. Firefighters earn seven shift days per year each January 1.

Employees hired between June 9, 2001 and July 1, 2011, and existing employees who made a one-time election to switch to a paid time off (PTO) program prior to June 9, 2001 are covered by a combination of PTO and sick leave benefits. PTO days are based upon years of service, with a minimum of 15 PTO days per year, while the amount of sick leave is fixed at ten days per year. Certain unions elected into the PTO plan, while others made it optional for employees hired after June 9, 2001. All sworn firefighters working shifts are not eligible to participate in the PTO plan. Under both plans, the maximum accrual of vacation or PTO is equal to 160% of annual accrued leave.

j. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Sick leave benefits can accumulate on an unlimited basis for employees in the traditional plan, but are limited to 120 days for those in the PTO plan. Upon retirement, the City cashes out up to 90 days of sick leave for employees as a retirement bonus. Members of the Fraternal Order of Police upon retirement can cash out up to 120 days. For sworn firefighters on shifts, they can cash out up to 42 shift days as a retirement bonus. Library employees may not accumulate sick time beyond one year.

Employees hired after July 1, 2011 are on a PTO plan that eliminates the distinction between vacation and sick leave. The PTO plan eliminates all future sick leave payouts. The plan provides fifteen (15) days of PTO accrued annually, and includes all time off with the exception of recognized holidays and funeral leave.

k. Deposits

The City receives deposits from contractors performing work in the City. These deposits are recorded within the General Fund.

1. Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

m. Fund Balance/Net Position

Governmental funds equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is reported for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed

m. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the City Council, which is considered the City's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the City Council. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the City's finance director through the approved fund balance policy of the City. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and any deficits in other funds, if any, are reported as unassigned.

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The City has a policy to maintain fund balance in the General Fund equal to 20% for the subsequent year's appropriations, net of interfund transfers as of December 31 each year. As noted in GASB S-54, fund balance policies in the General Fund are reported as unassigned but disclosed in the notes.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets, represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt. None of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the City except for the fund balance of \$8,944 in the Fair Share Assessment Fund and the fund balance of \$584,971 in the Food and Beverage Tax Fund.

n. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the City. The City must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday of December of each year. The owner of real property on January 1 (lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year. Property taxes are collected by the DuPage and Will County Collectors/Treasurers who remit to the City its share of the collection. Taxes levied for calendar year 2016 were due, payable, and collected in two installments in June and September 2017.

n. Property Taxes (Continued)

Revenue for property taxes is recognized in the governmental funds in the year for which the taxes are intended to finance and the funds are available. Accordingly, the City recognized revenue during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 for collections from the calendar year 2016 levy if it was received by year end. Property taxes levied for calendar year 2017, which will be collected in fiscal year 2018 are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenue.

o. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

p. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed in the basic financial statements as "cash and investments."

a. Deposits

The City, Library, and pension funds' investment policies require all uninsured deposits with financial institutions, unless FDIC coverage is available, to be covered by collateral by up to 100%, with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the City's agent and held in the name of the City, Library, and pension fund, respectively.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments

The following table presents the investments and durations of the debt securities of the City and Naperville Public Library as of December 31, 2017.

City and Library

			Modified
		Fair	Duration
Investment Type		Value	(Years)
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 5	57,332,421	7.65

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

- U.S. Treasury securities of \$32,518,101 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. agency securities of \$24,814,320 are valued using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs)

The relationship between the City, or the Police or Fire Pension Funds and the investment agent is a direct contractual relationship.

Police Pension

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair	Less			More	
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 21,338,544	\$ 2,597,971	\$ 13,074,116	\$ 5,666,457	\$ -	
U.S. agency obligations	10,984,513	13,427	2,259,073	2,790,323	5,921,690	
Municipal bonds	274,808	-	72,146	202,662	-	
Corporate bonds	24,440,888	1,411,778	7,229,915	12,631,623	3,167,572	
Negotiable CD's	527,817	-	527,817	-	-	
TOTAL	\$ 57,566,570	\$ 4,023,176	\$ 23,163,067	\$ 21,291,065	\$ 9,089,262	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments (Continued)

Police Pension (Continued)

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
			Q	uoted Prices			
				in Active	Significant		
			1	Markets for	Other	Significant	
				Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
	De	ecember 31,		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
Investment by Fair Value Level		2017		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Debt securities							
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	21,338,544	\$	21,338,544	\$ -	\$ -	
U.S. agency obligations		10,984,513		-	10,984,513	· -	
Municipal bonds		274,808		-	274,808	-	
Corporate bonds		24,440,888		-	24,440,888	-	
Equity securities							
Annuity contract		14,443,075		-	-	14,443,075	
Common stock		17,209,391		17,209,391	-	-	
Equity mutual funds		80,605,833		80,605,833	-	-	
Negotiable CD's		527,817		-	527,817	-	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS							
MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	\$	169,824,869	\$	119,153,768	\$ 36,228,026	\$ 14,443,075	

Fire Pension

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair	Less			More	
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 21,626,473	\$ 3,244,479	\$ 14,941,220	\$ 3,440,774	\$ -	
U.S. agency obligations	10,680,885	18,794	2,634,994	2,138,905	5,888,192	
Municipal bonds	274,808	-	147,883	126,925	-	
Corporate bonds	16,238,917	1,288,611	8,503,632	5,794,215	652,459	
TOTAL	\$ 48,821,083	\$ 4,551,884	\$ 26,227,729	\$ 11,500,819	\$ 6,540,651	

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments (Continued)

Fire Pension (Continued)

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
			Q	uoted Prices			
				in Active	Significant		
			ľ	Markets for	Other	Significant	
				Identical	Observable	Unobservabl	le
	D	ecember 31,		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
Investment by Fair Value Level		2017		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Debt securities							
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	21,626,473	\$	21,626,473	\$ -	\$	_
U.S. agency obligations	_	10,680,885	_	,,	10,680,885	Ŧ	_
Municipal bonds		274,808		-	274,808		_
Corporate bonds		16,238,917		-	16,238,917		-
Equity securities		, ,					
Annuity contract		14,166,988		-	-	14,166,98	88
Common stock		23,526,002		23,526,002	-		-
Equity mutual funds		74,715,637		74,715,637	-		-
Asset-backed securities		8,720,752		_	8,720,752		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS							
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	Φ	160.050.462	Φ	110 060 112	¢ 25.015.262	¢ 1416600	00
MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE		169,950,462	3	119,868,112	\$ 35,915,362	\$ 14,166,98	8

The investments in the securities of U.S. government agencies were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Services. The municipal bonds were rated AAA to AA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa to A3 by Moody's, while corporate bonds were either not rated or rated A to BBB- by Standard & Poor's and Aa1 to Baa3 by Moody's.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City invests in mortgage-backed securities. These securities are reported at fair value and are based on the cash flows from interest and principal payments by the underlying mortgages. As a result, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. For example, if interest rates decline and homeowners refinance mortgages, thereby prepaying the mortgages underlying these securities, the cash flow from interest payments is reduced and the value of these securities declines. Likewise, if homeowners pay on mortgages longer than anticipated, the cash flows are greater and the return on the initial investment would be higher than anticipated. The City invests in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and to increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments (Continued)

Through its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the weighted average duration to no more than four years. Interest rate risk for investments held by the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds is managed by establishing investment parameters for the investment managers.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City and the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds investment policies require all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the City's or Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Credit Risk - The City's investment and cash management policy, as well as the investment policies of the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds, prescribe to the "prudent person" rule, which states "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The City and the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds limits their exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government or securities issued by agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Police and Fire Pension investment policies also allow investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above BBB-by Standard and Poor's, Baa3 by Moody's; and BBB-by Fitch by at least two of the three rating agencies. However, the City's and the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds' investment policies do not specifically limit the City and Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds to these types of investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City's investment policy follows the requirements of the State of Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, which prescribes allowable investment vehicles. No single investment, except those guaranteed by the United States Government, may exceed 5% of the fund's total market value. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds each have separate investment policies, which establish criteria for allowable investments. Both funds follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5% or more of net position available for benefits except for the following investments:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investment

b. Investments (Continued)

Police Pension Fund

Investment	Amount
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund Vanguard Small Cap Fund Vanguard Mid Cap Fund DFA Emerg Mkts Core Equity American Europacific Growth Fund Principal Annuity Contract	\$ 17,293,798 13,002,382 13,022,476 9,027,206 8,716,781 14,443,075
Firefighter's Pension Fund Investment	Amount
Vanguard Instl Index Fund Vanguard Mid Cap Fund DFA International Small Cap Dodge & Cox International Stock American Europacific Growth Fund Principal Annuity Contract	\$ 17,299,280 13,037,877 9,300,805 8,735,343 8,689,745 14,166,988

Amount

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
		Expected
Asset Class	Target	Real Return
Fixed income	35%	2.10%
Domestic equities	35%	5.60%
International equities	15%	5.80%
Real estate	10%	5.20%
Global tactical	5%	3.90%

ILCS limit the Police Pension Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds, and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are listed in the table above.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on police pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 13.29%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target	Real Return
Fixed income	35%	2.1%
Domestic equities	35%	5.6%
International equities	15%	5.8%
Real estate	10%	5.2%
Global tactical	5%	3.9%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.4%

ILCS limit the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are listed in the table above.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 13.31%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

3. RECEIVABLES

a. Installment Loans

The outstanding loans that are not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Term	Term Due		Amount
DuPage Mayor and Manger Association	20 Years	02/01/2021	\$	6,510
CPAL - computer loan	Various	Various		219
Loan to the SSA 24 property owners	Various	Various		30,393
Electric loans	Various	Various		1,536,128

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets of the City and Library for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 21,542,991	\$ 74,956	\$ -	\$ 21,617,947	
Land - infrastructure	161,526,935	-	-	161,526,935	
Construction in progress	14,948,946	2,724,799	-	17,673,745	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	198,018,872	2,799,755	-	200,818,627	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements	5,456,271	-	-	5,456,271	
Buildings	154,245,291	295,540	-	154,540,831	
Equipment	53,369,721	2,925,356	60,880	56,234,197	
Infrastructure	461,750,518	3,710,480	_	465,460,998	
Total capital assets being depreciated	674,821,801	6,931,376	60,880	681,692,297	
Less accumulated deprecation for					
Land improvements	1,528,989	361,525	_	1,890,514	
Buildings	57,763,332	3,963,491	_	61,726,823	
Equipment	42,133,297	2,102,545	60,880	44,174,962	
Infrastructure	247,755,906	14,864,024	-	262,619,930	
Total accumulated deprecation	349,181,524	21,291,585	60,880	370,412,229	
1		, ,	,	, ,	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	325,640,277	(14,360,209)		311,280,068	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 523,659,149	\$ (11,560,454)	\$ -	\$ 512,098,695	
Depreciation expense for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 was charged to functions as follows:					
General government			\$	2,767,906	
Physical environment				2,129,158	
Public safety				1,916,243	
The state of the s					
Culture and recreation				1,064,580	
Transportation				13,413,698	
			4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

\$ 21,291,585

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements 7,642,944 64,152 - 7,707,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,0			Beginning Balances	_		Decreases		Ending Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated \$3,836,327 \$ - \$ - \$ 0,880,1									
Land \$ 3,836,327 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,836.5 Construction in progress 6,360,798 499,353 - 6,860,1 Total capital assets not being depreciated 10,197,125 499,353 - 10,696.2 Capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements 7,642,944 64,152 - 7,707,6 Equipment 14,311,942 377,774 - 14,889,7 Infrastructure 410,886,438 3,334,099 - 414,220,3 Total capital assets being depreciated 432,841,324 3,776,025 - 436,617,2 Less accumulated deprecation for Building and building improvements 4,935,261 206,584 - 5,141,8 Equipment 13,585,626 176,840 - 13,762,1 Infrastructure 190,711,482 11,363,146 - 202,074,6 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 223,608,955 (7,970,545) - 215,638,2 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL \$ 233,806,080 \$ (7,471,192) \$ - \$ 226,334,8 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ 2,565,671									
Construction in progress		¢	2 926 227	¢		¢		ф	2 926 227
Total capital assets not being depreciated 10,197,125 499,353 - 10,696,656		Ф		Ф	400 353	Ф	-	Ф	
Capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements 7,642,944 64,152 - 7,707,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,07,0									10,696,478
Building and building improvements	Total capital assets not being depreciated		10,177,123		+77,333				10,070,470
Building and building improvements	Capital assets being depreciated								
Infrastructure			7,642,944		64,152		-		7,707,096
Total capital assets being depreciated	Equipment		14,311,942		377,774		-		14,689,716
Less accumulated deprecation for Building and building improvements	Infrastructure		410,886,438		3,334,099		-	4	414,220,537
Building and building improvements	Total capital assets being depreciated		432,841,324		3,776,025		-		436,617,349
Building and building improvements	Less accumulated deprecation for								
Total accumulated deprecation			4,935,261		206,584		-		5,141,845
Total accumulated deprecation 209,232,369 11,746,570 - 220,978,5					176,840		-		13,762,466
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 223,608,955 (7,970,545) - 215,638,4	Infrastructure		190,711,482		11,363,146		-	2	202,074,628
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -	Total accumulated deprecation		209,232,369		11,746,570		-	2	220,978,939
Seginning Balances Seginni	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		223,608,955		(7,970,545)		-	2	215,638,410
Seginning Balances Seginni	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -								
Beginning Balances Beginni									
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,67 Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,67 Construction in progress \$ 14,643,118 \$ 973,515 - \$ 15,616,6 Total capital assets not being depreciated \$ 17,208,789 \$ 973,515 - \$ 18,182,3 Capital assets being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ 753,102 - \$ 11,440,7 Infrastructure \$ 445,020,844 \$ 1,789,387 - \$ 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated \$ 455,708,492 \$ 2,542,489 - \$ 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment \$ 9,122,050 \$ 370,501 - \$ 9,492,5 Infrastructure \$ 232,848,369 \$ 9,648,914 - \$ 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation \$ 241,970,419 \$ 10,019,415 - \$ 251,989,8		\$ 2	233,806,080	\$	(7,471,192)	\$	-	\$ 2	226,334,888
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,67 Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,67 Construction in progress \$ 14,643,118 \$ 973,515 - \$ 15,616,6 Total capital assets not being depreciated \$ 17,208,789 \$ 973,515 - \$ 18,182,3 Capital assets being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ 753,102 - \$ 11,440,7 Infrastructure \$ 445,020,844 \$ 1,789,387 - \$ 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated \$ 455,708,492 \$ 2,542,489 - \$ 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment \$ 9,122,050 \$ 370,501 - \$ 9,492,5 Infrastructure \$ 232,848,369 \$ 9,648,914 - \$ 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation \$ 241,970,419 \$ 10,019,415 - \$ 251,989,8		-							
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated Land \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,671 Construction in progress 14,643,118 973,515 - 15,616,670 Total capital assets not being depreciated 17,208,789 973,515 - 18,182,31 Capital assets being depreciated Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,71 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,21 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,51 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,51 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,21 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,81]	Beginning						Ending
WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 2,565,671 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,565,6 Construction in progress 14,643,118 973,515 - 15,616,6 Total capital assets not being depreciated 17,208,789 973,515 - 18,182,3 Capital assets being depreciated Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,5 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8			Balances		Increases	D	ecreases		Balances
Construction in progress 14,643,118 973,515 - 15,616,6 Total capital assets not being depreciated 17,208,789 973,515 - 18,182,3 Capital assets being depreciated Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment Infrastructure 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Total accumulated deprecation 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated								
Total capital assets not being depreciated 17,208,789 973,515 - 18,182,3 Capital assets being depreciated Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,5 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,565,671
Capital assets being depreciated 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment Infrastructure 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8							-		15,616,633
Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	Total capital assets not being depreciated		17,208,789		973,515		-		18,182,304
Equipment 10,687,648 753,102 - 11,440,7 Infrastructure 445,020,844 1,789,387 - 446,810,2 Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	Capital assets being depreciated								
Total capital assets being depreciated 455,708,492 2,542,489 - 458,250,9 Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	Equipment		10,687,648		753,102		-		11,440,750
Less accumulated deprecation for Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8							-		146,810,231
Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	Total capital assets being depreciated		455,708,492		2,542,489		-	4	458,250,981
Equipment 9,122,050 370,501 - 9,492,5 Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8	Less accumulated deprecation for								
Infrastructure 232,848,369 9,648,914 - 242,497,2 Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8			9,122,050		370,501		_		9,492,551
Total accumulated deprecation 241,970,419 10,019,415 - 251,989,8		2					_	2	242,497,283
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 213,738,073 (7,476,926) - 206,261,3							-		251,989,834
	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		213,738,073		(7,476,926)			2	206,261,147
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY									
		\$ 2	230,946,862	\$	(6,503,411)	\$	-	\$ 2	224,443,451

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	-	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - OTHER ENTERPRISE						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	7,520,323	\$	3,405,508	\$ -	\$ 10,925,831
Total capital assets not being depreciated		7,520,323		3,405,508	-	10,925,831
Capital assets being depreciated						
Building and building improvements		6,240,167		220,066	-	6,460,233
Machinery and equipment		990,053		430,794	-	1,420,847
Total capital assets being depreciated		7,230,220		650,860	-	7,881,080
Less accumulated deprecation for						
Building and building improvements		5,203,946		164,437	-	5,368,383
Machinery and equipment		578,031		44,049	-	622,080
Total accumulated deprecation		5,781,977		208,486	-	5,990,463
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,448,243		442,374	-	1,890,617
Total other enterprise net capital assets		8,968,566		3,847,882	_	12,816,448
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - OTHER ENTERPRISE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	473,721,508	\$ ((10,126,721)	\$ 	\$ 463,594,787
		Beginning Balances (Restated)		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY Capital assets being depreciated						
Building and building improvements	\$	14,678,720	\$	2,137,858	\$ -	\$ 16,816,578
Machinery and equipment		2,779,707		372,434	917,742	2,234,499
Total capital assets being depreciated		17,458,427		2,510,292	917,742	19,050,977
Less accumulated deprecation for						
Building and building improvements		5,684,200		469,298	-	6,153,498
Machinery and equipment		1,815,028		146,068	 752,145	1,208,951
Total accumulated deprecation		7,499,228		615,366	752,145	7,362,449
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	9,959,199	\$	1,894,926	\$ 165,597	\$ 11,688,528
		- , , /	-	,	 ,	 , ,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

a. Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at December 31, 2017 were as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		 Amount
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 65,702
General	Water and Wastewater Utility	804,281
Pension Trust funds	General	1,011,094
Pension Trust funds	Nonmajor Governmental	 128,420
TOTAL		\$ 2,009,497

Balances due to/from other funds are to cover cash accounts temporarily overdrawn at year end.

b. Advances

Advances at December 31, 2017 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Water and Wastewater Utility	SSA #25 Electric Utility	\$ 521,153 8,301,140
TOTAL		\$ 8,822,293

Interest on the outstanding interfund advance is charged at 2.7%. Semiannual repayments are made on October 31 and April 30 each year until repaid. All accrued interest and principal will be fully paid and the advance will be closed no later than December 31, 2020.

c. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
Debt Service	Food and Beverage Tax Fund	\$	783,664
Capital Projects	American Recovery and	Ψ	35,100
-	Reinvestment Act Federal		
	Grants Fund		
Road and Bridge	General		2,800,000
SSA #26	General		975,000
TOTAL		\$	4,593,764

5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

c. Transfers to/from Other Funds (Continued)

The purpose of significant transfers is as follows:

- \$2,800,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Road and Bridge Fund for projects. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$975,000 transferred from the General Fund to the Special Service Area #24 Fund for the City's subsidy of the downtown maintenance. This transfer will not be repaid.

As of December 31, 2017, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

Fund]	Deficit
	Φ.	24.022
Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	34,933
Test Track		20
Special Service Area #25		508,163

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017:

Type of Debt		Beginning Balance		Additions Deductions				Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Net pension liability										
IMRF	\$	16.828.626	\$	_	\$	13,429,805	\$	3.398.821	\$	_
Police Pension	Ψ	50,065,192	Ψ	_	Ψ	8,531,728	Ψ	41,533,464	Ψ	_
Firefighters' Pension		57,310,186		-		9,168,195		48,141,991		-
Compensated absences		8,929,892		3,343,167		3,947,145		8,325,914		3,910,860
Net other postemployment										
benefit obligation		2,081,735		323,605		-		2,405,340		-
General obligation bonds		103,942,579		6,980,000		10,654,084		100,268,495		10,612,852
Premium (discount)		5,322,054		179,109		422,131		5,079,032		-
Claims and judgements		2,131,777		13,043,922		13,224,666		1,951,033		338,064
TOTAL	\$	246,612,041	\$	23,869,803	\$	59,377,754	\$	211,104,090	\$	14,861,776

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Type of Debt	Beginning Balance	1	Additions Deductions			Ending Balances	D	Amounts Oue Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -								
ELECTRIC UTILITY								
Net pension liability - IMRF	\$ 7,930,324	\$	-	\$	6,554,905	\$ 1,375,419	\$	-
Compensated absences	1,812,324		217,623		756,784	1,273,163		629,591
Net other postemployment								
benefit obligation	127,248		-		5,843	121,405		-
General obligation bonds	25,796,819		-		2,702,519	23,094,300		3,121,250
Premium (discount)	 1,840,712		_		171,156	1,669,556		
Total electric utility	 37,507,427		217,623		10,191,207	27,533,843		3,750,841
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY								
Net pension liability - IMRF	5,088,969		-		4,088,329	1,000,640		-
Compensated absences	1,023,344		119,989		509,927	633,406		416,688
Net other postemployment								
benefit obligations	119,293		_		10,840	108,453		-
General obligation bonds	24,760,602		-		1,868,397	22,892,205		1,940,898
Premium (discount)	 501,189		-		30,798	470,391		
Total water and wastewater								
utility	 31,493,397		119,989		6,508,291	25,105,095		2,357,586
TOTAL	\$ 69,000,824	\$	337,612	\$	16,699,498	\$ 52,638,938	\$	6,108,427
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY Net pension liability - IMRF	\$ 5,430,248	\$	-	\$	4,416,182	\$ 1,014,066	\$	-
Compensated absences	410,771		419,098		407,674	422,195		407,674
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	 168,574		<u>-</u>		6,342	162,232		<u>-</u>
TOTAL	\$ 6,009,593	\$	419,098	\$	4,830,198	\$ 1,598,493	\$	407,674

^{*} The General Fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the compensated absences liability, the net pension liabilities and the other postemployment benefit obligation for governmental activities.

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Long-term debt at December 31, 2017 consists of the following:

a. General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities	Total
March 2009, 2.05% - 4.75%, due serially through December 1, 2028	\$	1,890,000	\$	910,000	\$ 2,800,000
April 2010, Series A, 4.65% - 5.25%, due serially through December 1, 2028		-		7,975,000	7,975,000
April 2010, Series B, 2.85% - 4.50%, due serially through December 1, 2023		10,632,795		3,892,205	14,525,000
April 2010, Series D, 2% - 4%, due serially through December 1, 2021		3,195,000		-	3,195,000
July 2011, 2.000% - 4.625%, due serially through December 1, 2029		-		12,500,000	12,500,000
September 2012, 2% - 4%, due serially through December 1, 2025		10,755,700		7,474,300	18,230,000
July 2013, 3% - 4%, due serially through December 1, 2031		4,820,000		-	4,820,000
May 2014, 2.0% - 3.5%, due serially through December 1, 2032		14,400,000		-	14,400,000
June 2016, 2.0% - 3.5%, due serially through December 1, 2035		47,595,000		13,235,000	60,830,000
November 2017, 3.0%, due serially through December 1, 2037		6,980,000		-	6,980,000
TOTAL	\$	100,268,495	\$	45,986,505	\$ 146,255,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all short-and long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Fiscal	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	\$ 10,612,852	\$ 3,099,827	\$ 5,062,148	\$ 1,321,055		
2019	10,285,185	2,806,699	4,979,815	1,148,876		
2020	10,098,435	2,503,176	4,241,565	996,749		
2021	9,762,785	2,205,714	4,127,215	8,62,061		
2022	8,902,385	1,899,902	3,902,615	327,023		
2023-2027	32,271,853	5,708,668	19,713,147	3,093,995		
2028-2032	13,400,000	2,035,100	3,960,000	232,050		
2033-2036	4,480,000	370,475	-	-		
2037-2041	455,000	13,650	-	-		
TOTAL	\$ 100,268,495	\$ 20,643,211	\$ 45,986,505	\$ 8,381,809		

b. Enterprise Fund Commitments

The City has issued the general obligation bonds to fund various Electric and Water/Wastewater capital projects. The proportionate share of the general obligation bond liabilities have been recorded in the respective enterprise funds. The current general obligation bonds issuance amounts were allocated as follows:

	Water and							
		Electric	V	Vastewater	G	overnmental		
Bonds Series	Utility		Utility		Activities			Total
G.O. 2009	\$	280,000	\$	630,000	\$	1,890,000	\$	2,800,000
G.O. 2010A		-		7,975,000		-		7,975,000
G.O. 2010B		-		3,892,205		10,632,795		14,525,000
G.O. 2011		7,250,000		5,250,000		-		12,500,000
G.O. 2012 Refunding		7,474,300		-		10,755,700		18,230,000
G.O. 2016		8,090,000		5,145,000		47,595,000		60,830,000

The general obligation bonds outstanding amount for the enterprise funds at December 31, 2017 is \$45,986,505.

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

c. Defeased Debt

The City has defeased the General Obligation Bonds Series 2009 by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. Outstanding bonds for these issues are considered defeased. A total of \$22,450,00 remains outstanding at December 31, 2017.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City accounts for its risk financing activities in the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund). The Self-Insurance Fund pays all general liability, unemployment and workers' compensation, and auto and collision claims for which the City is held liable. The City has a \$2.0 million retention limit for general, auto liability, and workers' compensation. In addition, the City carries a policy for excess coverage for general and auto liability of \$10.0 million.

The City is self-insured for health and dental claims, which are also being accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund. The City has \$300,000 specific stop loss coverage for PPO and \$200,000 for HMO health claims. The City has a \$2.0 million retention limit for health and dental claims. The City utilizes a third-party administrator to process the claims. The City reimburses the administrator for the claims plus a processing fee.

The Self-Insurance Fund is supported by payments from the General Fund, Naper Settlement Fund, Electric, Water and Wastewater Utility Funds, Burlington Commuter Parking Fund, Information Technology Fund, Fleet Services Fund, and the Naperville Public Library (component unit) based upon an estimate of the annual claims and administration costs. In addition, the City has recognized a liability for claims, which were incurred but not reported at year end. At December 31, 2017, this liability totaled \$338,064. The claims liability reported in the Self-Insurance Fund of \$1,612,969 at December 31, 2017 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Changes in the Self-Insurance Fund's claims liability amount for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were:

	2017	2016
CLAIMS LIABILITY, BEGINNING OF YEAR Incurred claims Claim payments	\$ 2,131,777 13,043,922 (13,224,666)	\$ 2,865,633 13,956,140 (14,689,996)
CLAIMS LIABILITY, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,951,033	\$ 2,131,777

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

DuPage Water Commission

The City is a charter customer, along with 23 other municipalities, of the Du Page Water Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a Joint Action Agency empowered to finance, construct, acquire, and operate a water supply system to serve municipalities to obtain Lake Michigan water from the City of Chicago and distribute it to customers through a comprehensive distribution system. The City began receiving Lake Michigan water in March 1992. Pursuant to its agreement with the Commission, in January 1989, the City began making payments for its portion of certain commission costs in an amount set forth by the Commission. The City has also adjusted its water rates accordingly to cover such costs. The related costs and revenues have been recorded as operating expenses and revenues of the Water and Wastewater Utility (Enterprise) Fund. The Commission has capitalized all costs including financing components associated with the development of the water facility.

Illinois Municipal Electric Agency (IMEA)

The City is a member of the IMEA, a not-for-profit joint action power purchasing agency. The City had not, in the past, purchased power from IMEA. In June 2011, the City began purchasing all of its wholesale power through 2035 from the IMEA.

The City's Power Sales Contract includes a premium adjustment to IMEA to secure additional capacity and energy resources to add to its existing mix of resources in order to be able to service the City. The premium payments to be made to IMEA through 2025 is to offset the projected increase to the average power supply costs to IMEA's 29 existing participating members resulting in acquisition of the resources necessary to serve the City. The projected premium payments are approximately \$59.2 million. The cumulative premium payments through December 31, 2017 are \$30.6 million.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Electric Agency (IMEA) (Continued)

The City's obligation is to purchase its full requirements for power and energy from the IMEA beginning June 1, 2011 and to pay a proportionate share of all IMEA costs.

Naperville Renewable Energy Program

The City participates in a Renewable Energy Program to make the choice for a clean energy future. This program enables customers to support clean energy resources such as wind and sun that protect our environment and make a difference for future generations. The program is comprised predominantly of unbundled wind "renewable energy certificates" ("RECs"), as well as a small volume of unbundled solar RECs. The current REC mix is 99% wind, 1% solar. On a dollar spent basis, the mix in fiscal year 2017 was 75% wind and 25% solar because the solar REC's are much more expensive. The program includes a strong local component, sourcing all of its RECs from Illinois projects. The local component is an integral part of the program, and the City will continue to source 100% of its renewable energy offering from Illinois-sited renewable energy facilities.

Prior to April 30, 2013, the program was managed by Community Energy and beginning May 1, 2013, the City brought the program management in-house. The City now holds primary responsibility for the program on behalf of its customers and has retained the services of Customized Energy Solutions to manage the program's administration and renewable offerings. During fiscal year 2017, the City collected \$0.3 million and due to management efficiencies will make all funds, less minimum administration costs, available through grants to directly fund local community based renewable energy projects within the City. The fund balance of this subfund of the electric fund at December 31, 2017 is \$1.4 million.

Development Assistance

The City has entered into various agreements with private organizations to encourage economic development in the City. Some of these agreements provide for rebating a portion of sales tax and hotel tax to the private organizations if certain benchmarks of development are achieved. During the year ended December 31, 2017, \$623,696 in sales tax and \$784,320 in hotel tax were rebated under these agreements. Estimated remaining \$18.3 million will be payable throughout 23 years.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and Firefighters' Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the City at 400 South Eagle Street, Naperville, Illinois 60540. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

a. Plan Descriptions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Administration

All employees (other than those covered by the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan) hired in positions that need or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership

As of December 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	691
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	670
Active plan members	810
TOTAL	2,171

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2017 was 11.82% of covered payroll.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	7.50%
Salary increases	3.39% to 14.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
			_
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 45,649,915	\$ 6,788,946	\$(25,212,177)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b)	
	Total	Plan	(a) - (b)
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ 306,525,860	\$ 271,247,693	\$ 35,278,167
Changes for the period			
Service cost	5,538,779	-	5,538,779
Interest	22,718,596	-	22,718,596
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	4,058,008	-	4,058,008
Changes in assumptions	(9,514,997)	-	(9,514,997)
Employer contributions	-	6,233,486	(6,233,486)
Employee contributions	_	2,431,700	(2,431,700)
Net investment income	_	46,307,985	(46,307,985)
Benefit payments and refunds	(12,761,262)	(12,761,262)	-
Other (net transfer)	 -	(3,683,564)	3,683,564
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 316,564,984	\$ 309,776,038	\$ 6,788,946

Assumptions related to salary increases were changed from 3.75% - 14.50% to 3.39% - 14.25%. Assumptions related to price inflation were changed from 2.75% to 2.50%. Additionally, Certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates, and retirement rates.

	City	Library	Total
BEGINNING NET PENSION LIABILITY AT JANUARY 1, 2017	\$ 29,847,919	\$ 5,430,248	\$ 35,278,167
EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - 2017	\$ 5,302,389	\$ 931,097	\$ 6,233,486
ENDING NET PENSION LIABILITY AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 5,774,880	\$ 1,014,066	\$ 6,788,946

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,251,129 and the Library recognized \$922,312. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 3,203,728 96,466	\$ (1,124,604) (7,483,737)	\$ 2,079,124 (7,387,271)
plan investments	8,004,269	(21,004,916)	(13,000,647)
TOTAL	\$ 11,304,463	\$ (29,613,257)	\$ (18,308,794)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	City Net Deferred Inflows of Resources	Library Net Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter	\$ (2,793,433) (2,957,812) (5,355,910) (4,466,851)	\$ (490,523) (519,390) (940,495) (784,380)	\$ (3,283,956) (3,477,202) (6,296,405) (5,251,231)
TOTAL	\$ (15,574,006)	\$ (2,734,788)	\$ (18,308,794)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the City Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2017, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	89
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members	165
TOTAL	260

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% of ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City's contribution was 36.99% of covered payroll.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	7.00%
Salary increases	4.00% to 11.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with a blue collar adjustment. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the Illinois Department of Insurance dated September 26, 2012.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Nac a a a i a a 11-1-1114	¢ 72 442 127	¢ 41.522.464	Ф 1 <i>5 445 сс</i> 1
Net pension liability	\$ 73,442,127	\$ 41,533,464	\$ 15,445,661
Changes in the Net Pension Liabil	ity		
	(a)	(b)	
	Total	Plan	(a) - (b)
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ 202,219,852	\$ 152,154,660	\$ 50,065,192
Changes for the period			
Service cost	4,277,831	_	4,277,831
Interest	14,216,220	-	14,216,220
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	1,578,661	-	1,578,661
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	6,677,807	(6,677,807)
Employee contributions	-	1,788,835	(1,788,835)
Net investment income	-	20,204,239	(20,204,239)
Benefit payments and refunds	(6,817,646)	(6,817,646)	-
Other (net transfer)		(66,441)	66,441
BALANCES AT	4.617.471. 010	ф 150 0.44 45 4	4.11.700.1 51
DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 215,474,918	\$ 173,941,454	\$ 41,533,464

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,535,438. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
]	Resources	Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	1,315,550 2,010,892	\$ (8,147,917) - (4,281,982)	\$ (6,832,367) 2,010,892 (4,281,982)
TOTAL	\$	3,326,442	\$ (12,429,899)	\$ (9,103,457)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
	<u> </u>
2018	\$ (1,530,008)
2019	(1,373,665)
2020	(3,409,402)
2021	(3,053,492)
2022	263,110
Thereafter	-
TOTAL	\$ (9,103,457)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn firefighter personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the City Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active fire employees.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2017, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	101
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members	187
TOTAL	294

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% of ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City's contribution was 38.10% of covered payroll.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	7.00%
Salary increases	4.00% to 12.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with a blue collar adjustment. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the Illinois Department of Insurance dated September 26, 2012.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Current

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
	(0.0070)	(7.0070)	(0.0070)
Net pension liability	\$ 81,285,305	\$ 48,141,991	\$ 21,105,079
Changes in the Net Pension Liabil	ity		
	(a)	(b)	
	Total	Plan	(a) - (b)
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ 209,971,032	\$ 152,660,846	\$ 57,310,186
Changes for the period			
Service cost	5,414,018	_	5,414,018
Interest	14,813,198	_	14,813,198
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(96,584)	_	(96,584)
Changes in assumptions	-	_	-
Employer contributions	-	7,338,200	(7,338,200)
Employee contributions	_	1,821,286	(1,821,286)
Contributions buy-back	15,593	15,593	-
Net investment income	, _	20,265,831	(20,265,831)
Benefit payments and refunds	(7,535,884)	(7,535,884)	-
Other (net transfer)	-	(126,490)	129,490
,		(-, -, -,	- ,
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 222,581,373	\$ 174,439,382	\$ 48,141,991
	+ ===,001,010	÷ = 7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ .0,1.1,271

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$8,579,159. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
]	Resources		Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$	2,349,820 3,479,496	\$	(4,548,414)	\$ 3,479,496
plan investments				(4,263,208)	(4,263,208)
TOTAL	\$	5,829,316	\$	(8,811,622)	\$ (2,982,306)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
1 cai	Resources
2018	\$ 792,733
2019	792,734
2020	(2,129,347)
2021	(2,082,120)
2022	(178,153)
Thereafter	(178,153)
TOTAL	\$ (2,982,306)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Descriptions

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the City provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and any employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The actuarial valuation for the OPEB plan is performed every two years. The December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is used for the following sections.

b. Benefits Provided

The City provides post-employment health care and life insurance benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's retirement plans or meet COBRA requirements.

All health care benefits are provided through the City's self-insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Eligibility in City sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits. Retirees who are eligible for health care program participation are also eligible for participation in the life insurance program in the amount of \$5,000.

c. Membership

At December 31, 2016, most recent available, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	
yet receiving them	261
Active employees	1,200
TOTAL	1,461
Participating employers	1

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Funding Policy

The City negotiates the contribution percentages between the City and employees through the union contracts and personnel policy. All retirees contribute 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan to cover the cost of providing the benefits to the retirees via the self-insured plan (pay as you go) which results in an implicit subsidy to the City as defined by the GASB Statement No. 45. Since the City is self-insured, this amount fluctuates on an annual basis. For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, retirees contributed \$2,392,516 for premiums and the City contributed \$540,649 toward the implicit subsidy. The City is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement. The general fund typically has been used to liquidate the governmental activities the net other postemployment benefit obligation.

e. Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) was \$841,229 while the ARC was \$827,914 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for December 31, 2017 were as follows:

		Annual			Percer	ntage of		Net
Fiscal		OPEB		Actual	OPEI	B Cost		OPEB
Year	Year		Contributions		Contr	ibuted	(Obligation
2015	\$	420,025	\$	295,349	70.	.32%	\$	2,312,088
2016		627,786		443,024	70.	.57%		2,496,850
2017		841,229		540,649	64.	.27%		2,797,430

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of December 31, 2017, was calculated as follows:

Annual required contributions Interest on NOPEBO Adjustment to ARC	\$ 827,914 99,873 (86,558)
Annual pension cost Actual contribution	 841,229 (540,649)
Change in NOPEBO NOPEBO, beginning of year	 300,580 2,496,850
NOPEBO, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,797,430

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Governmental activities	\$ 2,405,340
Business-type activities	229,858
Library discretely presented component unit	162,232
	 _
TOTAL	\$ 2,797,430

f. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2016, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 10,649,256
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	10,649,256
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 82,729,832
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	12.87%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

g. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.50% initially and 4.00% ultimately. Both rates include a 3.00% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the City has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016, was 30 years.

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY

The following is summary fund financial information for the Naperville Public Library (the Library) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017:

Balance Sheet

			Special Revenu	e			
	General	Building	Gift and	Б.1		A 11	Statement of
	Operating	Reserve	Memorial	Endowment	Total	Adjustment	Net Position
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible	\$ 404,055	\$ 600,406	\$ 26,178	\$ 10,529	\$ 1,041,168	\$ -	\$ 1,041,168
accounts	14,583,000	-	-	-	14,583,000	-	14,583,000
Interest receivable	1,030	1,454	63	25	2,572	-	2,572
Due from other governments	110,140	-	-	-	110,140	-	110,140
Capital assets (net)							
Capital assets not depreciated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital assets depreciated, net		-	-	-	-	11,688,528	11,688,528
Total assets	15,098,225	601,860	26,241	10,554	15,736,880	11,688,528	27,425,408
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred items - IMRF	-	-	-	-	-	1,688,549	1,688,549
Total deferred outflows of					_	1.688.549	1.688.549
resources					<u>-</u>	1,000,349	1,000,349
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	\$ 15,098,225	\$ 601,860	\$ 26,241	\$ 10,554	\$ 15,736,880	\$ 13,377,077	\$ 29,113,957

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY (Continued)

Balance Sheet (Continued)

		5	Special Revenue	e			
	General	Building	Gift and				Statement of
	Operating	Reserve	Memorial	Endowment	Total	Adjustment	Net Position
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Compensated absences Net pension liability Other postemployment benefits obligation	\$ 81,441 420,356	\$ 254,837	\$ 23	\$ - - - -	\$ 336,301 420,356	\$ - 422,195 1,014,066 162,232	\$ 336,301 420,356 422,195 1,014,066 162,232
obligation						102,232	102,232
Total liabilities	501,797	254,837	23	-	756,657	1,598,493	2,355,150
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred items - IMRF Unavailable/earned property tax revenue	14,583,000	-	-	-	14,583,000	4,423,337	4,423,337 14,583,000
Total deferred inflows of							
resources	14,583,000	-	_	_	14,583,000	4,423,337	19,006,337
FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION Fund balances Restricted for culture and recreation Committed for culture and recreation Unassigned Net position Invested in capital assets	13,428	347,023	- 26,218 -	10,554	10,554 373,241 13,428	(373,241) (13,428) 11,688,528	10,554
Unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-	(3,946,612)	(3,946,612)
Total fund balances/ net position TOTAL LIABILITIES,	13,428	347,023	26,218	10,554	397,223	7,355,247	7,752,470
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION	\$ 15,098,225	\$ 601,860	\$ 26,241	\$ 10,554	\$ 15,736,880	\$ 13,377,077	\$ 29,113,957

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY (Continued)

Statement of Net Position

			9	Specia	l Revenue					
	Genera	ıl	Building	_	ift and			•		Statement of
	Operation		Reserve		emorial	En	dowment	Total	Adjustment	Activities
		0							,	
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 14,081,	203	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,081,203	\$ -	\$ 14,081,203
Other taxes - personal property										
replacement tax	135,	171	-		-		-	135,171	-	135,171
Fines and forfeits	348,	356	-		-		-	348,356	-	348,356
Net investment income	(37,	891)	5,113		331		125	(32,322)	-	(32,322)
Intergovernmental		-	24,247		300		-	24,547	-	24,547
Charges for services	4,	091	-		-		-	4,091	-	4,091
Fees	83,	484	-		-		-	83,484	-	83,484
Contribution	110,	140	-		5,629		-	115,769	-	115,769
Miscellaneous	112,	437	2,745		-		-	115,182	-	115,182
Total revenues	14,836,	991	32,105		6,260		125	14,875,481	-	14,875,481
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES										
Current										
Culture and recreation	15,267,	331	2,684,503		8,812		_	17,960,646	(1,847,845)	16,112,801
	,		7 - 7		- , -			.,,.	()) /	
Total expenditures/										
expenses	15,267,	331	2,684,503		8,812		-	17,960,646	(1,847,845)	16,112,801
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	(430,	340)	(2,652,398)		(2,552)		125	(3,085,165)	1,847,845	(1,237,320)
OFFICE COLUMNIC COLUMNIC										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
(USES)			2.750.000					2.750.000	(2.750.000)	
Transfers in	(2.750.	-	2,750,000		-		-	2,750,000	(2,750,000)	-
Transfers (out)	(2,750,0)00)	-		-		-	(2,750,000)	2,750,000	
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(2,750,	000)	2,750,000						_	_
sources (uses)	(2,730,	000)	2,730,000							
NET CHANGE IN FUND										
BALANCES/NET POSITION	(3,180,	340)	97,602		(2,552)		125	(3,085,165)	1,847,845	(1,237,320)
B11E111 (0EB)1 (E111 0B11101)	(0,100,	,	>7,002		(2,002)		120	(5,005,105)	1,017,018	(1,287,820)
FUND BALANCES/										
NET POSITION AT										
JANUARY 1, 2017	3,193,	768	249,421		28,770		10,429	3,482,388	5,364,867	8,847,255
,			ŕ				,			, ,
Prior period adjustment		-	-		-		-	_	142,535	142,535
FUND BALANCES/										
NET POSITION AT										
JANUARY 1, 2017,										
RESTATED	3,193,	768	249,421		28,770		10,429	3,482,388	5,507,402	8,989,790
RED ITTED	3,173,	, 00	277,721		20,770		10,72)	3,402,300	3,307,702	0,707,770
FUND BALANCES/										
NET POSITION AT										
DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 13,	428	\$ 347,023	\$	26,218	\$	10,554	\$ 397,223	\$ 7,355,247	\$ 7,752,470

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A net position of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - Naperville Public Library has been restated in the amount of \$142,535 to adjust for corrections to capital assets and accumulated depreciation as a result of capital asset inventory performed at December 31, 2017.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgete	d Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
DEVIENTES				
REVENUES Property taxes	\$ 20,747,437	\$ 20,747,437	\$ 20,890,668	\$ 143,231
Utility tax	16,576,700	16,576,700	15,398,673	(1,178,027)
Other taxes	6,726,000	6,726,000	7,468,764	742,764
Licenses and permits	2,456,500	2,456,500	2,943,444	486,944
Fines	1,962,500	1,962,500	1,419,028	(543,472)
Net investment income	182,500	182,500	134,196	(48,304)
Intergovernmental	52,446,215	52,446,215	50,461,179	(1,985,036)
Charges for services	17,336,921	17,336,921	18,650,839	1,313,918
Franchise fees	3,238,350	3,238,350	3,423,069	184,719
Miscellaneous	455,500	455,500	424,525	(30,975)
			,	(= =
Total revenues	122,128,623	122,128,623	121,214,385	(914,238)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	10,981,191	10,981,191	12,475,389	(1,494,198)
Physical environment	8,165,390	8,165,390	7,849,786	315,604
Public safety	74,272,019	74,272,019	71,651,890	2,620,129
Transportation	24,673,314	24,673,314	23,842,074	831,240
Culture and recreation	87,108	87,108	65,097	22,011
Total expenditures	118,179,022	118,179,022	115,884,236	2,294,786
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	3,949,601	3,949,601	5,330,149	1,380,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2.775.000)	(2.775.000)	(2.775.000)	
Transfers (out)	(3,775,000)	(3,775,000)	(3,775,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,775,000)	(3,775,000)	(3,775,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 174,601	\$ 174,601	1,555,149	\$ 1,380,548
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			26,857,931	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 28,413,080	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

December 31, 2017

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the Governmental and Proprietary Funds except for the Fair Share Assessment, Foreign Fire Insurance and Water Street TIF funds. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Several budget amendments were made during the current fiscal year.

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year:

Fund	<u> </u>	Excess	
Food and Beverage Tax Downtown Parking	\$	274,818 337,783	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		2015		2016		2017
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	6,026,372	\$	6,217,283	\$	6,233,486
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		6,026,372		6,217,283		6,233,486
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	51,417,441	\$	51,486,313	\$	52,718,201
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.72%		12.08%		11.82%
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information						
Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period	Entry-Age Normal Level % Pay (Closed) 26 Years					

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return

Level % Pay (Closed)

26 Years

5-Year Smoothed Market

2.75%

7.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements Mortality MP-2014 (base year 2012)

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

		April 30,			D	ecember 31,	
FISCAL YEAR ENDED	2015		2015		2016		2017
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	5,156,419	\$	4,809,036	\$	5,829,394	\$ 6,538,474
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		5,641,180		5,345,433		6,329,588	6,677,807
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$	(484,761)	\$	(536,397)	\$	(500,194)	\$ (139,333)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	16,365,735	\$	16,683,031	\$	17,893,623	\$ 18,050,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		34.47%		32.04%		35.37%	36.99%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 17 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Inflation2.5%Salary Increases5.0%Investment Rate of Return7.0%

Retirement Age 100% by age 70

Mortality RP 2000 Mortality Table (CHBCA)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

		April 30,		December 31,						
FISCAL YEAR ENDED		2015	2015		2016			2017		
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	5,183,001	\$	4,820,338	\$	5,871,947	\$	7,237,440		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		5,670,039		5,355,723		6,415,496		7,338,200		
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$	(487,038)	\$	(535,385)	\$	(543,549)	\$	(100,760)		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	17,165,868	\$	18,315,408	\$	18,576,954	\$	19,262,676		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		33.03%		29.24%		34.53%		38.10%		

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	17 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	5.0%
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%
Retirement Age	100% by age 70

Mortality RP 2000 Mortality Table (CHBCA)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015 2016 2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	
Service cost	\$ 5,623,110 \$ 5,569,481 \$ 5,538,779
Interest	20,562,051 21,744,892 22,718,596
Changes in benefit terms	
Differences between expected and actual experience	626,724 (2,265,178) 4,058,008
Change of assumptions	358,132 (740,500) (9,514,997)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(10,515,189) (11,410,419) (12,761,262)
Net change in total pension liability	16,654,828 12,898,276 10,039,124
Total pension liability - beginning	276,972,756 293,627,584 306,525,860
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$293,627,584 \$306,525,860 \$316,564,984
DI AN EIDLIGIA DV NET DOCUMON	
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions - employer	\$ 6,026,372 \$ 6,217,283 \$ 6,233,486
Contributions - employer Contributions - members	2,325,703 2,364,110 2,431,700
Net investment income	1,278,894 17,659,805 46,307,985
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(10,515,189) (11,410,419) (12,761,262)
Other	(715,829) 1,156,632 (3,683,564)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,600,049) 15,987,411 38,528,345
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	256,860,331 255,260,282 271,247,693
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$255,260,282 \$271,247,693 \$309,776,038
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 38,367,302 \$ 35,278,167 \$ 6,788,946
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of the total pension liability	86.93% 88.49% 97.86%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 51,417,441 \$ 51,486,313 \$ 52,718,201
Employer's net pension liability as a	
percentage of covered-employee payroll	74.62% 68.52% 12.88%

Measurement Date December 31, 2015 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates, disability rates and termination rates.

Measurement Date December 31, 2016 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to mortality were made since the prior measurement date. Additionally, the discount rate was changed from 7.48% to 7.50%.

Measurement Date December 31, 2017 - Assumptions related to salary increases were changed from 3.75% - 14.50% to 3.39% - 14.25%. Assumptions related to price inflation were changed from 2.75% to 2.50%. Additionally, Certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates and retirement rates.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

	April 30,		December 31,		
MEASUREMENT DATE	2015	2015	2016	2017	
TOTAL DENGLON LLABULITY					
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	¢ 2.442.294	¢ 2.625.406	¢ 4.112.067	¢ 4.277.921	
Service cost	\$ 3,442,284	\$ 2,635,406		\$ 4,277,831	
Interest	12,150,401	8,904,818	13,993,038	14,216,220	
Changes in benefit terms	(2.006.071)	- (1.200.407)	- (11.510.210)	1 570 661	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,006,971)	(1,398,497)	(11,518,319)	1,578,661	
Change of assumptions	8,387,367	(2.050.442)	3,016,340	-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,506,966)	(3,958,442)	(6,365,209)	(6,817,646)	
Net change in total pension liability	16,466,115	6,183,285	3,239,817	13,255,066	
Total pension liability - beginning	176,330,635	192,796,750	198,980,035	202,219,852	
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 192,796,750	\$ 198,980,035	\$ 202,219,852	\$ 215,474,918	
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,641,180	\$ 5,345,433	\$ 6,329,588	\$ 6,677,807	
Contributions - members	1,599,368	1,117,257	1,773,258	1,788,835	
Contributions - other	8,066	2,237	21,704	-	
Net investment income	8,726,002	(4,333,440)	11,562,097	20,204,239	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,506,966)	(3,950,028)	(6,386,913)	(6,817,646)	
Administrative expense	(130,073)	(67,226)	(53,912)	(66,441)	
•				<u> </u>	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	10,337,577	(1,885,767)	13,245,822	21,786,794	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	130,457,028	140,794,605	138,908,838	152,154,660	
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 140,794,605	\$ 138,908,838	\$ 152,154,660	\$ 173,941,454	
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 52,002,145	\$ 60,071,197	\$ 50,065,192	\$ 41,533,464	
Dian fiduciory not position as a					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.03%	69.81%	75.24%	80.72%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,683,031	\$ 16,683,031	\$ 17,893,623	\$ 18,050,807	
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	311.71%	360.07%	279.79%	230.09%	

Measurement Date April 30. 2015 - Changes made to mortality rate.

Measurement Date December 31, 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes:

- For healthy lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.
- For disabled lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality to RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.
- The Salary Scale assumptions was changed from 5.00% to service based.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Last Four Fiscal Years

	April 30,		December 31,	
MEASUREMENT DATE	2015	2015	2016	2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service cost	\$ 3,852,140	\$ 3,038,367	\$ 5,196,429	\$ 5,414,018
Interest	11,857,616	8,558,822	14,032,562	14,813,198
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(82,734)	5,414,803	(5,954,167)	(96,584)
Change of assumptions	2,920,299	-	4,639,327	-
Contributions buy-back	-,,	_	-	15,593
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,207,568)	(3,869,445)	(6,423,714)	(7,535,884)
Net change in total pension liability	13,339,753	13,142,547	11,490,437	12,610,341
Total pension liability - beginning	171,998,295	185,338,048	198,480,595	209,971,032
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 185,338,048	\$ 198,480,595	\$ 209,971,032	\$ 222,581,373
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,670,039	\$ 5,355,723	\$ 6,415,496	\$ 7,338,200
Contributions - members	1,839,016	1,181,158	1,756,451	1,821,286
Contributions buy-back	-	-	-	15,593
Net investment income	7,705,014	(4,543,027)	11,586,944	20,265,831
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,207,568)	(3,869,445)	(6,423,714)	(7,535,884)
Administrative expense	(109,970)	(82,866)	(123,773)	(126,490)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,896,531	(1,958,457)	13,211,404	21,778,536
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	131,511,368	141,407,899	139,449,442	152,660,846
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 141,407,899	\$ 139,449,442	\$ 152,660,846	\$ 174,439,382
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 43,930,149	\$ 59,031,153	\$ 57,310,186	\$ 48,141,991
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.30%	70.26%	72.71%	78.37%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 17,165,868	\$ 18,315,408	\$ 18,576,954	\$ 19,262,676
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	255.92%	322.30%	308.50%	249.92%

Measurement Date April 30. 2015 - Changes made to mortality rate.

Measurement Date December 31, 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes:

- For healthy lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.
- For disabled lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality to RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.
- The Salary Scale assumptions was changed from 5.00% to service based.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

	April 30,	December 31,					
FISCAL YEAR ENDED	2015	2015	2016	2017			
Annual money-weighted rate of return,							
net of investment expense	6.60%	(3.10%)	8.41%	13.29%			

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

	April 30,	December 31,					
FISCAL YEAR ENDED	2015	2015	2016	2017			
Annual money-weighted rate of return,							
net of investment expense	6.00%	(3.20%)	8.32%	13.31%			

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(b)-(a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a) / (b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/17	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12/31/16	\$ -	\$ 10,649,256	\$ 10,649,256	0.00%	\$ 82,729,832	12.87%
12/31/2015*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4/30/2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4/30/2014	-	9,043,563	9,043,563	0.00%	88,717,698	10.19%
4/30/2013	-	8,302,543	8,302,543	0.00%	84,561,057	9.82%

^{*}For the eight months ended.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

Year Ended April 30	Employer Contributions		Annual Sequired ntribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed		
12/31/17	\$ 540,649	\$	827,914	65.30%		
12/31/16	443,024		615,455	71.98%		
12/31/2015*	295,349		410,303	71.98%		
4/30/2015	443,023		615,455	71.98%		
4/30/2014	435,507		558,380	77.99%		
4/30/2013	435,507		558,380	77.99%		

^{*}Eight months ended.

The City is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - This fund is funded by a property tax restricted for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds in accordance with the bond ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds.

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
TEASVEC								
TAXES								
Property taxes	ф	7.051.500	ф	5 051 500	ф	0.001.670	ф	50 1 15
General	\$	7,951,523	\$	7,951,523	\$	8,001,670	\$	50,147
Police Pension		6,048,474		6,048,474		6,092,659		44,185
Firefighters' Pension		6,747,440		6,747,440		6,796,339		48,899
Total property taxes		20,747,437		20,747,437		20,890,668		143,231
Utility tax		16,576,700		16,576,700		15,398,673		(1,178,027)
Other taxes								
Auto rental tax		106,000		106,000		111,786		5,786
Real estate transfer tax		5,000,000		5,000,000		5,505,837		505,837
Hotel/motel tax		1,320,000		1,320,000		1,549,292		229,292
Charitable games tax		-		-		990		990
Personal property replacement tax		300,000		300,000		300,859		859
Total other taxes		6,726,000		6,726,000		7,468,764		742,764
Total taxes		44,050,137		44,050,137		43,758,105		(292,032)
LICENSES AND PERMITS								
Licenses								
Liquor		513,550		513,550		686,941		173,391
Business license		130,000		130,000		132,042		2,042
Scavenger		2,250		2,250		1,850		(400)
Total licenses		645,800		645,800		820,833		175,033
Permits								
Small permits		220,000		220,000		273,166		53,166
Inspection - electrical		100		100		50		(50)
Sale of permit pouches		-		-		1,800		1,800
Plan review - inspection storage		600		600		135		(465)
Single family (duplex) fees		525,000		525,000		679,987		154,987
1&2 Fam room addition fees		250,000		250,000		266,817		16,817
Multi-family new - fees		115,000		115,000		141,930		26,930
Commercial new fees		245,000		245,000		267,564		22,564
Commercial - simple occup		10,000		10,000		8,950		(1,050)
Commercial alteration		335,000		335,000		349,806		14,806
Demolitions		60,000		60,000		56,364		(3,636)
Fire alarm/sprinkler		50,000		50,000		76,042		26,042
*		, 0		,		,		- ,~ -
Total permits		1,810,700		1,810,700		2,122,611		311,911
Total licenses and permits		2,456,500		2,456,500		2,943,444		486,944

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		ginal dget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive Negative)
FINES								
Police fines	\$ 1.	500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	934,405	\$	(565,595)
Police - false alarms	Ψ 1,	83,000	Ψ	83,000	Ψ	88,968	Ψ	5,968
Fire - false alarms		1,000		1,000		800		(200)
Fines - court - enforcement		100,000		100,000		108,050		8,050
Parking fines		190,000		190,000		196,841		6,841
Alcohol and tobacco fines		13,000		13,000		3,475		(9,525)
Animal fines		5,500		5,500		7,415		1,915
DUI fines		70,000		70,000		79,074		9,074
DOTTINES		70,000		70,000		77,074		7,074
Total fines	1,	962,500		1,962,500		1,419,028		(543,472)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		182,500		182,500		134,196		(48,304)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE								
Sales and use tax	37	374,415		37,374,415		36,949,324		(425,091)
State income tax		540,000		14,540,000		13,029,080		(1,510,920)
FEMA	1.,	-		-		-		(1,510,520)
Secret services		10,000		10,000		11,500		1,500
IEMA - Citizen corps		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		46,000		46,000		22,195		(23,805)
ILEAS		22,000		22,000		18,960		(3,040)
Click it or ticket		50,000		50,000		49,084		(916)
TED - ride DuPage grant		140,000		140,000		128,736		(11,264)
Tobacco grant		8,800		8,800		-		(8,800)
Police training grant		-		-		14,661		14,661
MABAS/ITTF Deploy drill		60,000		60,000		47,269		(12,731)
IDOT-TED - traffic signal energy		40,000		40,000		35,371		(4,629)
DuPage County HHW project		100,000		100,000		100,000		(.,02)
Kane County HHW service		10,000		10,000		10,000		_
Will County		25,000		25,000		24,999		(1)
Aurora HHW contribution		20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Total intergovernmental revenue	52,	446,215		52,446,215		50,461,179		(1,985,036)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
P.U.D. filing fees		100,000		100,000		136,824		36,824
Annexation fees		4,000		4,000		5,986		1,986
Residential engineering fee		130,000		130,000		194,490		64,490
Commercial engineering fee		60,000		60,000		51,123		(8,877)
Plat review fees - easement				4,500		8,280		3,780
		4,500		4,300				
Plat review fees - right of ways		-		-		24,929		24,929
Sale of printed material Accident reports		10,000		10 000		10 16,895		(1.105)
Accident reports Photo lab		18,000		18,000				(1,105)
Police ranging services		200		200		61 5		(139)
1 once ranging services		-		-		3		5

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES (Continued)				
Meeting room fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,740	\$ 14,740
Ambulance report	2,500	2,500	4,716	2,216
Bail bond fees	72,000	72,000	40,405	(31,595)
Administrative tow fee	200,000	200,000	127,869	(72,131)
Clerk fees	10,400	10,400	11,072	672
Right of ways - other	20,000	20,000	23,280	3,280
Mowing services	28,000	28,000	36,910	8,910
Landscape services	220,000	220,000	210,032	(9,968)
Voluntary cart program	186,000	186,000	135,528	(50,472)
Cart delivery charge	7,000	7,000	8,090	1,090
DPW - services for DPU	70,000	70,000	57,031	(12,969)
N.F.P.D contract	1,090,000	1,090,000	1,098,206	8,206
Elevator inspections	85,000	85,000	79,039	(5,961)
Ambulance fees	3,800,000	3,800,000	5,232,628	1,432,628
Fire service fees	250,000	250,000	156,705	(93,295)
Police services	380,890	380,890	410,794	29,904
Billable police services	203,556	203,556	247,729	44,173
Billable fire services	182,767	182,767	119,225	(63,542)
Fire reimbursements	-	-	25,964	25,964
Billable TED service	1,533	1,533	13,202	11,669
Fire alarm monitoring	726,106	726,106	696,427	(29,679)
Billable DPW services	112,732	112,732	125,302	12,570
Garbage collection fee	6,338,613	6,338,613	6,292,031	(46,582)
Recycling Cart program	-	-	20	20
Charges for services	-	-	88,622	88,622
Other charges for services	3,033,124	3,033,124	2,956,669	(76,455)
Total charges for services	17,336,921	17,336,921	18,650,839	1,313,918
FRANCHISE FEES				
Rent income	62,050	62,050	62,057	7
WideOpenWest - cable franchise fee	650,000	650,000	594,877	(55,123)
WideOpenWest - 1% support fee	135,000	135,000	118,975	(16,025)
Comcast - cable franchise fee	1,450,000	1,450,000	1,618,523	168,523
Comcast - 1% support fee	295,000	295,000	323,705	28,705
Rents and royalties	131,500	131,500	293,795	162,295
Lease revenue	4,800	4,800	619	(4,181)
AT&T - cable franchise fee	425,000	425,000	342,098	(82,902)
AT&T - 1% support fee	85,000	85,000	68,420	(16,580)
Total franchise fees	3,238,350	3,238,350	3,423,069	184,719

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
MISCELLANEOUS							
Late payment charge	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$ 43,698	\$	8,698
Sale of surplus property		-		-	43,616		43,616
DPW - disposal/scrap		5,000		5,000	6,706		1,706
Nonrefundable bid deposit		-		-	25		25
Bad debt recovery		40,000		40,000	(7,635)		(47,635)
Cashier over/short		-		-	(131)		(131)
Damage to city property		20,000		20,000	37,573		17,573
Miscellaneous non revenues		3,500		3,500	5,615		2,115
NSF check charge		20,000		20,000	24,727		4,727
Information technology		-		-	8,251		8,251
Miscellaneous revenues		332,000		332,000	262,080		(69,920)
Total miscellaneous		455,500		455,500	424,525		(30,975)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 12	22,128,623	\$	122,128,623	\$ 121,214,385	\$	(914,238)

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget	0		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT							
Legislative							
Mayor and City Council							
Salaries	\$	229,562	\$	229,562	\$ 227,557	\$	2,005
Employee benefits		65,841		65,841	64,128		1,713
Other purchased services		35,000		35,000	1,408		33,592
Supplies		2,450		2,450	1,208		1,242
Internal services		1,444		1,444	1,440		4
Total Mayor and City Council	_	334,297		334,297	295,741		38,556
Alcohol and Tobacco Commission							
Other professional services		2,000		2,000	2,879		(879)
Other purchased services		3,000		3,000	57		2,943
Supplies		18,250		18,250	11,372		6,878
Total Alcohol and Tobacco Commission		23,250		23,250	14,308		8,942
Legal							
Legal department							
Salaries		804,382		804,382	690,459		113,923
Employee benefits		246,785		246,785	224,657		22,128
Other professional services		30,000		30,000	8,782		21,218
Other purchased services		42,100		42,100	25,274		16,826
Purchase property service		2,500		2,500	-		2,500
Supplies		45,500		45,500	33,539		11,961
Internal services	-	2,152		2,152	2,148		4
Total legal		1,173,419		1,173,419	984,859		188,560
Executive							
City Manager's Office							
Salaries		408,704		408,704	433,138		(24,434)
Employee benefits		109,478		109,478	119,315		(9,837)
Other professional services		44,164		44,164	64,514		(20,350)
Other purchased services		50,959		50,959	67,704		(16,745)
Supplies		1,800		1,800	673		1,127
Internal services		3,130		3,130	3,132		(2)
Total City Manager's Office		618,235		618,235	 688,476		(70,241)
Sister Cities Commission							
Other purchased services		3,350		3,350	3,331		19
Total Sister Cities Commission		3,350		3,350	3,331		19

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget E			Actual		Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)								
Executive (Continued)								
Board of Fire and Police								
Salaries	\$	61,534	\$	61,534	\$	63,132	\$	(1,598)
Employee benefits	Ψ	25,697	Ψ	25,697	Ψ	25,718	Ψ	(21)
Other professional services		82,641		82,641		66,991		15,650
Other purchased services		21,900		21,900		23,273		(1,373)
Supplies		1,700		1,700		2,245		(545)
Total Board of Fire and Police		193,472		193,472		181,359		12,113
Communications								
Salaries		260,954		260,954		242,703		18,251
Employee benefits		70,721		70,721		62,306		8,415
Technical services		99,740		99,740		56,228		43,512
Other professional services		55,500		55,500		59,652		(4,152)
Other purchased services		20,182		20,182		9,084		11,098
Purchased property		500		500		-		500
Supplies		6,700		6,700		475		6,225
Total communications		514,297		514,297		430,448		83,849
Human resources								
Salaries		574,014		574,014		542,720		31,294
Employee benefits		244,740		244,740		219,719		25,021
Technical services		11,441		11,441		1,523		9,918
Other professional services		122,022		122,022		63,778		58,244
Other purchased services		69,737		69,737		59,098		10,639
Supplies		23,613		23,613		21,493		2,120
Internal services		1,181		1,181		1,752		(571)
Total human resources		1,046,748		1,046,748		910,083		136,665
City clerk								
City Clerk's Office								
Salaries		493,312		493,312		450,971		42,341
Employee benefits		160,794		160,794		142,474		18,320
Other professional services		13,210		13,210		6,525		6,685
Purchased property		3,151		3,151		2,347		804
Other purchased services		87,750		87,750		16,899		70,851
Supplies		4,500		4,500		5,752		(1,252)
Property		-		-		7,767		(7,767)
Internal services		1,223		1,223		1,224		(1)
Other		7,000		7,000		8,511		(1,511)
Total City Clerk's Office		770,940		770,940		642,470		128,470

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		- 0		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget- Positive Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)								
City clerk (Continued)								
Reproduction micrographics service								
Salaries	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,302	\$	(2,302)
Employee benefits	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	230	Ψ	(230)
Property		-		-		78		(78)
Total reproduction micrographics service		-		-		2,610		(2,610)
Information technology								
Salaries		1,396,830		1,396,830		1,330,680		66,150
Employee benefits		604,726		604,726		590,079		14,647
Technical services		1,602,179		1,602,179		1,827,579		(225,400)
Purchased property		11,800		11,800		654		11,146
Other professional services		314,000		314,000		408,497		(94,497)
Other purchased services		765,679		765,679		745,878		19,801
Supplies		645,807		645,807		578,469		67,338
Property		457,000		457,000		252,695		204,305
Internal services		(802,808)		(802,808)		(802,812)		4
Total information technology		4,995,213		4,995,213		4,931,719		63,494
Financial administration								
Administration								
Salaries		417,930		417,930		392,347		25,583
Employee benefits		143,983		143,983		130,474		13,509
Technical services		178,657		178,657		317,539		(138,882)
Other professional services		229,798		229,798		267,967		(38,169)
Purchased property		2,000		2,000		176		1,824
Other purchased services		21,998		21,998		16,757		5,241
Supplies		29,670		29,670		15,572		14,098
Property		-		-		19,012		(19,012)
Internal services		4,856		4,856		4,860		(4)
Total administration		1,028,892		1,028,892		1,164,704		(135,812)
Billing and collection								
Salaries		78,182		78,182		43,247		34,935
Employee benefits		23,063		23,063		15,346		7,717
Technical services		6,250		6,250		5,807		443
Other professional services		-		-		14,608		(14,608)
Purchased property		500		500		-		500
Property		_		-		1,612		(1,612)
Other purchased services		-		-		13,811		(13,811)
Total billing and collection		107,995		107,995		94,431		13,564

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		0		Final Budget		Actual		nriance with nal Budget- Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)								
Financial administration (Continued)								
Procurement services								
Salaries	\$	295,802	\$	295,802	\$	300,397	\$	(4,595)
Employee benefits	-	123,172	_	123,172	-	123,691	_	(519)
Other purchased services		4,000		4,000		1,575		2,425
Supplies		-		-		37		(37)
Professional services		25,000		25,000		-		25,000
Total procurement services		447,974		447,974		425,700		22,274
Procurement services								
Salaries		125		125		1,189		(1,064)
Employee benefits		10		10				10
Total procurement services		135		135		1,189		(1,054)
General services		(277,026)		(277,026)		1,703,961		(1,980,987)
Total general government		10,981,191		10,981,191		12,475,389		(1,494,198)
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT								
Development review team								
Salaries		1,599,801		1,599,801		1,594,632		5,169
Employee benefits		551,248		551,248		544,672		6,576
Technical services		35,950		35,950		27,710		8,240
Total development review team	_	2,186,999		2,186,999		2,167,014		19,985
Special projects team								
Salaries		1,193,758		1,193,758		1,127,138		66,620
Employee benefits		474,477		474,477		400,340		74,137
Technical services		18,000		18,000		8,245		9,755
Other purchased services		66,815		66,815		60,494		6,321
Supplies		75,150		75,150		55,081		20,069
Property		2,000		2,000		1,993		7
Internal services		35,253		35,253		35,256		(3)
Total special projects team		1,865,453		1,865,453		1,688,547		176,906
Planning								
Salaries		327,602		327,602		338,038		(10,436)
Employee benefits		78,124		78,124		87,315		(9,191)
Other professional services		30,000		30,000		28,919		1,081
Total planning		435,726		435,726		454,272		(18,546)

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget				Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget- Positive Negative)
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT (Continued)								
Public buildings								
Salaries	\$	1,063,170	\$	1,063,170	\$	1,115,793	\$	(52,623)
Employee benefits	Ψ	391,065	Ψ	391,065	Ψ	403,565	Ψ	(12,500)
Technical services		238,146		238,146		205,982		32,164
Other professional services		20,000		20,000		20,733		(733)
Purchased property		500,200		500,200		426,096		74,104
Other purchased services		5,546		5,546		4,676		870
Supplies		1,222,085		1,222,085		1,233,969		(11,884)
Property		237,000		237,000		129,139		107,861
Total public buildings		3,677,212		3,677,212		3,539,953		137,259
Total physical environment		8,165,390		8,165,390		7,849,786		315,604
PUBLIC SAFETY Police								
Office of Chief of Police								
Salaries		1,579,274		1,579,274		1,364,812		214,462
Employee benefits		802,232		802,232		730,539		71,693
Other professional services		168,960		168,960		143,701		25,259
Purchased property services		19,700		19,700		19,194		506
Other purchased services		82,840		82,840		76,575		6,265
Supplies		105,100		105,100		82,694		22,406
Property		8,100		8,100		11,202		(3,102)
Other services and charges		4,000		4,000		4,000		-
Total Office of Chief of Police		2,770,206		2,770,206		2,432,717		337,489
Administrative services								
Salaries		582,644		582,644		658,074		(75,430)
Employee benefits		66,494		66,494		74,528		(8,034)
Other professional services		10,000		10,000		12,848		(2,848)
Purchased property services		6,781		6,781		5,143		1,638
Other purchased services		187,320		187,320		198,801		(11,481)
Supplies		248,583		248,583		222,414		26,169
Internal services		6,153,465		6,153,465		6,277,615		(124,150)
Total administrative services		7,255,287		7,255,287		7,449,423		(194,136)
Patrol								
Salaries		14,431,878		14,431,878		13,665,146		766,732
Employee benefits		2,191,053		2,191,053		2,136,712		54,341
Other professional services		13,700		13,700		12,250		1,450
Purchased property		9,500		9,500		2,789		6,711
Supplies		92,952		92,952		101,535		(8,583)
Property		40,400		40,400		33,205		7,195
Total patrol		16,779,483		16,779,483		15,951,637		827,846

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued)				
Police (Continued)				
Investigations				
Salaries	\$ 7,397,038	\$ 7,397,038	\$ 7,449,116	\$ (52,078)
Employee benefits	1,298,865		1,266,932	31,933
Other professional services	117,889		130,503	(12,614)
Purchased property services	13,175	*	6,654	6,521
Other purchased services	2,500	,	2,015	485
Supplies	122,350		152,047	(29,697)
Total investigations	8,951,817	8,951,817	9,007,267	(55,450)
Communications				
Salaries	2,428,741	2,428,741	2,253,642	175,099
Employee benefits	804,652	804,652	737,519	67,133
Technical services	11,800	11,800	10,564	1,236
Other professional services	8,522	8,522	500	8,022
Purchased property services	532,928	532,928	510,374	22,554
Other purchased services	66,374	· ·	61,027	5,347
Supplies	37,902	2 37,902	27,659	10,243
Total communications	3,890,919	3,890,919	3,601,285	289,634
Fire				
Fire administration				
Salaries	1,736,535	1,736,535	1,633,136	103,399
Employee benefits	655,011	655,011	629,515	25,496
Technical services	40,316	40,316	29,373	10,943
Other professional services	431,300	431,300	440,902	(9,602)
Purchased property services	22,000	22,000	38,426	(16,426)
Other purchased services	86,340	86,340	64,667	21,673
Supplies	172,650	172,650	103,908	68,742
Internal services	6,791,646	6,791,646	6,760,579	31,067
Total fire administration	9,935,798	9,935,798	9,700,506	235,292
Operations division				
Salaries	20,425,627		19,564,477	861,150
Employee benefits	2,987,487		2,951,377	36,110
Technical services	105,795	· ·	108,864	(3,069)
Other professional services	146,000	146,000	95,645	50,355
Purchased property services	158,200		57,081	101,119
Other purchased services	80,750	80,750	70,112	10,638
Supplies	744,650	744,650	656,853	87,797
Property	40,000	40,000	4,646	35,354
Total operations division	24,688,509	24,688,509	23,509,055	1,179,454
Total public safety	74,272,019	74,272,019	71,651,890	2,620,129

$DETAILED \ SCHEDULE \ OF \ EXPENDITURES - BUDGET \ AND \ ACTUAL \ (Continued)$ GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget- Positive Negative)
TRANSPORTATION								
Public works								
Administration								
Salaries	\$ 6	13,600	\$	613,600	\$	621,555	\$	(7,955)
Employee benefits		44,413		344,413		343,965		448
Technical services		6,717		6,717		6,954		(237)
Professional services		8,725		8,725		2,870		5,855
Other purchased services		50,455		50,455		44,123		6,332
Supplies		15,915		15,915		6,705		9,210
Internal services		59,388		59,388		59,388		
Total administration	1,0	99,213		1,099,213		1,085,560		13,653
Strategic services								
Salaries	3	87,402		387,402		479,833		(92,431)
Employee benefits	1	08,144		108,144		122,311		(14,167)
Technical services	3	43,085		343,085		319,545		23,540
Other professional services		3,800		3,800		5,255		(1,455)
Purchased property services	6,7	58,494		6,758,494		7,068,064		(309,570)
Other purchased services		13,000		13,000		11,410		1,590
Supplies	2	01,265		201,265		155,310		45,955
Internal services	1	50,000		150,000		150,000		-
Total strategic services	7,9	65,190		7,965,190		8,311,728		(346,538)
Operations and maintenance								
Salaries	4,5	83,484		4,583,484		4,426,064		157,420
Employee benefits	1,6	25,122		1,625,122		1,585,019		40,103
Technical services	1,6	58,540		1,658,540		1,225,683		432,857
Other professional services		7,500		7,500		3,299		4,201
Purchased property services	2	65,175		265,175		215,630		49,545
Other purchased services		50,980		50,980		32,811		18,169
Supplies	1,4	29,675		1,429,675		1,233,450		196,225
Property		-		-		132		(132)
Total operations and maintenance	9,6	20,476		9,620,476		8,722,088		898,388
Fleet services								
Salaries	1,0	87,694		1,087,694		1,221,389		(133,695)
Employee benefits	3	85,074		385,074		421,593		(36,519)
Technical services		28,820		28,820		14,803		14,017
Purchased property services	4	17,000		417,000		450,471		(33,471)
Other purchased services		33,030		33,030		29,135		3,895
Supplies	2,1	21,475		2,121,475		1,709,035		412,440
Property		-		-		32,243		(32,243)
Other services and charges		5,500		5,500		9,300		(3,800)
Total fleet services	4,0	78,593		4,078,593		3,887,969		190,624

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
TRANSPORTATION (Continued)				
Transportation and engineering				
Administration				
Salaries	\$ 774,624	4 \$ 774,624	\$ 853,299	\$ (78,675)
Employee benefits	225,693			(45,895)
Technical services	5,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	5,000
Other professional services	64,000			38,168
Purchased property services	9,320	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,715
Other purchased services	335,025	,		72,483
Supplies	175,705	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		20,711
Other	320,475	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		55,606
Other	320,473	320,473	204,809	33,000
Total administration	1,909,842	2 1,909,842	1,834,729	75,113
Total transportation	24,673,314	24,673,314	23,842,074	831,240
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Carillon				
Supplies		-	198	(198)
Total Carillon			198	(198)
Riverwalk				
Salaries	27,456	5 27,456	27,590	(134)
Employee benefits	5,322	5,322	5,345	(23)
Technical services	52,000	52,000	31,498	20,502
Other purchased services	2,060	2,060	238	1,822
Supplies	270	270	228	42
Total Riverwalk	87,108	87,108	64,899	22,209
Total culture and recreation	87,108	87,108	65,097	22,011
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 118,179,022	2 \$ 118,179,022	\$ 115,884,236	\$ 2,294,786

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 8,759,076	\$ 8,759,076	\$ 8,620,843	\$	(138,233)
Intergovernmental revenues	, ,	, ,	, ,		` , ,
Sales tax	4,055,000	4,055,000	4,083,516		28,516
Other	-	-	163,973		163,973
Net investment income	 -	-	(132,755)		(132,755)
Total revenues	 12,814,076	12,814,076	12,735,577		(78,499)
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service					
Principal	10,155,746	10,155,746	10,155,746		-
Interest and fees	 3,199,330	3,199,330	3,199,330		-
Total expenditures	 13,355,076	13,355,076	13,355,076		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (541,000)	(541,000)	(619,499)		(78,499)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	541,000	541,000	783,664		242,664
Total other financing sources (uses)	 541,000	541,000	783,664		242,664
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	164,165	\$	164,165
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			2,986,710		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 3,150,875		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - to account for the state allotments approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and 75% of the local motor fuel tax and restricted to fund the street maintenance and various improvements projects.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - to account for the Community Development Block Grant approved by the Federal government and restricted to fund the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) projects.

Fair Share Assessment Fund - to account for street maintenance and improvement projects financed and restricted by the impact fees ordinance. All projects require the advance approval of the Transportation Management Advisory Committee and City Council. In 2009, the Council rescinded the impact fees ordinance. No impact fees revenue has been received since FY 2010.

Road and Bridge Fund - to account for the accumulation of 25% of the local motor fuel tax and the City's share of the four Townships' roadway funds, restricted for the street maintenance.

Naper Settlement Fund - to account for a property tax, one primary revenue source, levied and restricted for the operation and maintenance of the Naper Settlement Museum. In addition, there are donations, fees and interest earnings assigned to supplement the Settlement's program. The Settlement is administered by a Board of Directors, appointed by Council. The City Council approves the annual budget and property tax levy.

Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund - to account for state allotment of charges assessed to insurance companies who insure out of state organizations that do business in the State of Illinois and is restricted for fire department related purposes.

E-911 Surcharge Fund - to account for the receipt of E911 surcharges restricted to fund the operation of the E-911 system.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Food and Beverage Tax Fund - to account for the accumulation of 75% of the Food and Beverage tax, restricted to fund the social and artistic events and entities, providing cultural experiences for the Naperville community and its visitors.

Special Service Area #24 Fund - to account for the cost-sharing paid by property owners and the City, restricted to fund the maintenance and support services for enhancing downtown Naperville including improvements to the Chicago Avenue parking deck.

Test Track Fund - to account for the car dealership contributions restricted to fund the auto test rack maintenance.

Water Street TIF Fund - to account for the receipt and disbursement of Water Street TIF, a financing mechanism for the Water Street Redevelopment Project and to account for the 2014 G.O. bond proceeds of \$6,220,000 to be restrictedly used for the Water Street Improvements. The eligible costs are restricted to the Water Street redevelopment project and may include, but not limited to, water storm, sanitary sewer, the service of public facilities and spaces pursuant to the Act, and road improvements.

Drug Forfeiture Fund - to account for the accumulation of funds seized by the City's authorities and restricted by the State and Federal governments for drug prevention expenditures.

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Federal Grants Fund - to account for the receipt and disbursement of Energy Efficiency Conservation Block Program and Police Technology grants, restricted and approved by the Federal government under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

Special Service Area #25 Fund - to account for the cost-sharing paid by property owners and the City, restricted to fund the traffic signal for enhancing south Naperville at Lacrosse St. and Rt. 59.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The following Debt Service Funds are established to account for the restricted resources required for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debts. The debt service funds are legal in nature. They are established in accordance with the City's ordinances.

Special Service Area #21 Fund - to establish a financing mechanism for repayment of a proportionate share of the cost to design and construct a parking deck on Van Buren Street.

Special Service Area #23 Fund - to establish a financing mechanism to collect a portion of the debt service for the Van Buren parking deck expansion. The City ceased to levy SSA #23 in December 2012 and will not levy it until December 2014.

Downtown Parking Fund - to account for the collection of the Downtown Food and Beverage Tax in repayment of one-third of the debt service for the acquisition of the Van Buren parking deck expansion.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Fund - to account for major capital improvement projects (CIP's) on an as needed basis. Yearly transfers from the other funds are done for funding of CIP projects.

Bond Project Fund - to account for the proceeds of \$11,120,000 to be restricted for the capital improvements, including upgrades and repairs to capital equipment, municipal buildings/lots and Information Technology items; construction of traffic signals and streets including upgrading intersections; stormwater management programs; citywide LED street lighting conversion; Emerald Ash Borer tree removal and replacement; reconstruction/rehabilitation of bridges; and Riverwalk improvements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2017

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Fair Share Assessment Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Naper Settlement Fund	Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Receivables Property taxes	\$ 692,320	\$ 62,461	\$ 8,922	\$ 426,405 -	\$ 1,228,116 2,898,272	\$ 538,290
Interest Accounts receivable Less allowance for doubtful accounts	1,669	-	22	1,074 234,700	2,983	-
Loans and installments Due from other governments	313,445	71,692	-		-	-
Total assets	1,007,434	134,153	8,944	662,179	4,129,371	538,290
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	=	=	=	=	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,007,434	\$ 134,153	\$ 8,944	\$ 662,179	\$ 4,129,371	\$ 538,290
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits	\$ 194,296 -	\$ 71,692	\$ -	\$ 12,250 25,190	\$ 31,316 90,633	\$ - -
Due to other governments	-	97,394	-	-	-	-
Due to fiduciary funds Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract retainage payable Unearned grant revenues and others	63,884	-	-	-	470	-
Total liabilities	258,180	169,086	-	37,440	122,419	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	-	-	-	-	2,898,272	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	-	2,898,272	-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	258,180	169,086	-	37,440	3,020,691	-
FUND BALANCES Restricted for						
Debt service	- 749,254	-	- 8,944	624,739	-	-
Highways, streets, and parking facilities Public safety	149,234	-	- 0,944	024,739	-	538,290
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation Committed to	-	-	-	-	1,108,680	-
Highways, streets, and parking facilities Assigned to	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects Unassigned	<u> </u>	(34,933)	-	-		- -
Total fund balances (deficit)	749,254	(34,933)	8,944	624,739	1,108,680	538,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,007,434	\$ 134,153	\$ 8,944	\$ 662,179	\$ 4,129,371	\$ 538,290

E-911 Surcharge Fund		arge Beverage		Beverage Area #24			Test Water Street Track TIF Fund Fund			I	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Americal Recovery a Reinvestmo Act Feder Grants Fu		Special Service Area #25 Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds	
\$	255	\$	518,013	\$	881,806	\$	31,750	\$	5,167,321	\$	750,761	\$	-	\$ 12,959	\$	10,319,37	
	-		- 966		1,013,351 2,026		-		248,166 12,109		1,809		-	68,000 31		4,227,78 22,68	
	64,000		405,783		_		35,407		_		_		_	_		739,89	
	-		-		30,393		-		-		-		-	-		30,39	
	771,693		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		1,156,83	
	835,948		924,762		1,927,576		67,157		5,427,596		752,570		-	80,990		16,496,97	
			_		-											-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		_	
\$	835,948	\$	924,762	\$	1,927,576	\$	67,157	\$	5,427,596	\$	752,570	\$	_	\$ 80,990	\$	16,496,9	
\$	- - -	\$	205,843 5,528 - 128,420	\$	22,820 33,284	\$	1,475 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	3,352 - 26,295 -	\$	- - -	\$ - - - -	\$	543,0 154,6 123,6 128,4	
	-		-		-		65,702		-		-		-	-		65,7	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	521,153		521,1 63,8	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		4	
	-		339,791		56,104		67,177		-		29,647		_	521,153		1,600,9	
	-		-		1,013,351		-		248,166		-		-	68,000		4,227,7	
	-		-		1,013,351		-		248,166		-		-	68,000		4,227,7	
	-		339,791		1,069,455		67,177		248,166		29,647		-	589,153		5,828,7	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	
	835,948		-		-		-		-		- 722,923		-	-		1,382,9 2,097,1	
	-		-		-		-		5,179,430				-	-		5,179,4	
	-		584,971		-		-		-		-		-	-		1,693,6	
	-		-		858,121		-		-		-		-	-		858,1	
	-		-		-		(20)		-		-		-	(508,163)		(543,1	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2017

	Debt	ds	Capital Pro	_		
	Special Service A	reas Funds #23	Downtown Parking Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Bond Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 822,561 \$	93,834	\$ 2,740,902	\$ 12,935,912	\$ 6,301,341	\$ 33,213,929
Receivables Property taxes	200,000	98,939	_	_	_	4,526,728
Interest	1,994	227	6,638	31,237	15,153	77,938
Accounts receivable			2,222	,	,	,
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	-	-	201,547	11,167	-	952,604
Loans and installments	-	-	-	-	-	30,393
Due from other governments		-	-	136,910		1,293,740
Total assets	1,024,555	193,000	2,949,087	13,115,226	6,316,494	40,095,332
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
None		-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	=	-	_			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,024,555 \$	193,000	\$ 2,949,087	\$ 13,115,226	\$ 6,316,494	\$ 40,095,33
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ - \$	-	\$ 1,506	\$ 642,319	\$ 629,367	\$ 1,816,23
Accrued wages and benefits	-	-	-	-	-	154,63
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	123,68
Due to fiduciary funds Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	128,420 65,70
Advances from other funds	- -	-	-	-		521,15
Contract retainage payable	-	-	=	136,416	-	200,30
Unearned grant revenues and others		-	-	3,032,654	-	3,033,12
Total liabilities		-	1,506	3,811,389	629,367	6,043,25
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF BALANCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	200,000	98,939	-	-	-	4,526,72
Total deferred inflows of resources	200,000	98,939	-	-	-	4,526,728
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	200,000	98,939	1,506	3,811,389	629,367	10,569,98
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for						
Debt service	824,555	94,061	2,947,581	-	-	3,866,197
Highways, streets, and parking facilities Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	1,382,93° 2,097,16
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	5,687,127	10,866,55
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	1,693,65
Committed to						,,
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	-	-	-	-	-	858,12
Assigned to				0.202.025		0.202.02
Capital projects Unassigned	-	-	-	9,303,837	-	9,303,83
Onassigned			-	-	-	(543,110
Total fund balances (deficit)	824,555	94,061	2,947,581	9,303,837	5,687,127	29,525,345

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Fair Share Assessment Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Naper Settlement Fund	Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund				
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 323,268	\$ 2,948,397	\$ -				
Other taxes	-	-	-	2,734,625	-	-				
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	62,412	-	-				
Fines and forfeits	-	_	-	-	-	-				
Net investment income (loss)	2,167	_	5,378	38,490	(3,547)	663				
Contributions	_	_	-	_	-	-				
Intergovernmental	3,679,434	350,433	_	_	_	250,941				
Charges for services	-	-	_	_	537,985	200,5 .1				
Miscellaneous	58,255	_	_	1,122	-	_				
Miscerancous	36,233			1,122						
Total revenues	3,739,856	350,433	5,378	3,159,917	3,482,835	251,604				
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Physical environment	-	397,352	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	269,758				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	3,514,521	-				
Transportation	-	-	-	748,367	-	_				
Capital outlay	3,333,534	-	523,750	4,919,136	-	-				
Debt service										
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Interest		-	-	-	-					
Total expenditures	3,333,534	397,352	523,750	5,667,503	3,514,521	269,758				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	406,322	(46,919)	(518,372)	(2,507,586)	(31,686)	(18,154)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	2,800,000	-	-				
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sale of property	-	-	-	-	-	-				
New bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Premium on bonds issued		-	-	-	-	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	2,800,000	-					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	406,322	(46,919)	(518,372)	292,414	(31,686)	(18,154)				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1	342,932	11,986	527,316	332,325	1,140,366	556,444				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 749,254	\$ (34,933)	\$ 8,944	\$ 624,739	\$ 1,108,680	\$ 538,290				

S	E-911 Surcharge Fund	Food and Beverage Tax Fund	Special Service Area #24 Fund	Service Test Area #24 Track		e Funds ater Street TIF Fund	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Rec Rein Act	merican overy and nvestment t Federal ants Fund	Special Service Area #25 Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 941,579	\$	-	\$ 57,809	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 68,019
	-	4,392,496	-		-	-	-		-	-
	-	-	53,545		-	-	-		-	-
	130	18,577	23,449		-	25,927	9,263		-	(12)
	-	-	-		29,225	167,835	-		-	- 1
	- 2.000.505	-	-		-	-	165,239		-	-
	2,088,585	8,508	12,707 14,790		-	-	1,173		-	-
	2,088,715	4,419,581	1,046,070		29,225	251,571	175,675		-	68,007
	_	_	_		_	6,616	_		-	_
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
	1,766,620	3,722,163	-		-	-	157,044		-	-
	-	3,722,103	1,815,244		37,498	-	-		-	-
	-	-	-		-	227,313	-		-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
	1,766,620	3,722,163	1,815,244		37,498	233,929	157,044		-	-
	322,095	697,418	(769,174)		(8,273)	17,642	18,631		_	68,007
	522,000	0,7,110	(,0,1,1,1)		(0,270)	17,0.2	10,001			00,007
	-	-	975,000		-	-	-		-	-
	-	(783,664)	-		-	-	-		(35,100)	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
	-	(783,664)	975,000		-	-	-		(35,100)	-
	322,095	(86,246)	205,826		(8,273)	17,642	18,631		(35,100)	68,007
	513,853	671,217	652,295		8,253	5,161,788	704,292		35,100	(576,170)
\$	835,948	\$ 584,971	\$ 858,121	\$	(20)	\$ 5,179,430	\$ 722,923	\$	-	\$ (508,163)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		D	ebt S	ervice Fun	ds			Capital Pro	_			
	Spe	ecial Servi #21	ce Ar	ea Funds #23	D	Oowntown Parking Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Bond Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
DEVENITIES												
REVENUES	¢	201.750	¢.	76.761	ď	_	ф		d		ф	4 (17 502
Property taxes	\$	201,759	\$	76,761 -	\$	- 865,816	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,617,592 7,992,937
Other taxes Licenses and permits		-		-		603,810		-		-		62,412
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-		-		-		53,545
Net investment income (loss)		10,647		2,287		22,412		132,746		48,340		336,917
Contributions		10,047		2,207		22,412		359,428		46,340		556,488
Intergovernmental		-		-		460,076		4,847,343		-		9,753,466
Charges for services		-		-		-		4,647,545		_		2,639,277
Miscellaneous		_		-		_		247,972		_		331,820
Miscenaneous								241,912		<u>-</u>		331,620
Total revenues		212,406		79,048		1,348,304		5,587,489		48,340		26,344,454
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		6,616
Physical environment		-		-		-		-		-		397,352
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		2,193,422
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		7,236,684
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-		2,601,109
Capital outlay		-		-		337,783		5,629,785		4,088,311		19,059,612
Debt service												
Principal		179,263		-		319,075		-		-		498,338
Interest		45,382		-		61,263		-		-		106,645
Total expenditures		224,645		-		718,121		5,629,785		4,088,311		32,099,778
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES		(12,239)		79,048		630,183		(42,296)		(4,039,971)		(5,755,324)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		-		-		35,100		-		3,810,100
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		(818,764)
Sale of property		-		-		-		221,162		-		221,162
New bonds issued		-		-		-		-		6,980,000		6,980,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		-		-		179,109		179,109
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		256,262		7,159,109		10,371,607
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(12,239)		79,048		630,183		213,966		3,119,138		4,616,283
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1		836,794		15,013		2,317,398		9,089,871		2,567,989		24,909,062
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$	824,555	\$	94,061	\$	2,947,581	\$	9,303,837	\$	5,687,127	\$	29,525,345

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES					
Net investment income	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000	\$ 2,167	\$	(8,833)
Intergovernmental revenue - allotments from state and grants	3,775,000	3,775,000	3,679,434		(95,566)
Miscellaneous	-	-	58,255		58,255
Total revenues	3,786,000	3,786,000	3,739,856		(46,144)
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	3,775,000	3,775,000	3,333,534		441,466
Total expenditures	 3,775,000	3,775,000	3,333,534		441,466
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000	406,322	\$	395,322
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			342,932	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 749,254	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget- Positive Negative)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental - federal grant	\$ 459,468	\$ 459,468	\$ 350,433	\$	(109,035)
Total revenues	459,468	459,468	350,433		(109,035)
EXPENDITURES					
Physical environment					
Outside agencies	459,468	459,468	397,352		62,116
Total expenditures	459,468	459,468	397,352		62,116
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(46,919)	\$	(46,919)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			 11,986	•	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$ (34,933)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fina F	iance with Il Budget - Positive regative)
REVENUES						
Property tax	\$ 315,000	\$ 315,000	\$	323,268	\$	8,268
Other taxes						
Local gasoline	2,645,000	2,645,000		2,699,392		54,392
Personal property replacement tax	35,000	35,000		35,233		233
Licenses and permits	60,000	60,000		62,412		2,412
Net investment income	-	-		38,490		38,490
Miscellaneous	 -	-		1,122		1,122
Total revenues	 3,055,000	3,055,000		3,159,917		104,917
EXPENDITURES						
Transportation						
Salaries	508,526	508,526		552,387		(43,861)
Employee benefits	195,332	195,332		195,980		(648)
Capital outlay	5,147,500	5,147,500		4,919,136		228,364
	- , - ,	-, -,		, ,		- ,
Total expenditures	5,851,358	5,851,358		5,667,503		183,855
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (2,796,358)	(2,796,358)		(2,507,586)		288,772
OTHER FINANCING COURCE (LICES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	2,800,000	2,800,000		2,800,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,800,000	2,800,000		2,800,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,642	\$ 3,642	ı	292,414	\$	288,772
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				332,325	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	624,739	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NAPER SETTLEMENT FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	2,927,272	\$	2,927,272	\$	2,948,397	\$	21,125
Net investment income	Ψ	5,600	Ψ	5,600	Ψ	(3,547)	Ψ	(9,147)
Charges for services		3,000		3,000		(3,347)		(),147)
School services and programs		185,000		185,000		189,715		4,715
Museum tours		10,000		10,000		11,150		1,150
Public program revenue		72,000		72,000		76,123		4,123
Gate admissions		52,000		52,000		49,605		(2,395)
Settlement - weddings		100,000		100,000		96,797		(3,203)
Settlement - other		70,470		70,470		73,473		3,003
Settlement - MCOM		-		-		41,122		41,122
Contributions		481,294		481,294		-		(481,294)
								<u> </u>
Total revenues		3,903,636		3,903,636		3,482,835		(420,801)
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation								
Settlement administration								
Salaries		560,857		560,857		484,804		76,053
Employee benefits		218,699		218,699		169,825		48,874
Technical services		31,851		31,851		21,568		10,283
Other professional services		57,917		57,917		1,976		55,941
Other purchased services		30,379		30,379		25,088		5,291
Supplies		33,680		33,680		19,907		13,773
Internal services		77,635		77,635		108,288		(30,653)
Visitor services								
Salaries		577,429		577,429		643,946		(66,517)
Employee benefits		202,265		202,265		179,141		23,124
Technical services		12,500		12,500		17,170		(4,670)
Other professional services		6,050		6,050		3,445		2,605
Other purchased services		1,700		1,700		2,921		(1,221)
Supplies		21,800		21,800		22,411		(611)
Building and grounds								
Salaries		255,164		255,164		187,866		67,298
Employee benefits		124,910		124,910		79,284		45,626
Technical services		99,392		99,392		161,442		(62,050)
Purchase property services		167,380		167,380		159,567		7,813

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NAPER SETTLEMENT FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive (egative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Culture and recreation (Continued)								
Building and grounds (Continued)								
Other purchased services	\$	495	\$	495	\$	-	\$	495
Supplies		167,411		167,411		155,538		11,873
Property		110,000		110,000		157,799		(47,799)
Internal services		280		280		276		4
Development								
Salaries		450,617		450,617		253,520		197,097
Employee benefits		151,306		151,306		79,553		71,753
Other purchased services		-		-		70		(70)
Artifact and preservation								
Salaries		249,682		249,682		241,708		7,974
Employee benefits		97,288		97,288		78,929		18,359
Technical services		6,800		6,800		7,621		(821)
Other purchased services		-		-		200		(200)
Supplies		4,523		4,523		4,346		177
Public relations/marketing								
Salaries		162,326		162,326		89,770		72,556
Employee benefits		53,125		53,125		37,861		15,264
Technical services		12,475		12,475		15,761		(3,286)
Other purchased services		139,218		139,218		102,870		36,348
Supplies		3,095		3,095		50		3,045
Total expenditures		4,088,249		4,088,249		3,514,521		573,728
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(184,613)	\$	(184,613)	:	(31,686)	\$	152,927
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						1,140,366	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	1,108,680	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL E-911 SURCHARGE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina H	iance with al Budget - Positive (egative)
REVENUES					
Net investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130	\$	130
Charges for services	1,825,464	1,825,464	2,088,585		263,121
Total revenues	 1,825,464	1,825,464	2,088,715		263,251
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety					
Internal services	1,825,464	1,825,464	1,766,620		58,844
Total expenditures	 1,825,464	1,825,464	1,766,620		58,844
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	322,095	\$	322,095
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			513,853	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 835,948	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOOD AND BEVERAGE TAX FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Food and beverage tax	\$ 3,988,500	\$ 3,988,500	\$	4,392,496	\$	403,996
Net investment income	8,750	8,750		18,577		9,827
Miscellaneous	8,000	8,000		8,508		508
Total revenues	4,005,250	4,005,250		4,419,581		414,331
EXPENDITURES						
Culture and recreation						
Salaries	568,972	568,972		590,823		(21,851)
Employee benefits	1,014,369	1,014,369		1,046,666		(32,297)
Other purchased services	292,711	292,711		298,964		(6,253)
Supplies	4,815	4,815		35,079		(30,264)
Outside agencies	1,554,364	1,554,364		1,750,631		(196,267)
Internal services	12,114	12,114		-		12,114
Total expenditures	 3,447,345	3,447,345		3,722,163		(274,818)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	 557,905	557,905		697,418		139,513
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(541,000)	(541,000)		(783,664)		(242,664)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (541,000)	(541,000)		(783,664)		(242,664)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 16,905	\$ 16,905	;	(86,246)	\$	(103,151)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				671,217	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	584,971	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #24 FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive (egative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	933,590	\$	933,590	\$	941,579	\$	7,989
Fines	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	53,545	Ψ	(16,455)
Net investment income		-		-		23,449		23,449
Charges for services		11,500		11,500		12,707		1,207
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		14,790		(85,210)
Total revenues		1,115,090		1,115,090		1,046,070		(69,020)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation								
Salaries		568,509		568,509		534,591		33,918
Employee benefits		166,142		166,142		147,270		18,872
Professional		907,553		907,553		755,938		151,615
Other purchased services		226,742		226,742		169,951		56,791
Supplies		262,100		262,100		203,077		59,023
Property		584,875		584,875		1		584,874
Internal services		6,626		6,626		4,416		2,210
Total expenditures		2,722,547		2,722,547		1,815,244		907,303
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,607,457)		(1,607,457)		(769,174)		838,283
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		951,279		951,279		975,000		23,721
Total other financing sources (uses)		951,279		951,279		975,000		23,721
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(656,178)	\$	(656,178)	ŀ	205,826	\$	862,004
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						652,295	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	858,121	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TEST TRACK FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							
Contributions	\$	55,015	\$ 55,015	\$	29,225	\$	(25,790)
Total revenues		55,015	55,015		29,225		(25,790)
EXPENDITURES							
Transportation							
Technical services		14,000	14,000		1,591		12,409
Purchase property services		16,395	16,395		15,118		1,277
Other purchased services		3,620	3,620		3,208		412
Supplies		21,000	21,000		17,581		3,419
Total expenditures		55,015	55,015		37,498		17,517
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -	ı	(8,273)	\$	(8,273)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					8,253	_	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31				\$	(20)	· =	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRUG FORFEITURE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Net investment income	\$ 7,050	\$ 7,050	\$	9,263	\$	2,213
Intergovernmental	281,500	281,500		165,239		(116,261)
Miscellaneous	 -	<u>-</u>		1,173		1,173
Total revenues	 288,550	288,550		175,675		(112,875)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Professional services	55,000	55,000		21,517		33,483
Other purchased services	73,000	73,000		17,935		55,065
Supplies	119,000	119,000		48,896		70,104
Property	-	-		60,650		(60,650)
Internal services	25,000	25,000		7,377		17,623
Outside agencies	 9,500	9,500		669		8,831
Total expenditures	 281,500	281,500		157,044		124,456
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,050	\$ 7,050	•	18,631	\$	11,581
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				704,292	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	722,923	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

		riginal Sudget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina F	iance with al Budget- Positive (egative)
REVENUES None	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-		
Total expenditures		-		-		-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		-		-		(35,100)		(35,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(35,100)		(35,100)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-		(35,100)	\$	(35,100)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						35,100	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	-	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #25 FUND

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina P	iance with I Budget - Positive egative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 68,000	\$ 68,000	\$ 68,019		19
Net investment income (loss)	-	_	(12)		(12)
Total revenues	68,000	68,000	68,007		(7)
EXPENDITURES					
None	 -	-	-		
Total expenditures	-	-	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 68,000	\$ 68,000	68,007	\$	(7)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1			(576,170)	-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$ (508,163)	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #21 FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 201,759	\$	1,759
Net investment income		-		-	10,647		10,647
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000	-		(15,000)
Total revenues		215,000		215,000	212,406		(2,594)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service							
Principal		179,263		179,263	179,263		-
Interest		45,382		45,382	45,382		
Total expenditures		224,645		224,645	224,645		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(9,645)	\$	(9,645)	(12,239)	\$	(2,594)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					836,794	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$ 824,555	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #23 FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 103,585	\$ 103,585	\$	76,761	\$	(26,824)
Net investment income	-	-		2,287		2,287
Total revenues	 103,585	103,585		79,048		(24,537)
EXPENDITURES None	-	-		-		
Total expenditures	-	-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 103,585	\$ 103,585	•	79,048	\$	(24,537)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				15,013	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	94,061	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN PARKING FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Other taxes								
Food and beverage tax	\$	925,000	\$	925,000	\$	865,816	\$	(59,184)
Net investment income		25,000		25,000		22,412		(2,588)
Intergovernmental								
Sales tax		384,000		384,000		460,076		76,076
Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000		-		(25,000)
Total revenues		1,359,000		1,359,000		1,348,304		(10,696)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		-		-		337,783		(337,783)
Debt service								
Principal		319,075		319,075		319,075		-
Interest		61,263		61,263		61,263		-
Total expenditures		380,338		380,338		718,121		(337,783)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	978,662	\$	978,662	ı	630,183	\$	(348,479)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						2,317,398	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	2,947,581	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Net investment income	\$	_	\$	_	\$	132,746	\$	132,746
Contributions	Ψ	2,997,000	Ψ	2,997,000	Ψ	359,428	Ψ	(2,637,572)
Intergovernmental		_,,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,,,		,		(=,== , ,= , = , =)
Sales taxes		4,088,500		4,088,500		4,589,029		500,529
Grants		2,827,534		2,827,534		258,314		(2,569,220)
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		247,972		147,972
Total revenues		10,013,034		10,013,034		5,587,489		(4,425,545)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		13,364,251		13,364,251		5,629,785		7,734,466
Total expenditures		13,364,251		13,364,251		5,629,785		7,734,466
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,351,217)		(3,351,217)		(42,296)		3,308,921
OFFICE COLUMNIC COLUMNIC (AIGEG)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						35,100		35,100
Sale of property		-		-		221,162		221,162
Sale of property						221,102		221,102
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-		256,262		256,262
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,351,217)	\$	(3,351,217)		213,966	\$	3,565,183
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						9,089,871	ı	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				;	\$	9,303,837	ı	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BOND PROJECT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Net investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,340	\$ 48,340
Total revenues		-	48,340	48,340
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	7,720,005	7,720,005	4,088,311	3,631,694
Total expenditures	7,720,005	7,720,005	4,088,311	3,631,694
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,720,005)	(7,720,005)	(4,039,971)	3,680,034
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) New bonds issued Premium on bonds issued	7,720,005	7,720,005	6,980,000 179,109	(740,005) 179,109
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,720,005	7,720,005	7,159,109	(560,896)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	3,119,138	\$ 3,119,138
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			2,567,989	-
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 5,687,127	-

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds - to account for the accumulation of retirement and disability benefits as required by state statute. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the City determined by an actuarial study.

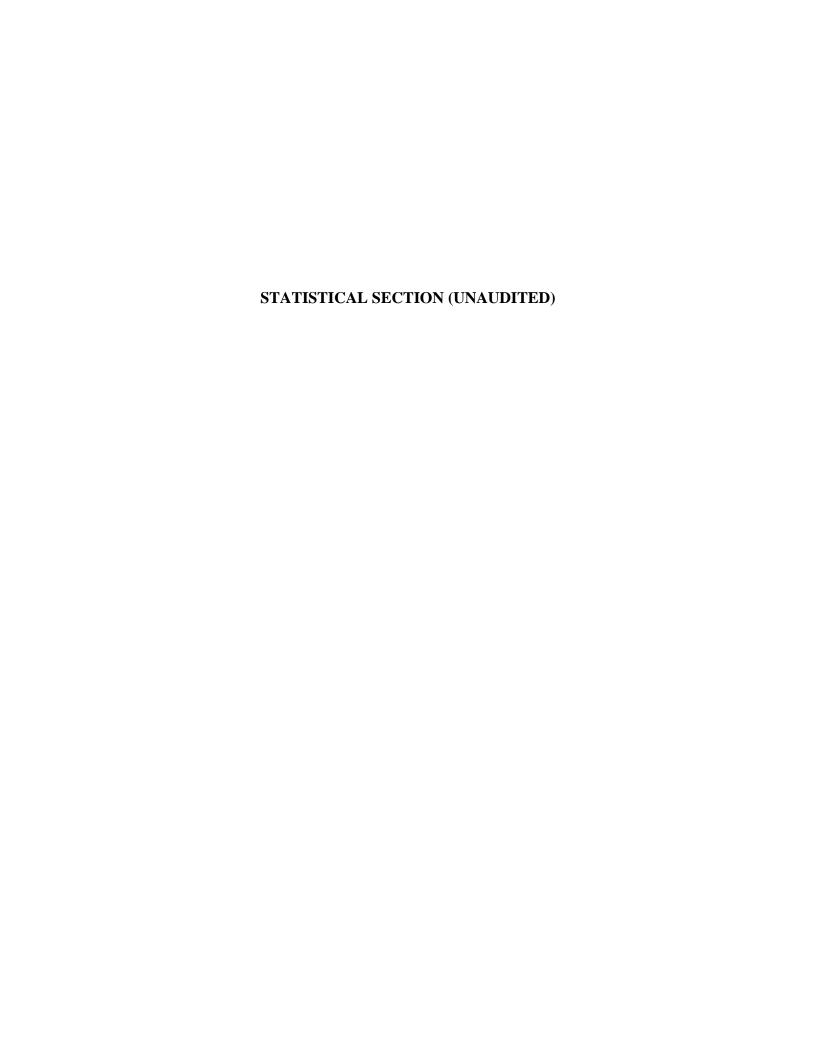
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2017

	Police Pension	F	Firefighters' Pension	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 3,136,523	\$	3,273,016	\$ 6,409,539
Receivables				
Interest receivable	555,743		554,154	1,109,897
Investments at fair value				
U.S. Treasury obligations	21,338,544		21,626,473	42,965,017
U.S. Government agencies	10,984,513		10,680,885	21,665,398
Municipal bonds	274,808		274,808	549,616
Corporate bonds	24,440,888		16,238,917	40,679,805
Annuities	14,443,075		14,166,988	28,610,063
Common stock	17,209,391		23,526,002	40,735,393
Mutual funds	80,605,833		74,715,637	155,321,470
Asset-backed securities	-		8,720,752	8,720,752
Negotiable certificates of deposit	 527,817		-	527,817
Total investments	169,824,869		169,950,462	339,775,331
Due from municipality	478,673		660,841	1,139,514
Prepaid items	 11,920		1,045	12,965
Total assets	174,007,728		174,439,518	348,447,246
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	 66,274		136	66,410
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 173,941,454	\$	174,439,382	\$ 348,380,836

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Police	T	'irefighters'	
	Pension Pension	Г	Pension Pension	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 6,677,807	\$	7,338,200	\$ 14,016,007
Employee	 1,788,835		1,836,879	3,625,714
Total contributions	 8,466,642		9,175,079	17,641,721
Investment income				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	16,365,432		15,598,857	31,964,289
Interest and dividends	 4,111,282		5,016,733	9,128,015
m . I i	20 45 6 5 1 4		20 (15 500	41 002 204
Total investment income	20,476,714		20,615,590	41,092,304
Less investment expense	 272,475		349,759	622,234
Net investment income	 20,204,239		20,265,831	40,470,070
Total additions	28,670,881		29,440,910	58,111,791
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	6,807,712		7,504,537	14,312,249
Refunds of contributions	9,934		31,347	41,281
Administrative expense	 66,441		126,490	192,931
Total deductions	 6,884,087		7,662,374	14,546,461
NET INCREASE	21,786,794		21,778,536	43,565,330
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS				
January 1	 152,154,660		152,660,846	304,815,506
December 1	\$ 173,941,454	\$	174,439,382	\$ 348,380,836



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Naperville, Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	121-130
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	131-137
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	138-143
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	144-145
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	146-148

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	2009		2010	2011	2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 450,286	\$	446,437	\$ 446,569	\$ 427,459
Restricted	10,484		7,063	5,129	6,031
Unrestricted	 21,009		18,818	31,009	40,417
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 481,779	\$	472,318	\$ 482,707	\$ 473,907
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		`			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 450,479	\$	447,279	\$ 443,008	\$ 439,216
Restricted	5,331		5,285	-	-
Unrestricted	 7,293		4,157	13,890	19,899
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 463,103	\$	456,721	\$ 456,898	\$ 459,115
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 900,765	\$	893,716	\$ 889,577	\$ 866,675
Restricted	15,815		12,348	5,129	6,031
Unrestricted	 28,302		22,975	44,899	60,316
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 944,882	\$	929,039	\$ 939,605	\$ 933,022

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**}The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 as of December 31, 2015.

2013	2014	2015		2015*/**	2016	2017		
\$ 419,148	\$ 412,387	\$	409,027	\$ 420,617	\$ 425,260	\$ 411,982		
6,787	8,042		9,623	9,635	7,993	17,301		
41,836	38,904		30,529	(87,728)	(86,883)	(83,615)		
\$ 467,771	\$ 459,333	\$	449,179	\$ 342,524	\$ 346,370	\$ 345,668		
\$ 432,913	\$ 437,827	\$	442,720	\$ 426,461 -	\$ 422,141	\$ 416,692		
 27,522	11,846		6,674	8,693	18,661	34,704		
\$ 460,435	\$ 449,673	\$	449,394	\$ 435,154	\$ 440,802	\$ 451,396		
\$ 852,061	\$ 850,214	\$	851,747	\$ 847,078	\$ 847,401	\$ 828,674		
6,787	8,042		9,623	9,635	7,993	17,301		
 69,358	50,750		37,203	(79,035)	(68,222)	(48,911)		
\$ 928,206	\$ 909,006	\$	898,573	\$ 777,678	\$ 787,172	\$ 797,064		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year		2009		2010		2011		2012
EXPENSES								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	9,654	\$	6,983	\$	5,129	\$	6,742
Physical environment	Ψ	10,142	Ψ	9,457	Ψ	8,147	Ψ	8,514
Public safety		64,461		64,190		65,495		66,165
Culture and recreation		8,075		8,677		10,370		8,531
Transportation		49,588		46,711		46,240		51,352
Interest on long-term debt		3,643		4,172		4,465		4,593
Total governmental activities expenses		145,563		140,190		139,846		145,897
Business-type activities								
Electric		128,724		125,021		133,761		136,090
Water and wastewater		37,047		37,372		40,692		40,724
Burlington commuter parking		1,759		1,568		1,764		1,309
Total business-type activities expenses		167,530		163,961		176,217		178,123
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$	313,093	\$	304,151	\$	316,063	\$	324,020
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$	1,332	\$	1,131	\$	3,027	\$	1,539
Physical environment		1,493		1,171		1,104		1,414
Public safety		8,498		8,518		9,801		8,416
Culture and recreation		551		520		494		910
Transportation		920		667		689		1,491
Operating grants and contributions								
General government								
Physical environment		145		545		1,544		572
Public safety		1,560		1,366		1,727		1,703
Culture and recreation		427		83		67		16
Transportation		3,861		3,877		4,763		4,746
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		309		285
Capital grants and contributions								
Transportation		8,328		8,046		9,366		2,869
Total governmental activities program revenues		27,115		25,924		32,891		23,961
Business-type activities								
Charges for services								
Electric		126,359		123,939		135,435		131,064
Water and wastewater		26,701		27,383		29,716		38,659
Burlington commuter parking		2,161		2,291		2,265		2,185
Operating grants and contributions								
Electric		31		37		5		-
Water and wastewater		-		25		210		176
Burlington commuter parking		-		100		21		65
Capital grants and contributions								
Electric		2,703		1,828		5,503		3,943
Water and wastewater		3,351		1,800		1,096		1,356
Total business-type activities program revenues		161,306		157,403		174,251		177,448
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES	\$	188,421	\$	183,327	\$	207,142	\$	201,409

2012	2011	2015	20454	2016	2015
 2013	 2014	 2015	 2015*	 2016	 2017
\$ 7,986	\$ 8,901	\$ 8,925	\$ 11,331	\$ 14,918	\$ 15,250
9,455	8,608	8,381	6,784	9,996	10,376
65,017	67,578	70,241	63,792	78,039	74,934
8,426	9,779	8,687	4,846	7,516	8,366
47,120	49,587	56,446	25,941	37,830	48,964
 4,161	3,782	4,288	2,512	3,524	3,122
 142,165	148,235	156,968	115,206	151,823	161,012
115 505	150.050	144054	102 550	151 500	150 110
145,585	152,352	144,954	103,759	151,588	150,148
46,037 2,033	50,981 1,559	51,287 2,061	41,990 905	56,926 1,770	60,591 1,423
 2,033	1,339	2,001	903	1,770	1,423
 193,655	204,892	198,302	146,654	210,284	212,162
\$ 335,820	\$ 353,127	\$ 355,270	\$ 261,860	\$ 362,107	\$ 373,174
\$ 1,609	\$ 1,517	\$ 1,245	\$ 4,133	\$ 13,151	\$ 12,252
1,746	2,000	2,099	1,357	2,215	2,401
7,700	7,788	7,875	5,021	8,081	10,448
855	832	883	301	467	538
1,467	1,677	2,478	164	195	129
1,422	610	540	1,003	1,737	968
1,932	1,808	2,316	1,731	1,185	899
87	171	-	-	-	-
4,405	4,489	5,013	-	38	361
209	192	297	-	-	-
 1,086	3,012	12,118	2,541	3,736	3,679
 22,518	24,096	34,864	16,251	30,805	31,675
134,580	134,089	135,708	96,128	155,122	157,317
47,518	47,313	48,201	35,071	51,004	53,627
2,191	2,257	2,211	1,473	2,298	2,528
82	17	-	-	(18)	-
336	230	234	235	224	307
7,957	5,612	2,230	2,226	3,157	4,070
 1,879	 5,074	 4,537	931	 1,778	 1,978
194,543	194,592	193,121	136,064	213,565	219,827
\$ 217,061	\$ 218,688	\$ 227,985	\$ 152,315	\$ 244,370	\$ 251,502

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year		2009	2010	2011	2012
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE					
Governmental activities	\$	(118,448) \$	(114,266) \$	(106,955) \$	(121,936)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(6,224)	(6,558)	(1,966)	(675)
		(=,== :)	(0,000)	(-,,,	(0.0)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$	(124,672) \$	(120,824) \$	(108,921) \$	(122,611)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER					
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property	\$	34,360 \$	37,818 \$	39,464 \$	38,479
Utility		17,585	16,422	16,390	16,580
Sales and use		26,981	26,041	28,600	30,610
State income		12,532	11,482	11,271	11,581
Other		8,704	8,742	10,592	10,677
Franchise fees		1,714	1,790	2,020	2,141
Net investment income (loss)		4,634	2,572	2,766	3,130
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-
Transfers		(41)	(62)	(61)	(62)
Total governmental activities		106,469	104,805	111,042	113,136
Business-type activities					
Net investment income (loss)		783	114	451	825
DWC refund		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues		-	-	-	-
Transfers		41	62	61	62
Total business-type activities		824	176	512	887
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	107,293 \$	104,981 \$	111,554 \$	114,023
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities	\$	(11,979) \$	(9,461) \$	4,087 \$	(8,800)
Business-type activities		(5,400)	(6,382)	(1,454)	212
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(17,379) \$	(15,843) \$	2,633 \$	(8,588)

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

 2013	2014	2015	2015*	2016	2017
\$ (119,647) \$	(124,139) \$	(122,104) \$	(98,955) \$	(121,018) \$	(129,337)
 888	(10,300)	(5,181)	(10,590)	3,281	7,665
\$ (118,759) \$	(134,439) \$	(127,285) \$	(109,545) \$	(117,737) \$	(121,672)
\$ 36,227 \$	33,639 \$	33,169 \$	34,849 \$	33,355 \$	34,129
16,604	16,993	16,123	10,108	15,137	15,399
32,263	34,498	35,580	25,189	44,355	46,082
12,784	13,823	13,892	9,925	13,809	13,029
12,006	13,391	13,300	9,820	14,489	15,462
2,437	2,455	2,538	2,162	3,230	3,423
1,190	(293)	1,925	198	(109)	355
-	-	-	609	597	756
 -	-	(4,577)	-	-	-
113,511	114,506	111,950	92,860	124,863	128,635
 113,511	114,500	111,950	92,000	124,003	120,033
422	(462)	202	127	210	500
432	(462)	282	137	310	580
-	-	-	1,189	2,057	2,351
 -	-	4,577	-	-	
432	(462)	4,859	1,326	2,367	2,931
		•			
\$ 113,943 \$	114,044 \$	116,809 \$	94,186 \$	127,230 \$	131,566
\$ (6,136) \$	(9,633) \$	(10,154) \$	(6,095) \$	3,845 \$	(702)
 1,320	(10,762)	(322)	(9,264)	5,648	10,596
\$ (4,816) \$	(20,395) \$	(10,476) \$	(15,359) \$	9,493 \$	9,894

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	2009			2010*		2011		2012	
GENERAL FUND									
Reserved	\$	201	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Unreserved		20,249		-		-		-	
Nonspendable		-		170		149		122	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		22,768		22,782		27,037	
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	20,450	\$	22,938	\$	22,931	\$	27,159	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS									
Reserved	\$	38,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Unreserved, reported in									
Special Revenue Funds		1,009		-		-		-	
Capital Project Funds		(256)		-		-		-	
Nonspendable		-		-		86		54	
Restricted		-		33,199		16,775		7,819	
Committed		-		1,158		3,546		4,563	
Assigned		-		1,465		1,596		5,002	
Unassigned (deficit)		_		-		-			
TOTAL ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	39,608	\$	35 822	\$	22 003	\$	17 // 38	
GU VEKNMEN I AL FUNDS	<u> </u>	39,608	Þ	35,822		22,003)	17,438	

^{*}Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board was implemented at April 30, 2010.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

	2013		2014		2015		2015**		2016		2017
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	158		75		343		13		32		529
	6,000		-		-		-		-		-
	25,573		25,513		28,961		28,358		26,826		27,884
¢	21 721	¢	25 500	ф	20.204	¢	20.270	ď	26.959	¢.	20 412
\$	31,731	\$	25,588	\$	29,304	\$	28,370	\$	26,858	\$	28,413
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	75		62		39		38		35		-
	6,825		10,895		21,619		8,772		15,723		19,906
	3,860		2,459		1,717		1,268		638		858
	3,278		5,033		5,115		5,780		12,076		12,455
	(55)		(190)		(543)		(763)		(576)		(543)
\$	13,983	\$	18,259	\$	27,947	\$	15,095	\$	27,896	\$	32,676

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 100,162	\$ 100,505	\$ 106,317	\$ 107,927
Licenses and permits	2,097	1.733	1,652	1,926
Fines and forfeitures	2,890	3,258	3,137	2,554
Investment income	3,165	1,996	2,051	2,155
Intergovernmental	10,354	8,528	12,766	9,164
Charges for services	6,518	6,100	7,582	7,870
Fees	3,165	2,255	2,602	2,893
Contributions	48	46	53	58
Miscellaneous	 789	563	2,165	1,012
Total revenues	 129,188	124,984	138,325	135,559
EXPENDITURES				
General government	8,127	6,007	5,943	5,126
Physical environment	9,814	9,408	8,151	8,414
Public safety	61,054	61,668	64,006	64,069
Culture and recreation	7,299	7,815	7,660	7,571
Transportation	22,983	21,026	21,946	21,080
Capital outlay	48,805	29,978	32,956	14,624
Debt service	-,	. ,	- ,	,-
Principal	5,580	5,614	5,444	6,087
Interest	3,005	3,833	4,329	4,527
Other charges	 193	214	-	-
Total expenditures	 166,860	145,563	150,435	131,498
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (37,672)	(20,579)	(12,110)	4,061
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,101	4,555	6,350	4,448
Transfers (out)	(1,573)	(7,852)	(6,066)	(9,665)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	819
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(6,233)	(8,588)	-	-
Bonds issued, at par	39,405	28,585	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	_	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	 209	581	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 33,909	17,281	284	(4,398)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (3,763)	\$ (3,298)	\$ (11,826)	\$ (337)
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE	6 660/	7.490/	7.510/	0.160/
OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	 6.66%	7.48%	7.51%	8.16%

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements.

^{**}At December 31, 2015, sales and income taxes were moved from the "Taxes" category to the "Intergovernmental" category.

	2013	2014	2015	2015*/**	2016	2017
ф	100.004	ф. 112.244 ф.	112.064	54.777 (62 201	64.000
\$		\$ 112,344 \$	112,064 \$,	63,391 \$	64,990
	2,319 1,718	2,480 1,709	2,548 1,770	1,421 1,162	2,685 1,659	3,006 1,473
	855	(98)	1,770	201	(125)	338
	8,177	6,737	8,762	40,368	64,221	64,462
	7,894	8,348	9,242	9,138	18,741	21,290
	3,311	2,822	3,009	2,173	3,247	3,423
	106	1,890	1,875	280	413	556
	1,209	908	628	609	597	756
	135,473	137,140	141,501	110,129	154,829	160,294
	6,165	6,967	7,241	7,737	12,091	12,482
	9,082	8,633	8,371	5,655	8,269	8,247
	63,090	71,862	70,040	50,462	72,028	73,845
	7,275	8,165	7,142	4,422	6,652	7,302
	21,072	24,317	26,916	17,879	28,115	26,443
	16,067	16,997	22,250	24,743	21,896	19,060
	12,010	5,648	6,841	9,448	6,920	10,654
	3,880	3,766	4,031	4,027	3,811	3,306
	126	127	205	-	-	-
	138,767	146,482	153,037	124,373	159,782	161,339
	(3,294)	(9,342)	(11,536)	(14,244)	(4,953)	(1,045)
	(3,294)	(3,342)	(11,550)	(14,244)	(4,933)	(1,043)
	5,573	7,129	10,200	8,950	5,089	4,594
	(5,224)	(6,779)	(3,504)	(8,950)	(5,089)	(4,594)
	200	-	515	-	769	221
	(16,550)	-	-	-	(35,679)	_
	-	5,620	17,340	-	14,334	6,980
	17,963	-	_	-	33,900	=
	2,449	310	389	-	2,919	179
	4,411	6,280	24,940	-	16,243	7,380
\$	1,117	\$ (3,062) \$	13,404 \$	5 (14,244) \$	11,290 \$	6,335
	11.89%	6.68%	7.63%	13.67%	7.85%	10.09%

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Intergovernmental Taxes

		1111	tergo	veriillientai	1 axt	es									
						Total			Taxe	S					
Fiscal	Sale	s and Use	Sta	ate Income	Inte	ergovernmental	Property		Utility	Other			Total		
Year		Tax		Tax		Taxes	Tax		Tax	Tax			Taxes		Total
2009	\$	26,981	\$	12,532	\$	39,513	\$ 34,360	\$	17,585 \$	8,	704	\$	60,649	\$	100,162
2010		26,041		11,482		37,523	37,818		16,422	8,	742		62,982		100,505
2011		28,600		11,271		39,871	39,464		16,390	10,	592		66,446		106,317
2012		30,610		11,581		42,191	38,479		16,580	10,	677		65,736		107,927
2013		32,263		12,784		45,047	36,227		16,604	12,	006		64,837		109,884
2014		34,498		13,823		48,321	33,639		16,993	13,	391		64,023		112,344
2015		35,580		13,892		49,472	33,169		16,123	13,	300		62,592		112,064
2015*		25,189		9,925		35,114	34,849		10,108	9,	820		54,777		89,891
2016		44,355		13,809		58,164	33,355		15,137	14,	489		62,981		121,145
2017		46,082		13,029		59,111	34,129		15,399	15,	462		64,990		124,101

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	Residential Property	Farm Property	Commercial and Industrial Property	Railroad Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Percent of Assessed Value
2007	\$ 5,312,341,984	\$ 100,648	\$ 1,304,566,827	\$ 1,225,143	\$ 6,618,234,602	\$ 0.7166	\$ 19,854,703,806	33.333%
2008	5,611,215,473	508,876	1,398,092,647	1,465,280	7,011,282,276	0.7167	21,033,846,828	33.333%
2009	5,787,763,209	150,465	1,315,446,717	1,753,540	7,105,113,931	0.7166	21,315,341,793	33.333%
2010	5,486,898,369	228,129	1,229,589,941	2,023,287	6,718,739,726	0.7390	20,156,219,178	33.333%
2011	5,256,081,268	314,912	1,170,708,392	2,364,303	6,429,468,875	0.7515	19,288,406,625	33.333%
2012	4,964,302,585	334,456	1,105,830,624	2,509,329	6,072,976,994	0.7756	18,218,930,982	33.333%
2013	4,866,627,723	315,592	1,056,949,654	2,706,677	5,926,599,646	0.7828	17,779,798,938	33.333%
2014	4,917,955,140	215,985	1,071,651,247	2,731,565	5,992,553,937	0.8082	17,977,661,811	33.333%
2015	5,056,340,567	190,521	1,219,286,607	2,838,480	6,278,656,175	0.7392	18,835,968,525	33.333%
2016	5,384,396,867	130,047	1,279,947,209	3,194,886	6,667,669,009	0.7004	20,003,007,027	33.333%

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

Data Source

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
CITY DIRECT RATES										
General Corporate	0.1949	0.2139	0.1963	0.1882	0.1381	0.1457	0.1009	0.0803	0.1060	0.0789
Naperville Public Library	0.2231	0.1989	0.1828	0.1872	0.2076	0.2374	0.2465	0.2481	0.2288	0.2119
Police Pension	0.0488	0.0528	0.0667	0.0652	0.0679	0.0787	0.0879	0.0845	0.0938	0.0917
Firefighters' Pension	0.0489	0.0513	0.0647	0.0706	0.0737	0.0820	0.0884	0.0846	0.0945	0.1023
Bond and interest - general obligation bond	0.1162	0.1192	0.1274	0.1472	0.1799	0.1403	0.1631	0.2153	0.1249	0.1297
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0383	0.0380	0.0395	0.0391	0.0409	0.0444	0.0461	0.0460	0.0441	0.0415
Naper Settlement	0.0464	0.0426	0.0392	0.0415	0.0434	0.0471	0.0499	0.0494	0.0471	0.0444
Total direct rates	0.7166	0.7167	0.7166	0.7390	0.7515	0.7756	0.7828	0.8082	0.7392	0.7004
OVERLAPPING RATES										
Naperville Park District	0.2481	0.2480	0.2574	0.2798	0.2969	0.3148	0.3358	0.3397	0.3317	0.3195
Unit School #203	3.9292	3.8593	3.9502	4.2265	4.5400	4.9909	5.3862	5.4756	5.3549	5.0547
Unit School #204	4.4930	4.3995	4.4987	4.8927	5.2200	5.7047	5.9498	6.0149	5.8505	5.6004
College of DuPage #502	0.1888	0.1845	0.2127	0.2349	0.2495	0.2681	0.2956	0.2975	0.2786	0.2626
DuPage Forest Preserve	0.1187	0.1206	0.1217	0.1321	0.1414	0.1542	0.1657	0.1691	0.1622	0.1514
DuPage Airport Authority	0.0170	0.0160	0.0148	0.0158	0.0169	0.0168	0.0178	0.0196	0.0188	0.0176
DuPage County	0.1651	0.1557	0.1554	0.1659	0.1773	0.1929	0.2040	0.2057	0.1971	0.1848
Will County	0.4826	0.4751	0.4833	0.5274	0.5351	0.5696	0.5994	0.6210	0.6408	0.6182
Lisle Township	0.0410	0.0406	0.0408	0.0445	0.0480	0.0261	0.0548	0.0561	0.0553	0.0528
Naperville Township	0.0423	0.0419	0.0419	0.0454	0.0483	0.0379	0.0515	0.0413	0.0452	0.0435
Wheatland Township	0.0303	0.0314	0.0319	0.0331	0.0328	0.0344	0.0378	0.0378	0.0336	0.0737

Data Source

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	6 Tax Levy		2	007 Tax Levy	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation
NS-MPG Inc.	\$ 29,767,420	1	0.45%	\$ 49,608,680	1	0.75%
ROC II IL Addison of Naperville	18,379,910	2	0.28%			
Allegan Warrenville LP	17,674,800	3	0.27%			
Tellabs Inc.	15,997,350	4	0.24%	25,453,540	3	0.38%
Amli Residential	15,251,810	5	0.23%	11,763,170	7	0.18%
BP-Amoco Oil Company	14,906,690	6	0.22%	29,319,740	2	0.44%
ING Clarion	14,870,380	7	0.22%			
Onedo Nalco Center	14,484,210	8	0.22%			
PBH Cress Creek LLC	14,348,280	9	0.22%			
UBS Realty Investors LLC	13,605,390	10	0.20%			
Nalco Chemical Company				23,432,660	4	0.35%
AIMCO Country Lakes LLC				20,763,800	5	0.31%
The Gale Company				13,835,960	6	0.21%
NICOR Gass				11,619,110	8	0.18%
Lincoln Naperville LLC				11,600,000	9	0.18%
New Plan Excel Reality	 			10,998,900	. 10	0.17%
	\$ 169,286,240		2.55%	\$ 208,395,560	<u>.</u>	3.15%

Note: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the tax payers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

Data Source

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

Collected within the												
		Fiscal Year o	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date						
Levy	_		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage						
Year	Tax Extended	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy						
2007	\$ 47,426,269	\$ 47,203,394	99.53%	\$ 13,060	\$ 47,216,454	99.56%						
2008	50,249,860	50,021,253	99.55%	12,094	50,033,347	99.57%						
2009	50,915,246	50,579,647	99.34%	23,231	50,602,878	99.39%						
2010	49,651,487	49,321,096	99.33%	19,667	49,340,763	99.37%						
2011	48,317,459	47,929,719	99.20%	21,943	47,951,662	99.24%						
2012	47,102,010	46,358,636	98.42%	11,716	46,370,352	98.45%						
2013	46,393,422	46,183,534	99.55%	2,530	46,186,064	99.55%						
2014	48,431,821	48,159,391	99.44%	29,969	48,189,360	99.50%						
2015	46,260,521	45,964,584	99.36%	43,167	46,007,751	99.45%						
2016	48,062,829	47,802,851	99.46%	-	47,802,851	99.46%						

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

Amounts levied and collected include Library Fund and do not include Road and Bridge Fund.

Data Source

SALES TAXES BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General merchandise	\$ 2,179,149	\$ 2,104,686 \$	2,103,314 \$	5 2,133,600 \$	2,175,020 \$	1,985,901	\$ 2,055,475	\$ 1,973,827 \$	1,734,850 \$	1,682,829
Food	3,224,528	3,130,912	3,210,537	3,268,563	3,440,483	3,586,963	3,457,404	3,537,170	4,030,651	4,277,657
Drinking and eating places	2,679,705	2,717,794	2,885,101	2,883,546	3,162,362	3,352,311	3,420,229	3,433,778	3,843,978	4,047,681
Apparel	690,165	742,079	767,404	933,475	1,004,555	1,067,110	1,088,821	1,152,420	1,210,325	1,203,706
Furniture & H.H. & radio	1,895,857	1,657,778	1,862,218	2,098,296	2,194,838	2,347,163	2,272,010	2,231,986	1,959,765	1,898,165
Lumber, building hardware	1,298,336	1,201,680	1,235,492	1,242,769	1,302,937	1,520,274	1,656,157	1,709,368	1,667,454	1,694,172
Automobile and filling stations	8,656,627	7,840,138	8,807,116	9,555,249	10,494,788	12,237,637	12,751,291	12,870,415	12,566,087	12,688,204
Drugs and miscellaneous retail	3,080,902	3,107,887	3,336,129	3,642,704	3,692,042	3,869,309	4,097,497	3,205,869	3,904,515	3,904,594
Agriculture and all others	1,815,359	1,484,390	1,560,231	1,483,822	1,501,727	1,509,790	1,620,270	2,576,081	1,866,766	1,997,162
Manufacturers	737,556	615,111	675,725	461,688	521,896	527,545	530,662	561,411	534,413	478,725
TOTAL	\$ 26,258,184	\$ 24,602,455 \$	26,443,267 \$	5 27,703,712 \$	29,490,648 \$	32,004,003	\$ 32,949,816	\$ 33,252,325 \$	33,318,804 \$	33,872,895
City's direct sales tax rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	City Home Rule Rate	State Rate	Regional Transportation Authority Rate	County Rate
2009	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2010	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2011	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2012	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2013	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2014	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2015	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2015*	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2016	1.00%	0.50%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2017	1.00%	0.50%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities		Busii	ness	-Type Activ	ities	,			
Fiscal Year Ended	General Obligation Bonds	(General Obligation Bonds		Revenue Bonds		IEPA Loan	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*
2009	\$ 111,889,364	\$	40,352,985	\$	5,308,769	\$	1,249,966	\$ 158,801,084	2.50%	\$ 1,121.51
2010	122,474,459		56,584,111		4,073,712		763,848	183,896,130	2.84%	1,272.11
2011	116,918,354		54,185,617		-		259,354	171,363,325	2.59%	1,179.90
2012	105,219,222		75,012,910		-		-	180,232,132	2.79%	1,270.56
2013	97,950,479		71,886,351		-		-	169,836,830	2.63%	1,197.27
2014	97,958,819		66,354,322		-		-	164,313,141	2.55%	1,146.73
2015	108,548,121		60,391,308		-		-	168,939,429	2.56%	1,179.01
2015**	98,808,280		55,863,868		-		-	154,672,148	2.27%	1,058.47
2016	109,264,633		52,899,322		-		-	162,163,955	2.38%	1,117.92
2017	105,347,527		48,126,452		-		-	153,473,979	2.19%	1,052.71

^{*} See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 144 for personal income and population data.

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{**} The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		General Obli	gati	on Bonds		ess: Amounts Available		Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	G	overnmental	Business-Type				Value of	Per	
Year		Activities		Activities	Ser	vice Funds**	Total	Property*	Capita
2009	\$	111,889,364	\$	40,352,985	\$	2,388,640	\$ 149,853,709	0.75%	\$ 1,058.32
2010		122,474,459		56,584,111		2,706,329	176,352,241	0.84%	1,219.92
2011		116,918,354		54,185,617		4,028,824	167,075,147	0.78%	1,150.38
2012		105,219,222		75,012,910		5,156,557	175,075,575	0.87%	1,234.20
2013		97,950,479		71,886,351		4,717,628	165,119,202	0.86%	1,164.02
2014		97,958,819		66,354,322		5,272,118	159,041,023	0.87%	1,109.93
2015		108,548,121		60,391,308		6,355,932	162,583,497	0.91%	1,134.65
2015***		98,808,280		55,863,868		4,997,000	149,675,148	0.83%	1,024.27
2016		109,264,633		52,899,322		3,169,205	158,994,750	0.84%	1,096.08
2017		105,347,527		48,126,452		3,866,197	149,607,782	0.75%	1,023.81

^{*} See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 132 for property value data.

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{**} Including restricted and assigned fund balances of Debt Service Fund, SSA 21, 23 and Downtown Parking Funds, which were set up for paying G.O. debt.

^{***} The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

December 31, 2017

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage Debt Applicable to the City of Naperville (1)	City of Naperville's Share of Debt
City of Naperville	\$ 105,347,527	100.00%	\$ 105,347,527
School District #200 School District #202 School District #203 School District #204 School District #365 Community College District #502 Community College District #525 Lisle Park District Naperville Park District Wheaton Park District Will County Will County Forest Preserve DuPage County DuPage County Forest Preserve	148,740,000 4,195,000 30,060,000 222,285,000 171,249,477 257,390,000 182,755,000 10,915,000 22,385,000 32,945,815 289,885,000 116,293,575 155,390,000 126,373,681	0.35% 1.69% 77.46% 60.39% 0.01% 16.33% 0.28% 0.43% 96.37% 0.26% 11.34% 11.34% 12.35%	520,590 70,896 23,284,476 134,237,912 17,125 42,031,787 511,714 46,935 21,572,425 85,659 32,872,959 13,187,691 19,190,665 15,607,150
	1,770,862,548	_	303,237,984
	\$ 1,876,210,075	=	\$ 408,585,511

⁽¹⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the City of Naperville to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Data Sources

DuPage County Clerk, Will County Clerk, or Local Government Entity

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

December 31, 2017

Under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, there is no legal limit for home rule municipalities except as set by the General Assembly.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Electric Revenue Bonds (5)										
	Electric			Net							
	Charges	Less:	Net	Available							
Fiscal	and	Operating	Operating	Revenue per	Debt Ser	rvice (3)	<u></u>				
Year	Other	Expenses (1)	Revenue	Ordinance (2)	Principal	Interest	Coverage (4)				
2009	see note (5)										
2010											
2011											
2012											
2013											
2014											
2015											
2015*											
2016											
2017											

^{*}The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Water Charges and Other includes investment earnings but not tap on fees.

- (1) Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.
- (2) Revenues based on existing revenue bond ordinances. Amount available for debt service is the net operating revenue plus interest income and installation connection and development charges (not including contributions of capital assets).
- (3) The principal and interest does not include principal amounts refunded.
- (4) Coverage=Net available revenue/(Principal+Interest)
- (5) All Electric Revenue Bonds were defeased on 6/21/2006.
- (6) All Water Revenue Bonds were defeased on 01/05/2011.

Data Source

City of Naperville Annual Financial Reports

Water Revenue Bonds Water Net Available Charges Less: Net and **Operating** Operating Revenue per Debt Service (3) Other Expenses (1) Revenue Ordinance (2) Principal Interest Coverage(4) 0.95 \$ 26,701 \$ 26,346 \$ 355 \$ 1,453 \$ 1,145 \$ 382 27,383 27,177 206 536 1,195 584 0.30 see note (6)

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2000	141 506	¢ (241 ((0.052	¢ 44.797	25.0	15 12	47.274	2.6
2009	141,596	\$ 6,341,660,052	\$ 44,787	35.9	15.13	47,274	3.6
2010	144,560	6,221,284,160	43,036	35.9	15.13	47,522	6.2
2011	145,235	6,606,449,680	45,488	34.8	15.13	47,274	8.0
2012	141,853	6,452,609,264	45,488	35.0	15.13	47,946	6.1
2013	141,853	6,452,609,264	45,488	37.9	15.41	47,572	6.7
2014	143,289	6,449,724,468	45,012	39.2	15.41	46,790	7.1
2015	143,289	6,606,769,212	46,108	38.7	14.97	46,790	5.7
2015*	146,128	6,809,272,544	46,598	38.2	17.81	45,020	4.6
2016	145,058	6,803,945,000	46,905	38.6	17.81	45,071	4.6
2017	145,789	7,018,136,671	48,139	38.5	17.81	44,524	4.4

^{*} The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Sources

Population: U.S. Bureau of Census Estimate
Per Capita Income: U.S Bureau of Census Estimate
Median Age: U.S. Bureau of Census Estimate
Education Level: U.S. Bureau of Census Estimate

School Enrollment: Illinois Report Card

Unemployment Rate: Illinois Department of Employment Security

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2008

5

1.27%

1,800

% of % of **Total City Total City Population Employer Employees** Rank **Employer Employees** Rank Population Edward Hospital & Health Services 4,940 1 3.39% Edward Hospital & Health Services 4,600 1 3.25% Indian Prairie School District 204 3,022 2 2.07% Nicor Gas 3,700 2 2.61% Indian Prairie School District 204 3,000 3 Alcatel-Lucent 3 2.06% 3,100 2.19% Naperville School District 203 Naperville School District 203 2,425 2,367 4 1.62% 4 1.71%

1.48%

5

2,160

BP America 1,800 Tellabs, Inc. 6 1.23% 1,338 6 0.94% City of Naperville 7 Nalco 7 0.78% 1,300 0.89% 1,100 **BMO** Harris 8 8 1,250 0.86% Nalco 1,000 0.71% 1,000 City of Naperville 961 9 0.66% Healthcare Services Corp 9 0.71% 10 Sikich 450 10 0.32% 848 Laidlaw 0.58% 14.49% **TOTAL** 21,648 14.84% 20,513

BP America

Data Sources

Nicor Gas

Naperville Development Partnership and Naperville Convention & Visitors Bureau

2017

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015*	2016	2017
										_
Mayor and Council	12.00	12.00	11.12	11.12	11.12	11.12	11.12	11.00	11.00	11.00
Board of Fire and Police	1.12	1.12	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal	12.00	11.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	14.00	14.00	13.50	9.00
City Manager's Office	15.87	12.87	11.62	10.12	10.12	13.12	11.12	11.12	11.12	11.63
City Clerk	8.00	6.00	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	6.50	8.00	6.75
Special Events and Cultural	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.62	0.62	1.00
Community Development Block Grant	0.50	0.50	-	1.00	0.75	0.50	0.67	0.67	0.67	1.00
Information Technology	23.75	21.37	19.85	19.37	18.75	19.75	21.75	27.00	27.00	26.00
Finance	46.82	42.49	35.63	35.63	35.63	35.63	36.63	35.63	35.63	33.13
Human Resources	17.75	12.75	10.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
TED Business Group	95.61	82.66	71.97	67.03	65.87	66.60	66.18	66.66	68.66	63.00
Riverwalk Commission	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Public Works	121.04	117.35	110.35	108.96	108.55	108.30	108.76	108.88	109.39	103.63
Police	310.04	299.04	284.88	273.54	269.92	269.92	275.67	275.54	274.90	267.75
Fire	213.00	208.00	207.00	203.00	203.00	202.00	202.00	202.00	202.00	201.00
Electric Utility	126.04	122.04	120.00	120.00	118.50	117.00	114.00	112.00	112.00	106.00
Water Utility	96.52	97.02	92.27	92.07	83.50	82.94	82.94	83.56	83.79	82.50
Temps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.66
TOTAL	1,101.56	1,048.21	994.07	969.22	953.09	954.26	961.22	965.68	968.78	948.55

^{*} The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

City Budget

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2015*	2016	2017
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police (1)										
Physical arrests (DUI)	622	578	622	574	549	424	374	369	312	266
Parking violations	18,896	17,898	19,278	15,654	16,600	14,148	13,630	13,582	18,206	17,246
Traffic violations	27,780	25,611	21,546	18,521	17,769	13,924	12,319	12,532	15,831	15,743
Fire	·	ŕ	ŕ	,	,	ŕ	•	•		,
Emergency responses	9,435	10,957	11,575	11,264	11,760	12,210	12,792	12,979	13,677	14,631
Fires extinguished	83	89	90	86	83	78	93	87	106	158
PUBLIC WORKS										
Total curbside refuse collected (tons)	42,198	39,909	38,781	38,367	37,803	37,077	36,657	36,272	37,405	37,539
Total curbside recycling collected (tons)	18,675	17,095	17,251	17,069	16,469	15,605	15,692	15,872	15,655	15,650
Snow and ice control events	37	36	44	16	18	49	25	24	29	17
Tons of salt used	20,300	18,000	16,046	8,251	13,686	21,964	11,768	11,692	10,908	6,525
WATER/WASTEWATER (1)										
New connections	152	121	56	107	171	283	291	342	300	733
Water main breaks	75	73	84	37	64	92	75	68	80	81
Average daily consumption	16.29	15.26	15.29	15.16	16.64	15.11	13.90	14.10	14.46	41.90
Peak daily consumption	30.82	27.37	28.34	30.79	34.19	29.55	22.90	24.26	25.21	26.20
Average daily wastewater treated (million gal)	23.30	22.10	21.40	21.59	18.30	19.70	19.40	18.16	19.47	26.25
ELECTRIC (1)										
Peak monthly demand	348,000	358,000	369,000	390,853	402,273	365,033	322,831	328,597	352,640	330,946
Peak month energy use (million)	165.0	136.9	172.1	172.7	184.1	151.9	142.8	143.4	154.6	144.6

^{*} The City changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Various city departments

⁽¹⁾ Records for Police, Water/Wastewater, and Electric are maintained on a calendar year basis. The statistics for April 30, 2015 are based on actual from January 1, 2015 to April 30, 2015 and extrapolated for the remainder of the year.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Even ett en /Due aven	2008	2000	2010	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Area patrols	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12
Patrol units	81	80	83	78	78	80	85	85	89	89
Fire										
Fire stations	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Front Line Apparatus (engines and ambulance)	18	18	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
TRANSPORTATION										
Arterial streets (centerline miles)	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	138	140	140
Residential streets (centerline miles)	325	325	325	325	325	327	327	364	378	380
Traffic signals	162	163	163	163	163	163	164	164	165	165
PUBLIC WORKS										
Streetlights	10,612	10,994	11,040	11,312	11,462	11,480	11,542	11,705	12,080	12,154
Storm sewers (miles)	875	877	818	861	870	879	886	895	987	852
WATER										
Water mains (miles)	615.7	629.4	636.4	641.1	688.7	693.7	708.2	714.5	723.2	732.7
Fire hydrants	8,452	8,672	8,809	8,897	8,967	9,055	9,157	9,236	9,378	9,451
Storage capacity (million gallons)	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90
Sanitary sewers (miles)	477.02	484.54	489.52	492.80	530.93	534.09	539.34	543.28	551.40	553.26
Treatment capacity (million gallons per day)	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.20	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25
ELECTRIC										
Number of distribution stations	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Transmission and distribution line mileage										
(excluding secondary distribution)	949.42	958.15	970.26	973.89	977.83	979.98	984.19	999.49	1,007.90	1,017.77

Data Source

Various city departments.